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VOLUME LXIV—NO. 174. SATURDAY, JULY 22, 1905. ☆ ☆ PRICE TWO CENTS.

NO PEACE BARRIER IN CHINA'S CLAIMS

Demands as to Manchuria Will Have Little Effect on the Negotiations of the Envoys.

JAPAN BARS MAKESHIFTS.

Island Empire Insists Terms Shall Have Permanent Results—Surprises Await the Plenipotentiaries.

China's Warning to the Powers.

Having viewed with profound regret the unfortunate interruption of peaceful relations between Japan and Russia, the imperial government now learns with sincere gratification that negotiations are about to commence for the restoration of peace and amity. But in the present conflict Chinese territory has been made the theater of military operations. Therefore, it is hereby expressly declared that no provision affecting China, without the approval of China being previously obtained, which the treaty of peace may contain will be recognized as valid. The diplomatic representatives of China in Japan and Russia have been instructed by telegraph to communicate this declaration to the governments of Japan and Russia respectively.

BY RAYMOND.

Washington, D. C., July 21.—[Special.]—It is not generally believed here that China's formal demand for recognition, so far as Manchuria is concerned, contained in the identical note to the neutral powers, will have any great effect either in delaying or forwarding peace negotiations between Russia and Japan.

Most of Manchuria was lost to China long ago, and this fact was clearly recognized by Secretary Hay himself. When, in his note to the powers, just as the war had broken out, the secretary of state used the famous expression, "Administrative entity," he did so for the express purpose of recognizing the fact that there were limits to Chinese sovereignty.

That term was coined to define the territory over which the Chinese government exercised actual governmental control. It constituted a pledge that neither the Russians nor the Japanese would go outside the natural theater of war in Manchuria and Corea, and would not make incursions upon undisputed Chinese territory. This pledge has been kept, because the fortunes of war were such that the campaign led away from actual Chinese territory and not toward it.

It is assumed, therefore, that when the Russians and Japanese get together in their peace conferences at Portsmouth they will discuss the situation as regards themselves, without much concern for the Chinese claims to Manchuria.

Hopeful as to Actual Peace.

For some reason, which has not been explained, there is a decidedly hopeful feeling about the state department regarding the prospects for actual peace as a result of the conference next month. Diplomats do not hesitate to discount the gloomy views expressed by Russians generally, and more recently by Minister Witte himself. These stories are supposed to be the usual bluff of a defeated nation, threatening to carry on a disastrous war if the victor is not generous.

Both military men and diplomats know Japan has everything to gain and nothing to lose from a continuance of the war. Vladivostok surely will fall into Japanese hands if there is much more fighting, and both Pacific termini of the Siberian railroad thus will be cut off from Russia forever. Every one of the Russian envoys knows this as well as the Japanese themselves, and for this reason it is believed, after the usual amount of bluff on the part of the Russians, they will be only too glad to make peace.

While it is true the Japanese have never yet defined the terms on which they will cease fighting permanently, they repeatedly have said here that there was but one thing paramount with them, which was that the truce should should be permanent and not temporary. They will not agree to any condition which will enable Russia to stop fighting for a few years and then have another go at it.

Japan Wants Permanent Peace.

It probably will be found, when the peace negotiations are actually under way, that the Japanese demands will be concentrated almost entirely around such safeguards as are deemed indispensable to a permanent peace. There will be a demand for indemnity, as a matter of course, but it will not be so excessive as to lead to any reaction in behalf of Russia. In point of fact, Baron Rosen, the new Russian ambassador, already has made it evident that Russia expects to pay a large indemnity, and is ready with the funds whenever they are required.

What the Russians will not agree to will be conditions which are distinctly humiliating in their character. They are quite reconciled to the loss of Port Arthur, because that is an accomplished fact. They have no navy worth speaking of now, and do not actually need any naval base on their Pacific coast. If they can retain Vladivostok, thus giving them an outlet for the Siberian railroad, it is likely the Russians will not disturb themselves much about the fate of Corea and the southern section of Manchuria.

As a matter of course, they will endeavor to have as much of Manchuria returned to China as possible, thus limiting the sphere of actual Japanese control to Corea and a small pathway through Manchuria, running north along the railroad spur from Port Arthur.

Russia Fears Trade Embargo.

What the Russians are said to fear to find in the Japanese demand are certain restrictions which not only will be humiliating but also which will tend to prevent the commercial and peaceful progress of Russia in the far east. For instance, it has been hinted that the Japanese would inject into the treaty an agreement that the Russians should not double track the Siberian railway within a certain number of years.

(Continued on page 5, column 3.)

SUMMARY OF The Daily Tribune.

SATURDAY, JULY 22, 1905.

THE WEATHER—
FORECAST—Slight temperature changes and partly cloudy Saturday, with fresh north to northeast winds, becoming variable, outlook for Sunday at present uncertain as regards weather, temperature will, however, be higher.
Sunrise, 4:24; sunset, 7:19. Moonrise, 10:52 p. m.
CONDITIONS YESTERDAY.
Temperature, max. 69, min. 63, mean 66, normal for the day 71. Deficiency for 1905, 208.
Precipitation for 24 hours to 7 p. m., 0. Excess for 1905, .24 inch.
Wind, N., max. 25 miles an hour, at 2 p. m.
Relative humidity, 7 a. m. 72%, 7 p. m. 71%.

LARGEST 2 CENT MORNING CIRCULATION IN THE WORLD.

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The Tribune Want Columns Will Be Found on Pages 11, 12, 13.

DOMESTIC.

Boiler explosion on United States gunboat Bennington, lying in San Diego, Cal., harbor, resulted in killing or maiming of 134 out of 181 on board; 37 killed, 76 wounded, and 21 missing; death list constantly growing. Page 1.

List of New York's wealthy subscribers to "Fads and Fancies" made public; rates $1,500 to $10,000; President Roosevelt accepted offer to be "written up" free. Page 1.

John Dolan, convicted boodler, given "freedom of city" at Missouri penitentiary. Page 2.

Investigation showed that $685,000 blind loan from Mercantile Trust company, engineered by Alexander and Jordan, was paid by Hyde. Page 2.

Alabama health officer urged Gov. Jelks to establish quarantine against New Orleans, declaring presence of yellow fever in Crescent City. Page 2.

John D. Rockefeller listened to talk on dishonest riches in Cleveland church, then gave temperance lecture. Page 3.

Milwaukee grand jury returned fourteen indictments in graft investigation; perjury charged to fire chief. Page 3.

WASHINGTON.

China's claims as to Manchuria will have little effect on peace negotiations; Japan determined that terms to be agreed upon shall have permanent results; surprises in store for envoys. Page 1.

President Roosevelt's policy as to Venezuela indicates square deal; light will be turned on asphalt trust; Castro gains in prestige and power. Page 5.

FOREIGN.

Prime Minister Balfour's decision in cabinet crisis in doubt; received in audience by King Edward; resignation of ministry at present not expected. Page 5.

Sultan of Turkey escaped assassination by bomb explosion at Constantinople; several members of suite killed or injured; arrests made. Page 5.

Japanese warships were sighted near mouth of Amur river. Page 5.

LOCAL.

John Gales, sentenced to be hanged on March 24, 1882, asks release from penitentiary, where, he alleges, he has been held since on death warrant. Page 1.

Anna Teller, 681 West Madison street, committed suicide in Illinois Trust and Savings bank. Page 2.

West park board at special meeting rescinded order of old commissioners to arbitrate Attorney Riddle's claim of $27,624 for "extra services." Page 4.

Assistant state's attorneys say grand jury is almost certain to indict George N. Lyman for larceny as bailee. Page 4.

Cottagers at Desplaines camp ground ready to receive 1,500 Epworth leaguers today. Page 7.

TRIBUNE free ice fund increased to $649.25; more distributions made. Page 7.

Corporation Counsel Lewis announced plan to tax street railways on street space as on leaseholds. Page 9.

Attorney for harvester corporation talked of bringing case against Rodney B. Swift before grand jury. Page 14.

LABOR.

Five of thugs who raided Federation of Labor hall believed to be known to state's attorney. Page 4.

Teamsters hastened to apply for old positions; 400 got them. Page 4.

NEW YORK.

Steamer Sirius, carrying Sunday school picnic party, struck rock near scene of General Slocum disaster; beached without loss of life. Page 3.

Consul Dolge at Caracas, Venezuela, charged with assisting in settling claim for a company in which he is interested. Page 3.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY.

Fares from Chicago to New York likely to be cut to $8 before end of next week. Page 9.

West side store and flat property was sold to Ira M. Cobe for $200,000. Page 9.

New York stock market remained apathetic despite dividend notices. Page 10.

Chicago Subway stock touched 79½ on inside buying. Page 10.

SPORTING.

Chicago Nationals secured 3 to 2 victory in eleventh inning at Boston. Page 8.

White Stockings under Comiskey's coaching snatched victory in twelfth inning from New York. Page 8.

Hazel Patch and Androsis beat Baron Grattan, favorite, in 2:06 pace at Detroit. Page 8.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
DOVER		Bluecher.
GENOA	Italia	
GENOA	Romanic	
GENOA	Prinzess Irene	
GLASGOW		Parisian.
HAMBURG	Graf Waldersee	
LIVERPOOL	Ultonia	Celtic.
LIVERPOOL	Sylvania	
LIVERPOOL	Cymric	
LIZARD		Statendam.
LONDON	Pomeranian	
MOVILLE	Bavarian	Victorian.
NAPLES	Madonna	Perugia.
NAPLES	Sicilian	Georgia.
NEW YORK	La Lorraine	
NEW YORK	Rhatia	
NEW YORK	Celtic	
NEW YORK	Campania	
QUEENSTOWN	Lucania	

GEN. FRED FUNSTON NEAR DEATH

Electric Car Crashes Into Carriage at Monterey, Cal.—Disaster Narrowly Averted.

Monterey, Cal., July 21.—Gen. Frederick Funston, commander of the department of California, his aid, Lieut. Long, and Lieut. Burton J. Mitchell, department inspector of small arms practice, narrowly escaped death this afternoon when an electric car crashed into the carriage in which they were riding.

DEATH SENTENCE GIVES LIFE TERM

John Gales, "Oldest Prisoner" in Joliet, Says State Forgot to Hang Him on March 22, 1882.

NOW SEEKING RELEASE.

Though Only 46 He Has Been in the "Pen" for Twenty-three Years, Illegally, It Is Asserted.

Is John Gales dead or alive? Having neglected to hang him on the day set for the execution, March 24, 1882, has the state the right to keep him in the penitentiary any longer. This is the problem that was brought to Judge Kersten's attention yesterday.

John Gales is a forgotten man, and the record of the murder which he committed twenty-four years ago, when he was a youth of 22, long has moldered in the vaults of the Criminal Court building. He has feared to speak during all these years, because he thought the state might remember it had neglected to hang him and rectify the error.

His story, which is told in a writ of habeas corpus, presented to Judge Kersten yesterday by Attorney Matthew J. Huss, is without parallel. While but 46 years of age, he is known as the "oldest man" in the penitentiary. He has been at hard labor all the last quarter century, while the machinery of the state has passed him by, and his conduct has been "exemplary."

Slays Neighbor During Quarrel.

On Nov. 28, 1881, Gales, then a young man on his father's farm, near Woodstock, became involved in a quarrel with a neighboring farmer, John W. Hessell. The quarrel was over a minor difficulty, but in the heat of passion young Gales felled his opponent with an ax, and left him dead on the field.

The murderer gave himself up, and the trial was held in the Criminal court of Cook county under Judge William H. Barnum. Luther Laflin Mills was then state's attorney, and Orrin L. Mann was sheriff. The prisoner's counsel was Madison R. Harris, 97 Clark street. The trial opened Feb. 3, 1882, and Gale was sentenced to hang on the 24th day of the following month.

Story in the Petition.

The petition says:

"And the petition further shows that it is founded in and by said judgment order entered of record in or about Feb. 3, 1882, that said John Gales be hanged by the neck until he is dead, and said petition states, further, that for twenty-three years last past he has been imprisoned at hard labor, and that said Gales is not held by any other writ or by any other legal authority.

"The petition further shows that said John Gales is a prisoner in the penitentiary, and that there is no other person in the penitentiary aforesaid who has been there for any such length of time, and that his conduct has been exemplary during this time."

Attached to this petition is the affidavit of Warden E. J. Murphy, showing that the prisoner was held in the penitentiary on a death warrant instead of a penitentiary mittimus.

Waits in Vain for Hangman.

When the convicted murderer entered the gates of the state prison he expected to be hanged three weeks later. The day approached, and he experienced all the agony that can come to a man with the death warrant over him.

The day passed to his great surprise and relief, and the labor to which he had been put became his life. The years passed and no one but he remembered that he should have been hanged, and his lips were sealed by the fear that any reminder might result in the carrying out of the sentence.

In the meantime his sister, Kate Gales, who resides on Veeder street, near Division, has been planning for his release. She interested the Luxemburg Independent club, a social organization, in her brother's fate, and Attorney Huss was induced to seek the prisoner's freedom by means of the writ. Gales has remained in good health all these years.

Causes Sensation in Court.

The application created a sensation in the Criminal court building. Judges and lawyers discussed the legal merits of the case, and admitted that technical points involved were deep and wonderful. The principal one appears to be that the man is not held legally by a death warrant, and that as the court failed to hang him during the term in which the sentence was imposed, jurisdiction over him ceased.

"He is supposed to be in heaven," said Acting State's Attorney Harry Olsen. "I don't envy Judge Kersten his knotty problem. I have investigated the case a little and understand that no record of the commuting of the sentence can be found. The sentence of the court has to be carried out on the day named, or at least some day during the term. If it is not the man has a right to his freedom."

Judge Kersten will pass on the case next Thursday.

ROOSEVELT FINDS THE PUMA TO BE A COWARDLY ANIMAL.

Writes Bostock, the Animal Trainer, Requesting Information Regarding the Courage of American Lion.

New York, July 21.—[Special.]—President Roosevelt, whose fondness for hunting big game has caused him to make a study of the habits of wild animals, has written to Frank H. Bostock, the animal trainer, asking about the ferocity of the puma, or American lion, as compared to the old world panther. His letter follows:

My Dear Mr. Bostock: In connection with your book on the training of wild animals, in which I am greatly interested, I would like to ask whether you find that the puma, or American lion, shows a different kind of temper from the leopard or old world panther and from the jaguar.

I ask this because in hunting it I have found it to be, as compared with the big bear, a cowardly animal. If what I read on the danger of hunting the Indian and African leopards is true, then the puma is not nearly as formidable as the leopard or jaguar—in short, is not nearly so formidable as the big spotted cats, though it is as big and as formidably armed.

Have you noticed any difference in your work among these species, taking the average one and comparing it as to temper, ferocity, etc., with the average other? Of course, there are wide individual differences, but that is not what I am after at present. I notice you say there is little or no difference between the tiger, lion, leopard, or jaguar.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

Oyster Bay, July 18, 1905.

BLACKMAIL LIST GIVEN OUT.

Roster of New York's Subscribers to "Fads and Fancies."

RATES FROM $500 TO $10,000.

President Roosevelt Accepted Offer to Be Written Up Free.

New York, July 21.—[Special.]—Although every effort has been made by Town Topics and the district attorney's office to prevent the list of the subscribers to "Fads and Fancies," the book which is to be published by Town Topics, from becoming public, the names of those who gave up were learned today.

It appears that an offer was made to President Roosevelt of a copy of the book free if he could be "written up" in it, and he accepted the proposition. A similar offer was made to Grover Cleveland, but he declined it. It is said that a number of other well known persons who were asked for subscriptions refused to give up.

Here are the persons who subscribed more than $1,500, the minimum price for "Fads and Fancies":

Mrs. Collis P. Huntington	$10,000
S. Newhouse	3,000
J. J. Astor	2,500
J. H. Patterson	2,500
C. M. Depew	2,500
W. B. Leeds	2,500
H. C. Pierce	2,500

Those Who Put Up $1,500.

These subscriptions were not made in lump sums, but it is understood that originally only $1,500 was put up, and then additional subscriptions made. These are the persons who put up the $1,500 each:

C. A. GRISCOM,	B. WALL,
P. J. LOVEJOY,	STANFORD WHITE,
C. W. B. GREEN,	J. A. BURDEN,
THOS. W. LAWSON,	M. FLEISCHMANN,
JAMES R. KEENE,	I. E. EMERSON,
FOXHALL KEENE,	C. C. BARBER,
L. Z. LEITER,	H. C. HUNTINGTON,
W. C. GREENE,	J. J. HILL,
P. LORILLARD JR.,	O. B. JENNINGS,
OLIVER HARRIMAN,	JOHN KEAN,
A. N. BRADY,	E. A. HOFFMAN,
DAVID W. FRENCH,	S. B. ELKINS,
PERRY C. BELMONT,	C. H. DUKE,
W. M. FLAGLER,	W. C. HARRISON,
E. R. BACON,	A. B. JOUILLARD,
C. C. BARBER,	N. W. ALDRIDGE,
HENRY SIEGEL,	LEWIS NIXON,
HENRY S. SMITH,	HENRY W. OLIVER,
HARRY S. BLACK,	A. J. BURRAND,
PATRICK CALHOUN,	T. SHAW SAFE,
DANIEL O'DAY,	H. S. TERRELL,
C. S. POSTLEY,	AMZI L. BARBER,
CHAS. M. SCHWAB,	O. H. PAYNE,
H. C. PIERCE,	GEORGE S. SCHLEY,
C. YERKES,	THOMAS F. RYAN,
MARGARET J. PLANT	ARTHUR COPPELL,
D. G. TALBOT,	M. F. PLANT,
ROLLA WELLS,	DANIEL G. REID,
GEORGE S. SCOTT,	F. L. ROBINSON,
G. D. TALBOT,	J. H. SMITH,
W. A. CHANLER,	C. H. CRAMP,
W. S. CONOR,	A. G. VANDERBILT,
J. F. DRYDEN,	E. C. VANDERBILT,
H. I. DRUMMOND,	W. K. VANDERBILT,
J. DEVARRO,	W. K. VANDERBILT JR.
H. WILLETS,	JOHN A. DRAKE,
W. S. WHITE,	J. P. WOODHARD,
T. P. WOODRUFF.	T. WOODRUFF,

Moses Ellis Wooster, who started the Society Editors' association, was not the only solicitor for "Fads and Fancies." There were several others, including Robert A. Irving of the New Yorker, Charles Stokes Wayne, a man named Stephenson, and others. Wooster has received the credit for getting most of the subscriptions, but it seems that Irving, who was questioned by Assistant District Attorney Krotel today, has that honor.

Subscribers Under Hundred.

It has been said that the subscribers to "Fads and Fancies" were to be limited to a hundred, but it would seem from this list that the subscriptions were closed before that number had been reached. James R. Keene is said to have subscribed only $1,000 for Foxhall Keene. It is also said that George S. Scott only put up $500.

Assistant District Attorney Krotel was told that Charles M. Schwab had subscribed $2,500 for "Fads and Fancies," and that he had been blackmailed into doing it. Mr. Krotel called on Mr. Schwab.

"That is not true," said Mr. Schwab. "When I was in Europe I met Col. Mann. The papers then were printing things about my European trip and Col. Mann's paper was the only one that printed the truth about me. When I came back Col. Mann asked me if I didn't want to subscribe for 'Fads and Fancies' and I said, 'Certainly; put me down.'"

In an anonymous letter received by Broker Edwin M. Post on Thursday, and which was turned over by Mr. Post to Mr. Krotel it was stated that Robert Fulton Cutting had been blackmailed out of $25,000. Acting Assistant District Attorney Gans asked Mr. Cutting to call at the district attorney's office today. Mr. Cutting told Mr. Gans that he had not been blackmailed, and that if ever any one attempted to blackmail him he would take summary action. Mr. Cutting was one of the sponsors for Justice Deuel when Mayor Strong appointed him a magistrate.

Solicitor Irving Explains.

Robert A. Irving, who got a great number of subscribers for "Fads and Fancies," had a long talk with Mr. Krotel today. Irving said Wooster didn't know anything about Col. Mann until he went looking for a job as a solicitor and Mann hired him. Irving said that he and Wooster had been together in the Blue Pencil club of odorous memory, and that more than $200,000 was made out of the club. Irving said that in the first two years he solicited for subscriptions for "Fads and Fancies" he only got $10,000 in commissions.

Irving, who is a director in the Social Editors' society and a director in the New Yorker, said that the New Yorker had no connection with Town Topics of Col. Mann. So far, Irving said, only $5,000 had been collected by the Social Editors' society for "America's Foremost Families."

LILLIAN RUSSELL BREAKS RIB.

Actress Falls from Horse Near Bay Ridge Home—Auto Breaks Going to Doctor.

New York, July 21.—[Special.]—Miss Lillian Russell fell from her horse near her home at Bay Ridge and broke a rib today. Her physician, Dr. John P. Erdman, in discussing the accident, said:

"I do not care to say anything more about Miss Russell's accident other than that I treated her this morning. I prefer that details be learned from Miss Russell herself."

While on her way to consult Dr. Erdman Miss Russell was compelled to leave her automobile at the Manhattan entrance to the Brooklyn bridge. The machine broke down, and despite the efforts of the chauffeur to remedy the running gear, the actress had to continue her journey in a cab.

GUNBOAT WRECKED 37 SAILORS KILLED

Boiler Explosion Sends U. S. S. Bennington to Bottom—134 Dead or Maimed.

ONLY A FEW ESCAPE INJURY.

Burned and Wounded Men Fight for Life in Water—San Diego Hospitals Filled with the Dying.

DEATH LIST MAY GROW TO 60.

San Diego, Cal., July 21.—[Special.]—One of the main boilers in the United States gunboat Bennington, lying in San Diego harbor, exploded shortly before noon today, killing or maiming 134 among the 181 on board.

Thirty-six men and Ensign Newman K. Perry are known to be dead, seventy-six wounded, and twenty-one missing. Many of the injured will die before morning. The total deaths as the result of the accident eventually will not be less than sixty.

Gunboat Is Beached.

The gunboat was badly shattered, a great hole being torn in the stern. It was beached to prevent sinking. The explosion was due to a weak boiler, the precarious condition of which has been well known for months, although an inspection a year ago resulted in a favorable report.

The disaster came without a second's warning. The Bennington was lying in midstream off the commercial wharf at the foot of H street. Commander Lucien Young had received orders from Washington to sail for Port Harford this morning. He was on shore making final preparations for departure.

Disaster Comes Without Warning.

Steam was up, most of the men were on deck, and everything was in readiness for immediate sailing, when a deafening roar shook the earth for miles around.

The outburst was accompanied by a roar as of thunder and a shock that rocked vessels nearby. In an instant the air was filled with shrieks and bellows of pain from the wounded which could be heard ashore, and with flying fragments of human beings and pieces of the ship's superstructure.

Maimed Sailors Fight in Water.

The next moment bleeding sailors were fighting, crippled, in the water against death in only a less sudden form than that from which they had escaped, while rowboats, sailboats, launches, and tugs were being driven to the rescue as fast as arms, wind, and steam could carry them.

Most of the men on board were assembled between decks, above the boilers, when the explosion occurred. Here is where the most frightful slaughter took place. No one living has been able to describe what happened there, but vivid witnesses exist in the blood smeared walls. It is from between decks that most of the dead bodies have been taken.

Human Fragments Blown in Air.

A dozen or fifteen were blown overboard by the force of the terrific explosion. Capt. Wentworth, who was looking at the Bennington when the disaster occurred, says he saw human bodies hurled over a hundred feet upward.

The air was black with the smoke which enveloped the ship. When it cleared away only a few men could be seen on the decks while a number were floundering in the water. A boat was lowered from the vessel's side and most of them were picked up and taken on board.

On board was presented a terrible scene. The force of the explosion had torn a great hole in the starboard side of the ship and the vessel was already commencing to list. A section of the upper deck was carried away from stem to stern.

Blood Covers Entire Ship.

Blood and wreckage was distributed over the entire ship, the after cabin and the vicinity of the ship adjacent to the exploded boiler resembling a charnel house. Over it all hung the great cloud of white smoke, which drifted slowly toward the Coronado shore.

The shock of the explosion penetrated every section of the ship, blood and ashes being found as far as the stern of the captain's cabin. Portions of the upper deck were carried away and great damage was done in all sections.

Both officers and men who were not seriously injured acted heroically and promptly. Pumps were manned to keep the water from the upper compartments, the magazine flooded, and men fought their way through the steam into the darkened hold to search for their comrades. In the worst danger, and when it was feared the ship would sink before it could be beached, the young officers and men stuck manfully to their posts.

Hundreds Rush to Rescue.

Hundreds of small craft which dotted the bay hurried to the rescue. The ferryboat Ramona was coming across to San Diego. Capt. Bertelsen immediately gave orders to change the course of the boat, and instead of continuing his trip hurried to the aid of the stricken warship. The tug Santa Fé, which was tied up at the commercial wharf, the launch McKinley, the government launch General De Russey, and a large number of other launches and water craft which were near the scene at the time, also rushed to the vessel.

By the time the Ramona had arrived many of the sailors of the Bennington who had jumped into the bay had been rescued and the removal of the wounded, which already had been commenced, was being conducted in perfect order. Crews of the Santa Fé, De Russey, and McKinley and the other boats present lent yeoman aid in picking up the wounded sailors and transferring them to the shore.

Strive to Rescue Comrades.

A most horrible sight met those who approached. In the water men with blackened faces were struggling, handicapped by injuries; others on deck were covered with blood and grime, some dead, some wounded frightfully, others working to rescue comrades who were yet below, either dead or dying.

The smaller boats turned their attention to those in the water, taking them to the wharves as fast as a few had been taken aboard the small craft. At the wharves preparations were speedily made for taking care of the injured in what by this time was seen to be a disaster of awful proportions.

Pedestrians Staggered by Sight.

Within half an hour from the time of the explosion carriages, buggies, automobiles, and street cars were bearing burdens of victims toward the hospitals.

The sight which met the eyes of hundreds along the street was one never to be forgotten. Wagons with a dozen wounded men were not rare. One had eight sitting or reeling against the sides, holding in their laps the heads of comrades near to death, all of them with faces black with smoke and grime and many clothed in nothing but trousers.

Lacerated Flesh Exposed.

Some of those whose bodies were bare, not injured in vital parts, but suffering the agonies of torn flesh, sat up with lacerated bodies exposed to the wind. One, whose arm was twisted and whose face and breast were covered with blood, looked at his own hanging flesh and dropping blood and muttered only: "My God! My God!"

A corps of ten men with blackened bodies were hurried through the street to places where blood could be stanched, gaping wounds stitched, or more heroic treatment given.

Work of Rescue Slow.

Temporary quarters ashore were arranged for the wounded, and sixty citizens volunteered and hurried in launches to the relief of those on the ill fated ship. Some of the volunteers were unable to stand the sickening sight which met their gaze on the Bennington.

As fast as the wounded could be removed they were hurried in ambulances, carriages, wagons, and automobiles to the hospitals. For a long time the hot steam prevented access to the space between decks where most of the dead bodies lay, and it was not until late in the afternoon that the last were removed from the boiler rooms.

Several bodies were tightly wedged in by a bulkhead and the woodwork had to be hewn away to free them. Most of the bodies yet unidentified have been mangled, most beyond hope of recognition.

Dozen Bodies Wedged in Wreckage.

The unharmed members of the crew are working under terrible difficulties to reach the boiler room and coal bunkers, where it is believed a dozen bodies are lying wedged in the wreckage or submerged in the water which fills that part of the vessel.

Commander Young hurried to his ship as soon as the news of the explosion reached him and assummed charge of the rescue work. He had the airtight compartments closed to prevent the listing ship from sinking and the magazines flooded to avert further explosion. He signaled the tug Santa Fé to tow the Bennington into shallow water, where the vessel was allowed to settle. It is owing to his prompt and efficient measures that the death list was not doubled.

Admits Boiler Was Weak.

Commander Young said tonight that the boiler which exploded long had been considered unsafe. During a recent return from Honolulu the steam pressure was kept reduced in that particular one.

"I cannot understand how it occurred," said Commander Young. "Our boilers are old, but recently had been inspected at the Mare Island navy yard." We came across from Honolulu a part of the way under 140 pounds steam pressure and the latter part under 112 pounds, as I wished my boilers to be in good condition for the long trip down the coast.

"It must have been some weakness which was not observable from the exterior, but nothing definite can be ascertained until we have pumped out enough water to make a thorough examination. On our trip there every precaution that could be taken was taken.

"This morning we must have been carrying fifteen pounds less pressure than we carry at sea.

More Horrible Disaster Averted.

"It is fortunate for us that the accident did not occur two hours later when we had reached sea, as we undoubtedly would have lost at least fifty more men. It would have been a hard task to get all the wounded off into boats."

Chief Engineer C. T. Wade did not happen to be in the boiler room when the explosion occurred and escaped injury. Covered with ashes and begrimed with dirt he worked throughout the day.

"From a cursory examination," he said, "I find the top crown sheet of the lower furnace of boiler B exploded, forcing it astern and against boiler D, which also exploded, wrecking the pipes and liberating a vast volume of steam.

"There was no fire under the starboard boilers and they were left intact. The explosion occurred at 10:15 a. m., while we were making preparations for getting under way while all hands were at their respective stations. As to the cause of the explosion I cannot say, and I doubt that it will ever be discovered, as the engine rooms are a mass of wreckage and everything is torn out."

But One Officer Killed.

Ensign Newman K. Perry was the only officer killed by the explosion. He was acting officer of the deck and stood directly over the exploding boilers on the upper fore deck. He was burned almost beyond recognition by steam and struck by flying objects. He died after five hours of suffering.

Ensign Hahn was burned about the face and hands, but not seriously.

Among the jackies who jumped overboard and succeeded in reaching shore was J. H. Turpin, who was blown up with the battleship Maine in Havana harbor and was unconscious for six months.

The officers of the gunboat Bennington are: Commander Lucien Young, Lieut. A. F. Yates of Maine, Ensign C. T. Wade, New Jersey; Ensign N. K. Perry, South Carolina; Midshipman Leo Sahm, Iowa, and L. H. Lacy, Texas; Past Assistant Surgeon A. E. Peck, California; Paymaster C. Morris Jr., Rhode Island; Pay Clerk H. O. Metius.

Only Twelve Answer Call.

Lieut. Yates, executive officer in charge of the Bennington at the time of the disaster, was in the aft cabin. He rushed out, to be met by a blinding, scalding cloud of steam as it swept the vessel. Speaking of the occurrence, he said:

"I must have remained seated in my chair several seconds after it occurred and did not know what had happened. I then rushed out and the steam even at the extreme after part of the ship was so dense that I could not get a breath of air until I ascended the rail.

"As I ran forward I passed one of our boys crawling along on his belly. There was no time to attend to individual cases—there were so many—and they seemed almost like an indistinct memory to me. About thirty

The Dead, Their Residence, and Nearest Relatives.

BROWN, FREDERICK WILLIAM, machinist, father, Des Moines, Ia.
BENSEL, AMEL, fireman, father, Colfax, Wash.
BROWNLEE, GLENN, ordinary seaman, father, Ravenna, Tex.
CARR, ROBERT B., apprentice seaman.
DRESCH, E., ordinary seaman, brother, Newark, N. J.
GEISS, FREDERICK J., coal passer.
HAAGBLOOM, CLYDE, coal passer, brother, Leadville, Colo.
HUGHES, B. A.
HILSCHER, JOSEPH, fireman, mother, Waterville, Wash.
KAMMERER, ANDREW, coxswain, father, Loundonville, O.
KUNTZ, C. J., coal passer, father, St. Louis, Mo.
NEWCOMBE, JOSEPH, coxswain, aunt, Quincy, Mass.
PERRY, W. C., ordinary seaman, father, Cheteau, Mont.
PERRY, NEWMAN K., ensign, wife, Stockbridge, Mass.
QUINN, MICHAEL G., machinist, mother, New Haven, Conn.
RUSHING, CLAUDE E., coal passer, Augusta, Mont.
SAUNDERS, S. F.
SCROGGE, ALBERT H., seaman, mother, New Ulm, Minn.
Nineteen unidentified bodies.

Men Injured by the Explosion.

SERIOUSLY INJURED.

Archer, L., able seaman.
Barchus, C. E., ord. seaman, Clarinda, Ia.
Carpenter, Fred., seaman, Lewiston, Idaho.
Chambers, M. G., seaman, Lewiston, Idaho.
Clark, G. T., machinist, Bremerton, Wash.
Eyler, C. W.
Ezell, Josiah, cook, Lott, Tex.
Ferguson, E. B., machinist, Philadelphia, Pa.
Fickwiler, W. M., ap. seaman, Laporte, Ind.
Kalett, G. E., seaman, Bakersfield, Cal.
Koffman, B. B., blacksmith, Austin, Tex.
House, E. A.
Hunt, Joseph, oiler, no relatives.
McClintock, D. E., fireman, Houston, Tex.
McManey, J. M.
Robinson, E. B., ordinary seaman.
Saunders, E. F.
Schacklette, F. W., hds. stew., Delaplaine, Va.
Schultz, J.
Seavey, B.K., machinist, Colorado City, Colo.
Toolley, G. M., carpenter's mate, Ilion, N. Y.
Worthen, W. W., coal passer, Dayton, O.

WOUNDED.

Burns, John Leo, apprentice, mother lives at 4044 State street, Chicago.
Brockman, A. W., mach., Des Moines, Ia.
Burg, A. G., coal passer, Cleveland, O.
Connell, F. E., seaman, Odessa, Wash.
Dean, H. C., electrician, Tucson, Ariz.
Grieg, L. A., ord. seaman, Cleveland, O.
Hise, H. E., steward, Columbus, O.
Hofreuter, W.
Knoblock, H. J., ap. seaman, San Francisco.
Miller, C. E., mach., East Stroudsburg, Pa.
Nelson, C. F., mach., Minneapolis, Minn.
Pfinger, William F., son Charles A., 622 Addison avenue, Chicago.
Sohm, Leo, ensign, Dubuque, Ia.
Starkweather, E. A., sea., Mifflinville, Mich.
Shepard, Roy C., yeoman, Unionville, Mo.
Stewart, H. M., machinist, Churchville, Md.
Savage, P., able seaman, Katy, Tex.
Strobel, L. K., apprentice, Tacoma, Wash.
Taylor, F. H., coal passer, Boston, Mass.
Taylor, W. M., landsman, Atlanta, Ga.
Wilson, C., ap. seaman, Santa Clara, Cal.
Thirty-two others unnamed.

of the boys were on the foredeck, all badly wounded. I called for men to man the boats and only about twelve, including officers, responded. All of the rest were injured or had been driven over the side by the scalding steam.

"Although I did not anticipate a great deal of danger from fire from the nature of the explosion, I immediately had all compartments closed and the forward magazine flooded. Afterward, the after magazine was also flooded, to assure safety. The boat listed sharply to starboard immediately after the explosion.

"We have no means as yet of ascertaining the extent of the number of injured. As far as can be learned, a part of the furnace fell against the boiler, which exploded. It was forced aft, and it is probable that the other boilers exploded immediately afterwards and the steam pipes were wrecked, liberating the steam. Every man in the engine room at the time must have met death. We cannot tell yet how great is the leak.

"Four bodies are still in sight in the boiler room under the wreckage, and they will be secured as soon as possible. Men are now at work cutting a hole into the other engine room through the bulkhead."

Came at Worst Time.

"The explosion happened at the worst possible time," said one of the jackies, "and I can't figure out how I happen to be alive. The engine room watch had just gone below to prepare for sea, some of the boys were up on the forecastle, and most of us were down on the berth deck just aft of the boiler room which exploded.

"It happened all at once. The whole deck seemed to lift in front of us and a cloud of white steam swept aft over the berth deck, scalding every one. Many of the boys jumped overboard, but I think that all were picked up by the boats which were lowered immediately.

"Ensign Perry was our officer of the day. He was standing on the fore deck just aft of the charthouse. Most of the boys of the forecastle were burned, as the steam kept rising right up from the boiler room."

FIRST BOILER WRECK IN NAVY.

Bennington Had Been Overhauled in 1901 and Accident Cannot Be Explained by Officials.

Washington, D. C., July 21.—[Special.]—Not since the ill-fated battleship Maine was blown up in Havana harbor has the navy department recorded a disaster to one of the American men of war so fearful as that of today. Engineer officers do not recall when a boiler has exploded aboard a warship of the United States. Mishaps have occurred in the boiler room, but with slight loss of life or injuries, but they were unprepared to hear of an explosion of such magnitude.

Officials here are totally at a loss to explain the accident. The Bennington's boilers were apparently in the best of condition, for the last report of them, made in March, was entirely favorable. The Bennington was a part of Commodore Dewey's squadron when on May 1, 1898, he sunk the Spanish fleet in Manila bay, and it remained on the Asiatic station until 1901, when it returned to the United States, after having had its boilers fitted with new tubes in a Chinese seaport.

Thoroughly Overhauled in 1901.

It went to Mare Island yard and was put out of commission. For eighteen months it lay off Mare Island, during which time the vessel was thoroughly overhauled and put in good condition. In the winter of 1903 it again was put in commission, and since has been cruising along the Pacific seaboard. Recently the Bennington was sent to Honolulu and returned to San Diego on July 19. Its original orders were to proceed to the city of Panama to relieve the Prince, which had been ordered north.

In the meantime the monitor Wyoming, also on the Pacific station, lost its propeller and was forced to put into Port Harford, some miles north of San Diego. The Bennington's orders were changed, and when it started to leave San Diego today it was bound for Port Harford to convey the Wyoming to Mare Island navy yard, where the monitor is to be docked and repaired.

The Bennington is a sister ship of the Concord and Yorktown, both of which are out of commission, the former at Mare Island and the latter at Bremerton. Nothing is radically wrong with either vessel, and it is the intention of the navy department to put them back into active service when the repairs which are being made are completed. The Bennington was built at Chester, Pa., and the Concord was built at the same yard at the same time. Both were begun in 1887 and completed in 1891, but the Yorktown was built at Philadelphia and completed in 1889.

Official Description of Ship.

The official description of the Bennington is as follows:

Displacement, 1,710 tons; tonnage, 408; length, 230 feet; breadth, 36 feet; mean draft, 14 feet; material, steel; propulsion, two screws; rig, schooner; indicated horse power, 3,486; speed, 17.50 knots; coal supply, 373.

In 1891, soon after it was commissioned, the steam pipe in the engine room of the Concord blew up, killing six men. This however, does not necessarily indicate the Bennington, although a sister ship of the Concord, was subject to the defect which caused the accident on the Concord.

A leading official of the navy department said today it was probable the investigation which is to come will not prove much concerning the actual cause of the accident. He remarked, however, he had received no details as to the manner in which the explosion occurred or the conditions which existed at the time.

May Never Be Explained.

"Like nearly all boiler explosions this one probably will never be fully explained," he said. "When a boiler blows up it simply blows up, and it usually is impossible to reach any definite conclusion as to its reason for doing so. As far as we know the boilers of the Bennington were in first class condition. Of course they were old, but there are many boilers in the navy as old as were those of the Bennington. The last report had of the Bennington's boilers was made in March."

The first official news of the disaster came in a brief message from Commander Lucien Young, saying:

"U. S. Bennington, San Diego, Cal.—Boiler exploded. Nearly everybody killed or wounded."

Acting Secretary of the Navy Charles H. Darling and Capt. William P. Potter, acting chief of the bureau of navigation, were promptly in conference, with the result that an order was sent forthwith to the commandant of the navy yard at Mare Island to send Capt. Drake, captain of the yard, and such medical officers as were available to San Diego as quickly as possible. A telegram announcing this action was sent immediately to Commander Young.

President Notified Promptly.

Another telegram was sent to the president at Oyster Bay conveying to him the news of the calamity. As Rear Admiral Goodrich, the commander in chief of the Pacific station, is cruising in Alaskan waters, he was so far from the scene of the explosion as to preclude the possibility of sending any of the ships of his squadron to San Diego. The supply ship Iris and the tugboat Fortune were tonight ordered to proceed from San Francisco to San Diego in connection with the Bennington disaster.

Lieut. Commander H. B. Wilson of the bureau of navigation, who has charge of the assignment of enlisted men, upon learning of the explosion immediately set about to prepare a list of the ship's crew, which subsequently was made public. As the last roster received from the Bennington was for the month of March it was necessary to go through the records to learn what changes had been made in the complement. In addition an order had recently been sent to the Mare Island navy yard to have a detail of twenty-seven men sent from that station to the Bennington, and it was not known at the department whether they had gone to the ship. A telegram of inquiry was sent to the commandant at Mare island, when a reply came stating that the detail had left San Francisco on July 17, arriving at San Diego on July 18. It was hoped at the department that this detachment had not joined the crew, but in that they were disappointed, for they had gone aboard.

Send Sympathy to Bereaved.

Acting Secretary Darling and officers of the bureau of navigation were at the department tonight awaiting the details which Commander Young sent the department. Upon the receipt of the message giving the list of killed and injured, Mr. Darling at once had a telegram sent to the next of kin of the dead expressing sympathy. Other dispatches were sent to the next of kin of those wounded.

It was learned at the headquarters of the marine corps that no marines were aboard the Bennington. Gen. Elliott, commandant of the corps, hurried over to the navy department upon learning of the explosion and eagerly sought the details.

Acting Secretary of the Navy Charles H. Darling made the following statement relative to the disaster:

"The department has learned with the deepest regret of the disaster which overtook the gunboat Bennington. Nothing unusual has been reported to the department with respect to the boilers in the Bennington. The boilers on the ships of our navy are receiving constant attention and are constantly under the supervision as well as the inspection of engineers."

In response to telegrams received he sent the following message to San Diego:

"The naval department is greatly shocked at the frightful accident on the Bennington and is deeply touched by the kindness shown the sufferers by the people of San Diego. We will be grateful for anything you can do to alleviate their suffering."

YOUNG WELL KNOWN IN CHICAGO

Commander of Bennington in Charge of Ninth Lighthouse District for Two Years.

Commander Lucien Young, of the United States gunboat Bennington, is well known in Chicago, where he was in charge of the Ninth lighthouse district from March 7, 1902, until given his present commission in 1904. He has been in the naval service for more than thirty-five years, including the time spent at Annapolis, and the many thrilling episodes in which he played the heroic rôle during his earlier years as a midshipman and ensign made him popular among all classes here.

He is one of the most widely known men in the United States navy. He is known in almost every civilized country on the globe, and his bravery often has been made the basis of story and song.

Received Congress' First Medal.

He was the first man to receive a medal as the result of an act of congress on June 20, 1874, authorizing the issue of gold and silver mementoes, which "shall be bestowed on any person who shall hereafter endanger his own life in saving or in endeavoring to save lives from the perils of the sea within the United States or upon any American vessel."

The story of how Commander Young, then an ensign, received the medal is told by John R. Spears in the June Navy League Journal, as follows:

"The first man in the navy to win one of the gold medals issued under this act was Lucien Young, then holding the rank of ensign.

"Young, as all the older men in the navy well remember, was in 1877 a watch officer on the little gunboat Huron, Commander George P. Ryan commanding. The vessel was under orders to survey a part of the coast of Cuba, and sailed from Hampton Roads on Nov. 23.

"Although small in size, the Huron was entirely fitted for the work in hand. The coin passes had been adjusted and everything was in order.

Young First to Volunteer.

"On the 24th the Huron was thrown on the beach, near Nag's head. A second wave threw the hull around broadside to the sand, and then the vessel heeled out to sea so that the waves of the rising tide had an easy sweep up and across the deck.

"That every man on board did his duty was proved before the court of inquiry subsequently held, but the sea had many of its crew in its grasp. The boats were all destroyed before any of them could be sent ashore.

"The foremast was cut away to relieve the strain on the hull, but the main topmast went with it, and the two spars were washed under the shoreward side of the hulk, where they proved to be a terrific menace to the crew.

"When daylight came the men began attempting to cary a line ashore, but the two broken spars that hung under the lee, attached by the rigging, ground a number of them to death. It was at this time that an air inflated raft, eight feet long, was thrown over the rail. Then volunteers were called for, and Ensign Young at once took charge of the raft, taking with him Antoine Williams, a seaman.

Save Every One in Sight.

"In spite of some bruises the two got the raft clear of the wreckage, and when the line they were towing ashore jammed they cut it and went on. The waves threw the raft end over end with the two men on it three times. Williams at one time was hurled fifteen feet through the air.

"But the two, after losing hold of the raft struck out for the beach and arrived safely. On landing Young learned that the along shore current had carried him just a mile down the beach while he was struggling in the surf.

"He had endured enough already to exhaust any ordinary man, but as he talked to some fishermen who had come to the beach he saw some of his shipmates struggling in the surf near where he had landed.

"It is that Young forgot his fatigue and the bruises he had received in the water, and, plunging into the surf, he worked with a will until every one in sight was safe on the sand.

"Then Young went after a boat kept in a life saving station near, but was too late, for out of a crew of 133 men nineteen had been saved and the others had been drowned or crushed to death in the wreck."

Whole Country Hails Hero.

Ensign Young's native state, Kentucky, voted him a sword and conferred upon him an honor that no one except Henry Clay had ever before received. The legislature elected him an honorary member of that body for life. Other medals and resolutions were voted by New York and Massachusetts.

Commander Young has to his credit other life saving exploits, one of which was the rescue of several men, two women, and two children during a tornado on the Tagus river in Portugal. In his class at Annapolis and during his years of service afloat Commander Young was known to his companions for the whole souled spirit with which he entered into the business of living and for his thorough appreciation of the affection of his associates, which he won by his manly qualities and which he returned with interest. He was ever a popular man among officers, and he was in after life one of the most popular men in official circles in Washington when stationed there.

Striking Figure in History.

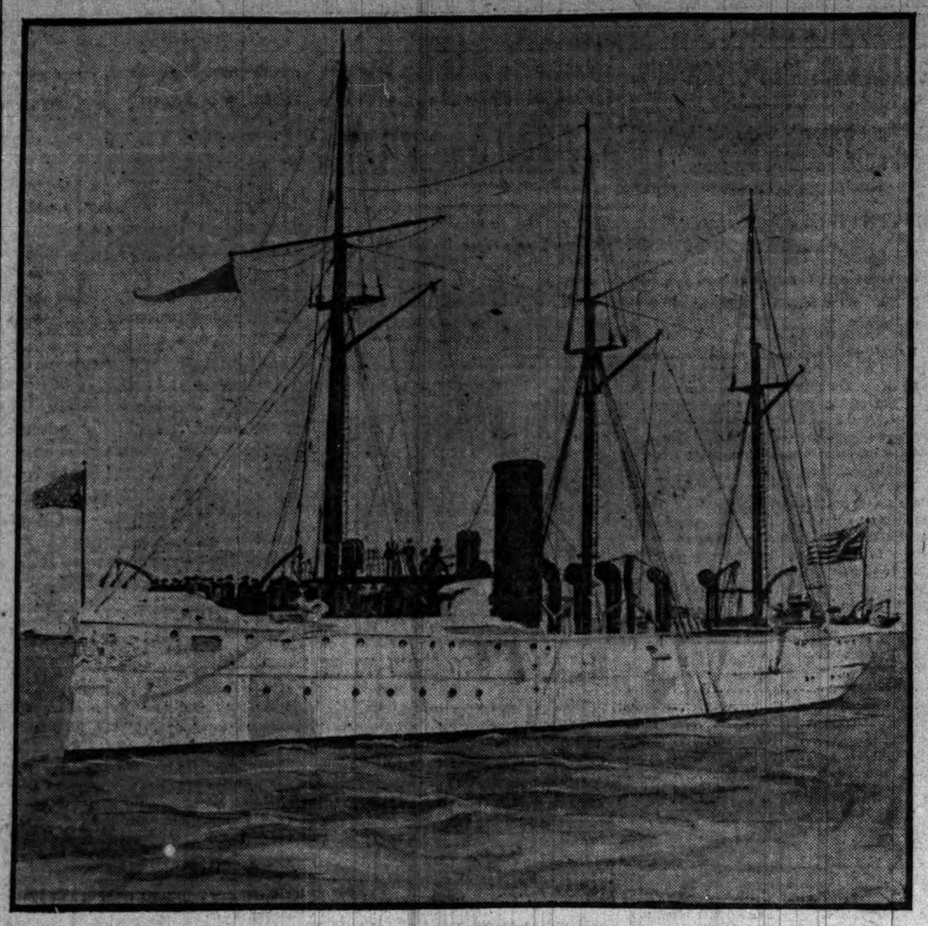
His service of more than thirty years since his graduation has carried him into some of the most stirring events of the history of that time.

Commander Young saw service during the Spanish-American war and his flagship, the Hist, and two other gunboats gave a good account of themselves in their engagement with a Spanish gunboat and a torpedo boat, which they captured or sunk. They made prizes of nine other vessels while guarding a harbor.

Commander Young came to Chicago from Havana, where his assignment as a captain of port had kept him engaged for some time. In Cuba, as in Washington and on board his ship, he endeared himself to those who were associated with him. It is said that on the day he left Havana 5,000 people went through his house to pay their respects and bid him farewell.

While serving in Washington in the bureau of records Commander Young completed the collection of a mass of material which he used in writing a book treating of Hawaiian affairs. Under the regulations governing naval officers he could not publish this without the sanction of the secretary and the president. At that time those officers saw fit to withhold their permission.

Gunboat Bennington, Wrecked by Explosion of Boiler.



FULL ROSTER OF THE BENNINGTON OFFICERS.

Name.	Rank.	Nearest kin.	Home address.
Young, Lucien	Commander	Wife	Washington, D. C.
Appointed from Kentucky, in command of the Bennington since Nov. 14, 1904; formerly commandant of the naval station at Havana several years ago and advanced in numbers for extraordinary heroism when the Huron was wrecked and for conspicuous conduct in the Spanish war.			
Blue, Victor	Lieutenant		South Carolina.
In a hospital ashore at the time, joined the Bennington August, 1904, serving since as navigator and executive officer. He is a native of North Carolina and was appointed from South Carolina. In the Spanish-American war he made a daring scouting expedition twenty-two miles around Santiago and definitely located the presence of Cervera's squadron in the bay before that city.			
Yates, Alex F. H.	Lieutenant	Mother	Waterville, Me.
Born in Maine Jan. 11, 1879, appointed cadet May 20, 1895, joined the Bennington March 6, 1905, as watch and division officer and was assigned to duty as navigator on May 13, 1905.			
Wade, Charles T.	Ensign	Father	Hackettstown, N. J.
Born in New Jersey Sept. 23, 1879; appointed cadet Sept. 5, 1896; promoted to ensign July 1, 1902; due for promotion to lieutenant July 1, 1905, but not yet examined; joined the Bennington Dec. 25, 1905; assigned to engineering duty Oct. 21, 1904.			
Perry, Newman K.	Ensign	Wife	Stockbridge, Mass.
Born in South Carolina Nov. 26, 1880; appointed a naval cadet from South Carolina Sept. 9, 1897; promoted to ensign June 7, 1903; joined the Bennington as a watch and division officer March 9, 1903. Has a sister living in Chicago.			
Sahm, Leo	Ensign	Father	Dubuque, Ia.
Born in Iowa Sept. 26, 1880; appointed cadet from Iowa in September, 1899; promoted to be ensign Feb. 2, 1903; joined the Bennington March 2, 1903.			
Lacy, Lindsay H.	Ensign	Father	Palestine, Tex.
Born in Texas March 11, 1882; appointed cadet from Texas in September, 1898; promoted to be ensign Feb. 3, 1903; joined the Bennington March 2, 1903.			
Peck, Allen E.	Passed Asst. Surgeon	Wife	Palo Alto, Cal.
One of those who escaped by being ashore; he is a Californian who joined the Bennington last April.			
Morris, Charles Jr.	Paymaster	Father	San Francisco, Cal.
Born in Rhode Island Aug. 15, 1874; appointed an assistant paymaster from Massachusetts May 20, 1898; promoted to passed assistant paymaster in 1900 and paymaster in March, 1903; joined the Bennington March 3, 1903.			

OTHER DISASTERS IN THE NAVY.

Disasters on Battleships Missouri, Massachusetts, and Iowa Cost Many Lives in Recent Years.

Since the war with Spain there have been three explosions on battleships, prior to that on the Bennington.

On April 13, 1904, five officers and twenty-four men were killed by two explosions of powder on the battleship Missouri. The vessel, under command of Capt. Cowles, a brother-in-law of President Roosevelt, was at target practice with the Texas and Brooklyn, about fifteen miles off the naval station at Pensacola, Fla.

A twelve-inch gun in the turret was being fired, and while being loaded for the fourth shot gases from the preceding charge ignited the powder as it was being rammed home, and it exploded. The breech of the gun was open and portions of the charge dropped to the handling room below, where 1,600 pounds of powder, or four charges, was lying ready to be hoisted above.

The second explosion was near one of the magazine rooms, and there was danger of the entire ship being destroyed. This was averted by the prompt flooding of the hoisting room.

The accident was said to have been caused by too rapid handling of the gun, not enough time being allowed for it to cool.

Nine Killed on Massachusetts.

In February, 1903, nine men were killed in one of the turrets of the battleship Massachusetts by the explosion of a gun while the breech was open.

The gun had been loaded and the breech closed when an order was given to change from percussion to electrical firing. The breech was opened without lowering the hammer, and in some way the lanyard was pulled and the charge fired. Every man in the turret at the time was killed.

Ensign Ward K. Wertman, who was in charge of the gun, was court martialed but found not guilty, as there was nothing in the regulations regarding such a case. In spite of the finding, Secretary of the Navy Moody wrote a letter in which he held that the ensign had been guilty of negligence.

Twelve Inch Gun Explodes on Iowa.

Shortly after the accident on the Massachusetts several men were killed on the Iowa by the bursting of a twelve inch gun. The pieces of the gun were blown through the deck and killed the men while they were at mess.

The gun had been fired nearly to the limit of its supposed safety, but had given no sign of any weakness up to the time of the accident. Since then all of the big rifled guns have been made much stronger.

ENGLAND EXPRESSES SYMPATHY

London Times Says Hearts of British Navy Go Out to America for Bennington Disaster.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, July 22.—The Times in an editorial on the Bennington disaster says that the sympathy of the British navy will go out to their comrades in the American service, and that this will be backed by the sympathy of the British people, who, because of bitter experience, know the sorrow these sudden and terrible visitations bring.

Commander of the Ill-Fated Gunboat.

Comdr Lucien Young

Commander Lucien Young of the Bennington was ashore when his vessel blew up, and thus escaped injury. He was stationed in Chicago a year ago as commander of the light-house district. Commander Young has a record for personal bravery, having on different occasions been commended in a presidential message, thanked by congress and by the secretary of the navy, and given gold medals for saving life at sea. He also has a reputation for "speaking out," and was recalled from Havana in 1901 for expressing his opinions in regard to the Cubans in charge of the government and saying the only proper step was to annex the island.

CHICAGO MEMBERS OF THE CREW.

NAME.	RANK.	NEAREST KIN.	HOME ADDRESS.
Boyens, Louis	Able seaman	John Boyens, father	707 South May street.
Bunger, B. C. W.	Apprentice	Charles Bunger, father	2093 Ashland avenue.
Burns, John L.	Apprentice	Mrs. J. Burns, mother	4944 State street.
Cronan, Willie	Boatswain's mate	Mrs. S. Cronan, mother	1012 West 21st-st.
Datlioff, Frank A.	Fireman	Mrs. Mary Datlioff, mother	997 Thirty-first place.
Geiss, Frederick J.	Coal passer	John Geiss, uncle	General delivery.
Hanson Byron	Coal passer	Jacob Hanson, father	344 N. Oakley avenue.
Pfluger W. F.	Chief electrician	C. A. Pfluger, father	638 Addison street.

PRISONERS IN NAME ONLY.

MISSOURI WARDEN ALLOWS CONVICTED BOODLER LIBERTY.

John Dolan, Sentenced by United States Court for Naturalization Frauds, Occupies House Outside the Walls and Does Not Enter Institution—Charles J. Denny Sleeps in Cell, but Absents Himself During the Day.

Jefferson, City, Mo., July 21.—[Special.]—It developed today that John Dolan, formerly chairman of the democratic city committee of St. Louis, who was convicted in the United States court for his part in wholesale naturalization frauds and committed to the Missouri penitentiary, had not seen the inside of prison walls for three months. In all this time, when he was supposed to be locked up and doing hard labor, he has been living in comparative luxury in a house across the street from the penitentiary.

Only Sleeps in Prison.

Charles J. Denny, a convicted St. Louis boodler, also has been enjoying extraordinary privileges, though he was made to suffer the inconvenience of sleeping under the prison roof. For weeks he has been in the habit of leaving the institution at 7:30 o'clock in the morning and not returning till time to close up the cells at 9 p. m. During the day he spent most of his time at the residence of Dolan, where the two had their meals prepared and served. They also received visitors in their home on Lafayette avenue.

Folk Issues Orders.

When Gov. Folk's attention was called to the fact that these two products of his anti-boodle crusade were suffering little inconvenience on account of their sentences, he at once issued an order to Warden Matt Hall to lock up these men and otherwise see that they were forced to comply with their sentences.

Dolan slept tonight in the penitentiary for the first time in months.

Warden Hall said Dolan was weigher for the binder twine factory, but he did not explain why it was Dolan had not been guarded for three months, except to say he was a "trusty" and lived at the home of the stable boss. There has been no work in the weighing line for weeks, and then none of it was done at night. Denny was supposed to assist in these "arduous" duties.

Inasmuch as Dolan is a United States prisoner the government may make some inquiries into the manner in which its prisoner is serving his sentence.

OWNERSHIP NATIONAL ISSUE.

Gov. La Follette of Wisconsin Says in Next Campaign Old Parties Will Be Smashed Up.

Dayton, O., July 21.—[Special.]—Gov. La Follette of Wisconsin in an address tonight declared he believed municipal ownership to be the coming national campaign issue.

"The coming national campaign," he added, "will see the smash up of both great political parties.

"If I qualify as United States senator I shall do all in my power to support the policies and attitude of President Roosevelt on the questions of trust and railroad legislation.

"I have not yet decided that I will qualify as United States senator. I have not decided that I can leave the work at home at this stage, but if I go to the senate it will be because I believe I can better serve the interests of my people there than I can in the executive chair."

GIRL SURVIVES MANY INJURIES.

Father Shoots Her Five Times and Hits Her with Stone and Ax.

Wheeling, W. Va., July 21.—[Special.]—John Strait, a farmer of Harts Run, near Cameron, W. Va., yesterday attempted to kill his daughter Jessie. He first struck her with a stone and then shot her five times, following this with a blow on the head with an ax. The young woman was still alive tonight. Thinking his daughter dead, Strait then started for his wife and eight children, declaring he would destroy them all. Ald reached the fleeing family before he had injured any of the others. Strait was arrested.

WOMAN SUICIDE IN BANK.

MISS ANNA TELLER ENDS HER LIFE WITH A REVOLVER.

Despondent Because of Losses Due to Unsuccessful Speculation — Note Left Bequeathes Her Savings to Her Unmarried Sister—City Hall Employe Said to Have Given Her Advice as to Investments—Mind Supposed to Have Been Deranged.

Miss Anna Teller, 31 years old, shot herself yesterday morning in one of the counting rooms in the safety deposit department of the Illinois Trust and Savings bank, at La Salle street and Jackson boulevard, and died soon afterwards.

Just before she fired the fatal shot Miss Teller wrote a letter to her sister, Eugenia, in which she spoke of a man whose given name is Lee, who is said to be employed in the city hall.

Manager Robert Boyd said he noticed nothing unusual in Miss Teller's actions after she entered the bank at 11 o'clock. She went to her deposit box, unlocked it, examined the contents, and then relocked it. Afterwards she went into one of the waiting rooms and wrote the letter to her sister. A few minutes later the bank officials heard the shot, and, running in, found her lying on the floor with a revolver in her hand.

"I don't want to live. Why wasn't I successful?" she gasped as Dr. C. P. Stringfield of the Grand Pacific hotel bent over her. She died before the ambulance arrived.

Leaves Money to Her Sister.

Miss Eugenia Teller, who viewed the body at Rolston's undertaking establishment, said her sister must have been ill or demented. The note her sister left said, in part:

Life is not any too sweet for me at its best. I'll go down in the morning and destroy my will and draw all of my money and leave it in the bank for you. I will have the stock transferred in your name. Go call at the broker's for it. Will also go down and see if there is any show of getting the $400. I want you to have every cent and everything I own. Don't take it too hard, Jean, as I am much better off dead than living. Your loving sister, ANN.

P. S.—If I can get a hold of your bank book without making you suspicious I'll deposit the change myself. This letter reads cold to me, but I do not mean it that way, for I feel for you from the bottom of my heart. I have thought of doing this thing before now, and have wished you dead, so you would not suffer when I am gone, for I think we would miss each other more than the rest of the family. Could not trust myself to ask you for the bank book.

Unsuccessful in Speculations.

Miss Eugenia Teller passed the night with another sister, Mrs. Frank Harding, on the north side. The Misses Teller have lived at 631 West Madison street for ten years. One of the tenants of the building said:

"Anna probably killed herself because she lost a lot of money speculating in stocks and bonds. She and her sister thought a great deal of each other, and each had made a will in the other's favor. A couple of years ago Anna began to speculate, and for a while she seemed to be making considerable money. She got acquainted with a young fellow down at the city hall, and I guess he gave her some wrong tips, for she not only lost most of her own money, but a good share of her sister's."

STUDENTS TO SEE BEER MADE.

Four Hundred Going from University Today to Inspect Breweries in Milwaukee.

Led by a Kentucky schoolmaster, 400 summer students of the University of Chicago, who reside in the south, will go on an excursion to Milwaukee this morning for the purpose of seeing how beer is made. Applications for tickets poured in so rapidly yesterday that it was feared the counter attraction for the day—an excursion to Lake Geneva to inspect the observatory—would be poorly attended.

JERRY SIMPSON CRITICALLY ILL

Former Kansas Member of House of Representatives Is Stricken at Roswell, N. M.

Roswell, N. M., July 21.—[Special.]—Jerry Simpson, former member of congress from Kansas, and variously called "Sockless Simpson" and the "Sage of Medicine Lodge," is critically ill here.

Big armchairs, electric lights, all late magazines, the day's newspapers, a porter and a buffet--all these are among the comforts of the Buffet-Library cars now running out of Chicago on the Burlington's Limited to St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Let us tell you about the other features, including unequaled dining car service.

Burlington Route

Tickets, 211 Clark Street, Chicago. 'Phone, Centra 3117. P. S. BELL, City Passenger Agent.

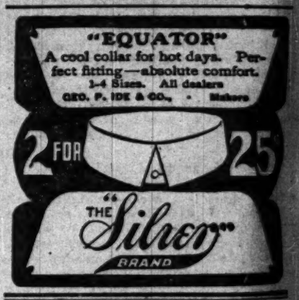
1387

"In the good old summer time" we only sell Clothes, Hats and Furnishings until 1 o'clock Saturdays.

F. M. ATWOOD

Rogers, Peet & Co. Clothing, Hats and Furnishings.

Cor. Clark & Madison Sts.



TARANTULA BITE NOT DEADLY, SAYS PENNSYLVANIA DOCTOR.

University Professor May Allow Big Spider to Attack Him in Order to Prove His Statement.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 21.—[Special.]—Dr. Philip Samuel Stout of the University of Pennsylvania, after a series of experiments with tarantulas, has expressed his opinion most emphatically that the popular theory of tarantulas is a bugaboo, and that their bite practically is harmless.

To prove his assertions Dr. Stout declares that he probably will allow one of the insects to bite him. He declares that so far from the bite being poisonous it probably is an antidote for certain forms of nervous diseases.

Dr. Stout, who is an assistant demonstrator in pathology, has been carrying on his experiments for several weeks. One of these showed that a dog which had been suffering with chorea and which was subjected to the bite of a tarantula was much benefited temporarily.

Dr. Stout began his work with a half a dozen tarantulas that were sent him as a joke by a friend traveling in Central America. As some of the dreaded insects have died he has sent for a number from Panama, and will continue his experiments on a larger scale.

Rice Goes to the Burlington.

Galesburg, Ill., July 21.—[Special.]—Robert Rice has been appointed assistant superintendent of the Ottumwa division of the Burlington railway.

CHARGES AGAINST AMERICAN CONSUL

Rudolph Dolge at Caracas Said to Have Settled Own Company's Claim.

PRAISE OF CASTRO CITED.

Laundry Run by Accused Declared Adapted for Washing Dirty Linen.

New York, July 21.—[Special.]—United States Consul Rudolph Dolge, at Caracas, capital of Venezuela, runs a laundry, and the American coat of arms is prominently displayed over the door of the washhouse. In addition, Consul Dolge conducts a newspaper, which is filled with fulsome praise of President Castro.

These charges were made today by O. D. Church of East Orange, N. J., and are admitted as true by Consul Dolge, who is now in this city.

Church declares further that Consul Dolge has been absent from his post for the last five months in order to promote the interests of the Orinoco company, in which corporation he is personally interested.

The Orinoco company, an American company, had a claim against Venezuela, and this claim was adjudicated before a mixed commission, of which Consul Dolge was secretary. The commission awarded the company $25,000.

Decorated by Venezuela.

Dolge has been decorated by the Venezuelan government with the order of Bolivar, the highest honor which Venezuela can bestow upon a foreigner. This is characterized as being improper, if not prohibited by the statutes. Dolge says he was decorated in 1896, before he became a member of the consular department.

Dolge, who will sail for Venezuela tomorrow, says Herbert W. Bowen, who recently was dismissed from the diplomatic service, is responsible for the information against him.

The names of several people prominent in finance and politics are mentioned in connection with the Orinoco company, among them being L. T. Ault and M. E. Ingalls of Ohio, which is Assistant Secretary Loomis' native state, and Benoni Lockwood Jr. of New York and James A. Radcliffe of Brooklyn. Church states he has been informed that the recent appointment by President Roosevelt of William J. Calhoun as special commissioner to Venezuela is for the purpose of investigating the relationship existing between Consul Dolge and the Venezuelan government arising out of the Orinoco concession and other matters.

Letter Recites Charges.

"An odd feature of the case," continued the letter written by Mr. Church, "is that the Orinoco company had a claim against Venezuela which was adjudicated before the American-Venezuelan mixed commission, sitting at Caracas. The company received an award. Dolge was secretary of this commission. That the ownership claim subsequently should turn up in his possession is, to say the least, peculiar. In the event of any difficulties with Venezuela an unpleasant situation would be presented by an American consular officer, associated with the assistant secretary of state, turning up as a claimant against Venezuela.

"The United States consul at Caracas has many irons in the fire," continues the letter. "In addition to being consular agent, he is proprietor of two newspapers, which publish continually fulsome praise of President Castro, always speaking of him as 'restorador,' 'restorer' of Venezuela, and the like. One of the greatest scandals in the city is the fact that the coat of arms of the state department of the United States is displayed in front of an American laundry, where the consul also has his office and attends to his numerous affairs. This is a matter of constant jeering by Venezuelans and is humiliating to American visitors."

No Apologies to Make.

Mr. Dolge said the coat of arms does decorate the front building, but in front of his office. He says he is not ashamed of the fact he has a laundry business and has no apologies to make, since it is a first class laundry. Dolge also admitted his connection with the Orinoco corporation.

James A. Radcliffe, mentioned by Church, when seen said:

"I have heard of Dolge's laundry. All I care to say about it is that I know of no place on earth more favorable for washing dirty linen than Caracas. I never knew a consul or consular agent down there who is not engaged in trade. A merchant down there once showed me a lot of trunks. 'They are all filled with goods,' he said, 'and they all were brought in by the American minister to me for sale.' As the trunks of the American minister they of course paid no duty, and duties down there are enormously high. No, I won't say what minister it was. I will only say it was not Loomis."

PISTOLS USED IN HOLDUP OF WEST SIDE RESTAURANT.

Four Robbers, After Taking Cash from 217 West Van Buren Street, Battle with the Police.

The Victoria restaurant, 217 West Van Buren street, was held up by four masked robbers early this morning.

After attacking the cashier, George Spears, and ordering Antone Gleera, a waiter, and William Raymer, a customer, to "keep quiet," the men rifled the cash register, taking more than $12, and engaged in a running revolver battle with the police.

The robbery occurred shortly after 1 a. m. Walking up to the cashier's desk the men ordered Spears to raise his hands. Instead of complying he reached for a revolver and opened fire.

The four highwaymen, their revolvers pointed at the three men in the place, fired repeatedly, but none of the shots took effect.

After Spears had emptied his weapon he was attacked by the men and hurled to the floor. His pockets then were rifled, while Gleera and Raymer were made to stand against the wall. They also were searched.

Spears crawled to where a second revolver was kept and again opened fire. One of the bullets shattered the plate glass window and attracted the attention of a motorman on a passing Van Buren street car.

The car was stopped and the passengers hurried to the restaurant. They were unable to reach the place before the highwaymen, seeing their danger, ran from the place and escaped, after a running revolver fight with the police. It is believed one of the bandits was wounded.

The robbery and assault occurred within a block of Inspector Wheeler's residence.

OLD PASS HOLDERS IN LUCK.

Wisconsin Attorney General Holds New Law Does Not Bar Privileges Held When Passed.

Madison, Wis., July 21.—[Special.]—Attorney General Sturtevant today gave an opinion holding that the new anti-pass law, aimed to make the old one more restrictive, is not applicable to certain officials holding passes before the law went into effect.

Important to Mothers.

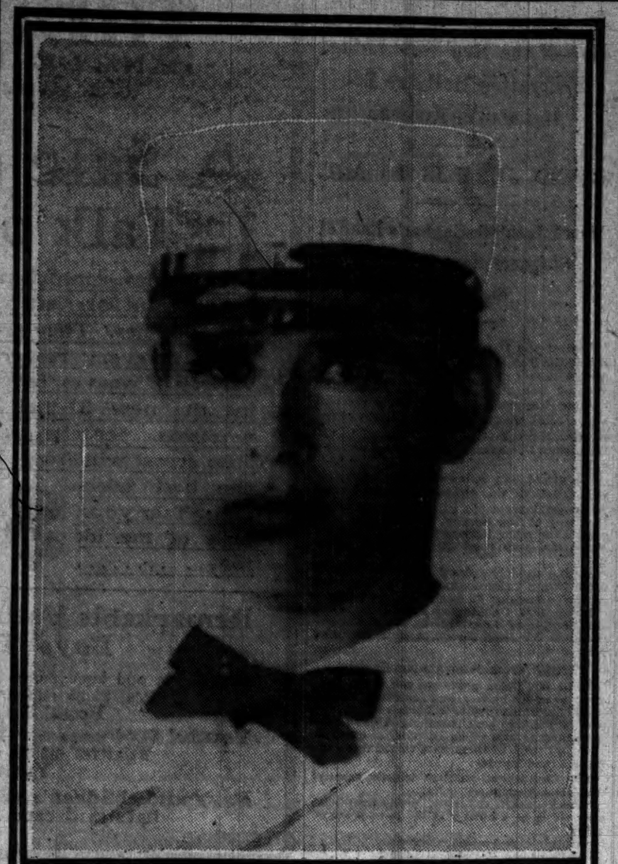
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Chicago Men Among the Injured on Board the Bennington.

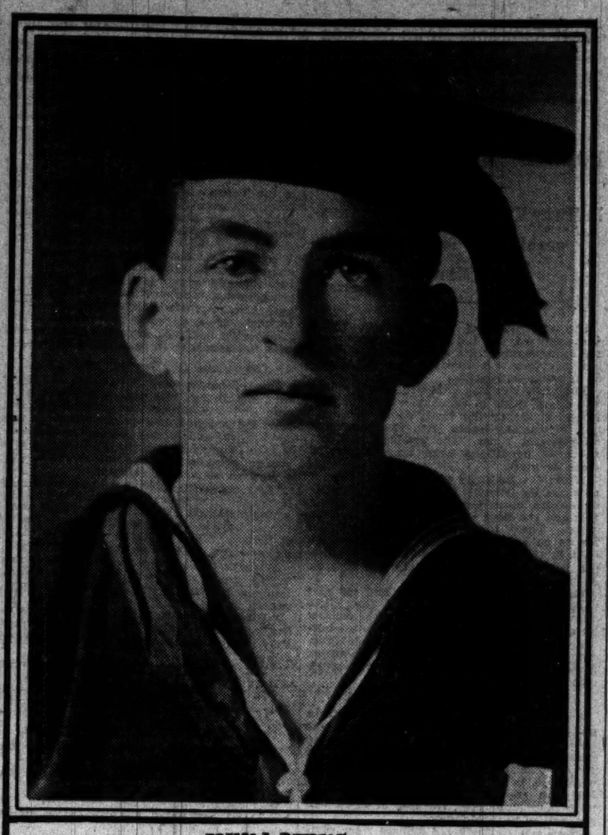


WILLIAM F. PFLUGER.

William F. Pfluger, chief electrician on board the ill fated Bennington, lived with his parents at 638 Addison street, Chicago, until he joined the crew of the boat two years ago. He is 33 years old. He was seriously injured when the explosion occurred.

Pfluger was employed as an electrician in Chicago for several years, joining the Bennington to take charge of the electrical appliances on the boat. He was with the vessel when it cruised about the coast of Japan and in eastern waters shortly before the war between Russia and Japan. He was to get a leave of absence to come home and was awaiting the reply of his superiors when the accident occurred.

His father, Charles A. Pfluger, is also an expert electrician.



JOHN L. BURNS

John L. Burns of Chicago, badly wounded in the Bennington disaster, was 20 years old, and until his enlistment in the navy in February, 1903, lived with his parents at 4944 State street. He was born in Chicago and was graduated from the Farren school. A few days ago Mrs. Burns received a letter from her son, who rated as an apprentice. It was written from Honolulu, where the Bennington was then stationed. The young seaman wrote that the intention was to go to San Diego to coal, and then to Panama. He was looking forward with interest to the visit to the isthmus. There are two brothers and a sister. The latter, Miss Carrie Burns, is declared by her mother to have had a premonition of impending disaster. An unconfirmed report had him in the list of dead.

AUTOIST BURNED TO DEATH

PINNED UNDER CAR, GIRL IS CREMATED IN SIGHT OF FRIENDS.

Explosion of Gasoline Tank Follows Overturning of Machine—Unable to Move Heavy Vehicle, Women Are Powerless to Aid Their Companion—Man Seriously Injured—Indianapolis Party Is Wrecked Near Broad Ripple.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 21.—[Special.]—A party of six young people, while riding in a touring car north of this city this evening, were ditched near the town of Broad Ripple. The gasoline tank exploded and one young woman was burned to death, another slightly injured, and a young man so badly burned he may die. In the party were C. A. Dale, a draftsman in the employ of the Marion Motor Car company; Miss Olive Johnson of Lima, O.; Misses Inez and Clara Brennan of Muncie, and Misses Hazel Orr and Ethel Johnson of this city.

The auto was speeding along the canal bank when the front wheel ran over a large stone and the machine was turned over on its side and then completely upset in the ditch. Miss Olive Johnson Miss Inez Brennan, and young Dale were caught under the machine, while the other three young women were thrown out and beyond it, thus escaping injury except from minor bruises.

Gasoline Tank Explodes.

Just as the car turned over there were two loud explosions, and the gasoline from the tank was thrown over the three pinned under the car. At the same moment the fluid took fire and Miss Johnson's body was instantly enveloped in flames, while Dale's trousers, which were saturated with the oil, took fire. Miss Brennan was caught nearer the edge of the machine and was pulled out by the other young women before her clothing caught fire.

Friends Powerless.

In the meantime, Miss Johnson, partially stunned by being caught under the machine and firmly held against the ground, was covered with oil from the burst tank. She was dressed in light material, and a moment after the flames were communicated to her clothing, her body was covered with fire from head to foot. She appealed piteously to those around to save her, but they were powerless to lift the ponderous machine and were compelled to stand idly by and see her burned to death.

Man Badly Burned.

The cries of the young women attracted the attention of persons not far away, and they hastened to the place and succeeded in lifting the machine from Dale's body and dragging him from beneath it. He was badly burned from his hips down, and is in a precarious condition.

Though bruised and terribly frightened by the accident, the four other young women escaped serious injury, but they were in hysterics when assistance arrived and Dale was rescued. The fire had communicated to the automobile, and it was being consumed over the body of Miss Johnson, which was a charred and blackened mass when the machine was lifted off of it.

Reckless Autoist Killed.

Los Angeles, Cal., July 21.—[Special.]—M. T. Hancock, millionaire inventor and plow manufacturer, is dead and his wife, one son, and a daughter seriously injured as the result of an automobile accident late last night. J. Saul, a dairyman, with whose buggy the auto collided, suffered severe internal injuries.

GIRL FALLS BEFORE "L" TRAIN.

Motorman Stops Just in Time to Save Margaret Boucher's Life at St. Louis Avenue Station.

Margaret Boucher, 19 years old, fell from the platform of the St. Louis avenue station of the Metropolitan elevated railroad yesterday morning and narrowly escaped being ground to death, an approaching train being stopped when within a few feet of her. The girl, who lives at 1506 West Polk street, had worked Thursday night until 10 o'clock in a department store. When she left home for work in the morning she complained of feeling weak.

Ruth Freitas, 2 years old, living one-half mile from the Desplaines camp meeting, was killed by a Chicago Great Western train while playing on the track in front of her home. The accident was witnessed by the child's mother.

In the sight of hundreds of persons on their way to work in the morning, Tony Rich, 15 years old, 83 Miller street, a newsboy, fell between the fender and protecting board of a Cottage Grove avenue cable train at Madison street. He was rolled along fifty feet and severely bruised before the train could be stopped.

EXCURSION BOAT ON ROCKS

MUSIC QUIETS THRONG WHILE CAPTAIN BEACHES CRAFT.

Steamer Sirius, with Hole Stove in Its Hull, Is Run Ashore to Unload the Passengers—Accident Near the Scene of the General Slocum Disaster — Five Hundred Women and Children Crowd Decks While Water Rushes In Below.

New York, July 21.—[Special.]—With the band playing gay tunes to quiet the 500 women and children which crowded its decks, and with water pouring into the hold where a rock had crushed the hull, the iron excursion steamer Sirius was deliberately run aground today to avoid a repetition of the General Slocum disaster.

The Olivet Memorial church in Second street had chartered the craft to take a picnic crowd to Long Island. It was the annual excursion of the Sunday school, and the Sirius took its passengers from the foot of East Second street, from the same dock from which the Slocum started on its ill fated trip. The excursionists were in a jolly mood as the boat neared North Brother island, calming a moment as they neared the place where the Slocum burned.

Runs Close to Shore.

The Sirius was approaching the north end of the island when Capt. Pierce saw the screw boat, W. G. Payne of the Bridgeport line coming down the river. The Payne runs fast, and as the boats neared each other Capt. Pierce took the Sirius nearer the shore of North Brother island. He later said he did this to avoid a collision. The Payne went by with plenty of room, but it drew a great deal of water, so much Capt. Pierce says that his boat was literally thrown on the rocks by the swells.

A crash told that the Sirius had struck, and the boat stopped so suddenly that men, women, and children were thrown to the deck. The band stopped playing and a panic seemed imminent.

Music Quiets Panic.

The uniformed policeman succeeded in calming the women and children, though many women insisted on putting life preservers around their little ones. Then the captain ordered the band to play, and the music acted like magic.

Capt. Pierce soon found the Sirius taking water, and he began to sound the whistle to let passing craft know that he had met with an accident. The College point ferryboat, Hackensack, got near the Sirius quickly, and Capt. Pierce asked the skipper to telephone, when he landed, to the office of the Iron Steamboat company for another steamboat to take off the Sirius' passengers.

Runs Boat Aground.

Capt. Pierce got his boat off the rocks without much trouble, but it began to take water so rapidly that he decided to beach it, and, putting on full speed, ran a mile to the flats opposite One Hundred and Sixtieth street, where it ran aground.

The steamer Massasoit returned and a gangway was made between the two boats and the transferring of passengers began. Before it was finished the Iron steamboat Dreamland appeared. The Massasoit took about half the stranded passengers and the Dreamland the others. The captain of the Dreamland wanted to take the excursionists on to the grove, but all desired to go home.

STEALS DUCK FROM PARK LAKE.

Policeman Hears Wail of Fowl and the Thief Flees, Leaving One Shoe Behind.

A plaintive wail and splashing water attracted the attention of Detective Lavin last night. They apeared to come from the Washington park lagoon.

The detective reached the bank and saw a dark object in the water making rapidly for the shore opposite him. The wails were resumed with more vigor, and Lavin realized they were made by a duck. Then he saw that the object in the water was a man or boy attempting to carry off feathered inhabitants of the park lagoon.

The thief fled into the darkness with his fowl and carrying a bundle of clothing he picked up. One shoe was left behind.

MICHIGAN RESORTS.

Through Sleeping Cars

Via Michigan Central, leaving Chicago 6:55 p. m. daily, arriving Petoskey, Bay View, Harbor Springs, and Mackinac early next morning.

Ticket offices, 119 Adams street, Auditorium Hotel, Great Northern Hotel, Sherman House, and Central Station, Twelfth street and Park row.

14 IN GRAFT INDICTMENTS

MILWAUKEE GRAND JURY ACCUSES FIRE CHIEF CLANCY.

Perjury Charges Found Against Head and Two Subordinates in Department for Denying Knowledge of Two Funds Raised Last Winter—Extortion, Bribery, and Threats Are Alleged Against Officials, Contractors, and Others.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 21.—Twenty-four indictments involving fourteen persons were returned by the grand jury when it made its third report this evening.

The offenses charged are perjury, extortion, bribery, and threats, and, with the exception of six, the names on the list are new in the graft inquiry. The list of the indicted follows:

THOMAS A. CLANCY, chief of the fire department.
WILLIAM E. HANRAHAN, secretary of the fire department.
WILLIAM COERPER, captain of the fire department.
HERMAN W. BUEMMING, county architect.
GUSTAV A. DICK, county architect.
HERMAN NIEDNER, county tile contractor.
FRED HARTUNG, member of legislature and ex-supervisor.
JOHN F. DITTMAR, former supervisor.
MAX REINNOLDT, former supervisor.
WILLIAM O'KEEFE, county supervisor.
FRED AND FRANK SCHULTZ, newspaper reporters.
HERMAN HAASCH, ex-county supervisor.
A. V. KLEPSH, county committee clerk.

Much surprise was occasioned by the indictments against the officials of the fire department. They grow out of the raising of two funds by the firemen last winter to fight the pending legislation relating to their pensions and raises in salary.

Firemen in Perjury Charges.

It appears that the lieutenants and captains subscribed the funds, and while the jury did not find that the money was unlawfully used, Chief Clancy, Secretary Hanrahan, and Capt. Coerper are said to have withheld information about the raising and use of these funds, and it is on this that their indictments are based. Clancy is said to have denied certain knowledge of the funds, and the jury charged him with perjury.

Chief Clancy probably will not be suspended pending the trial. Clancy only recently was appointed.

Mayor Rose, who is out of the city, said over the telephone concerning Clancy:

"If it is merely a question of veracity, and the chief's official conduct is not involved, I shall not suspend him."

Frank and Fred Schultz, newspaper reporters, are accused of having threatened grafters in the county board with exposure in the paper they work for unless they were paid for their silence.

Buemming and Dick are charged with having offered August Puls, former chairman of the building committee of the county board, $2,000 for a contract for designing the new county hospital. They failed to get the contract, and Puls since has testified against them.

State Witness Also Indicted.

Niedner did work on the county hospital. Sometime ago he went before the grand jury, asked immunity, and told all he knew about the graft in the county board. He was indicted, nevertheless, on a charge of having offered E. F. Strauss $1,350 in consideration of his getting a tiling contract.

The indictments against Klefish, Hartung, Haasch, O'Keefe, Reinnoldt, and Dittmar all relate to county matters, and are for accepting bribes in connection with the building of the county hospital. They are based on confessions made by E. F. Strauss, L. R. Stollenberg, August Puls, and Otto Seidel Jr., and are similar to bills returned in the former reports of the jury.

When the jury met it excused the stenographer and District Attorney McGovern, and proceeded to vote the indictments. Judge Tarrant received the jury's report, and ordered arrests to be made promptly.

HE SHOOTS AT FLEEING BOY.

Detective Slightly Wounds Sterling Hazel When Lad Refuses to Halt When Ordered.

Because he ran when ordered to halt last night Sterling Hazel, 18 years old, 3648 State street, was shot and slightly wounded by Detective Kelly near the Provident hospital at Twenty-sixth and Dearborn streets. Then the boy was arrested. Hazel was standing near the corner with other boys. When they saw Kelly approaching they ran and in the chase which followed several shots were fired. One of the bullets struck the stone pavement and glanced off, striking Hazel in the neck. Persons living in the vicinity had complained of the boys.

YELLOW JACK AT ORLEANS

CASES OF PLAGUE IN LOUISIANA CITY CREATE ALARM.

Alabama Promptly Quarantines Against All Persons from the State—Montgomery Frightened Over the Outlook and Criticises Executive for Lack of Haste—Will Inspect All Trains and Keep Out Passengers and Personal Baggage.

Montgomery, Ala., July 21.—[Special.]—"In view of the undoubted presence of yellow fever in New Orleans, I recommend a state quarantine against all persons from that point."

This was the telegram received by Gov. Jelks this afternoon from Dr. Bonduarnt of the Alabama Medical association.

Another telegram was received from Acting United States Assistant Surgeon Glennan, in which he certified the above.

There is much excitement in the city and criticism is being heaped upon the governor for not issuing his proclamation tonight.

Tomorrow every train coming into Alabama from New Orleans will be inspected by quarantine officers and no person or personal baggage from that point will be allowed to enter the state.

The information here is that there are only a few cases there and that they are confined to two blocks.

Three States Quarantine.

New Orleans, La., July 21.—[Special.]—In consequence of the announcement made from New Orleans today by the Alabama health authorities that came here to investigate the report that yellow fever existed in the city, Texas, Mississippi, and Alabama have quarantined against New Orleans provisionally. Gov. Vardaman has taken personal charge of the Mississippi situation.

There is little excitement, the entire situation being regarded as accidental and likely to a speedy ending.

Two Cases at Present.

When asked concerning the decision reached by the Alabama authorities who came to New Orleans to investigate, Dr. Souchon, president of the state board of health, said:

"The Alabama authorities who came here have decided that two cases of those they were shown are yellow fever. One of these is still alive, though moribund. The other is living and will recover. We did not admit, as yet, that the cases are yellow fever, but will await the diagnosis of an autopsy, which probably will be possible tomorrow.

"There are two important facts to be remembered in considering the situation. One is that the Alabama quarantine is only against passengers, not against freight, and that the regular and most important freight traffic into Alabama and through Alabama, and all through passenger traffic will not be interfered with in the least.

Infected Quarter Fumigated.

"Furthermore, the work of sanitation that will be carried on in the section where the cases were found will be vigorously prosecuted, and after the expiration of a few weeks, if we report that the sanitation has progressed to a satisfactory end—the fever being stamped out—the Alabama authorities will return, and if they find the situation justifies it, will order the quarantine removed."

Dr. Quitman Kohnke of the city board of health, when asked about the situation last night, said:

"We will admit nothing until the autopsical investigations show that the cases are yellow fever. Certainly, I have seen nothing yet which I would take to justify me in announcing that the cases under investigation were yellow fever."

TEAMSTERS GET NO VACATIONS.

Board of Education Committee Reminds Employes of an Agreement They Had Made.

Teamsters employed by the board of education who are paid $65 a month, are not entitled to a vacation in the summer, according to the ruling of the committee on buildings and grounds yesterday afternoon.

The reason was a promise by the workers in December, 1903, that if they were given an increase of $5 a month in their pay they would forfeit the right to a vacation with pay.

The men this year presented a petition to the committee through Trustee Harding for a two weeks' vacation with pay.

At the meeting bids were opened on school improvement work and the construction of new buildings, and some contracts were awarded. It was also decided to rearrange the rooms in the basements of some of the schools so that part of the assembly halls may be used for teaching purposes.

OIL KING ON TEMPERANCE.

ROCKEFELLER SAYS HE NEVER TASTED DROP OF LIQUOR.

Hears Members of Euclid Avenue Church in Cleveland Say They Would Not Be Rich if It Came Dishonestly and Then Gives Talk on Evils of Drink — Tells Women of the Great Responsibilities That Rest on Their Shoulders.

Cleveland, O., July 21.—[Special.]—John D. Rockefeller made reference to his past life as one of strict abstemiousness, in which he had never tasted a drop of intoxicating liquor, and he implored young men of the present generation to emulate him, at a prayer meeting in the Euclid Avenue Baptist church tonight.

While others talked of their religious experiences as affecting their own characters, and still others exploited their daily life in the business world as being in strict accord with the golden rule's teachings, declaring they never wanted to be rich if they had to make a dollar dishonestly, the richest man in the world sat placidly by and waited his opportunity, which came three minutes before the close of a long meeting.

Weight on Rockefeller Conscience.

"Since one week ago," said Mr. Rockefeller, "I have carried a weight on my conscience. It has borne me down. I have not enjoyed life."

Some expected it was a prelude to a refutation of Miss Ida Tarbell's recent attacks upon the oil king's family and his business methods.

"I have been thinking of something I wanted to say at the last prayer meeting," continued the speaker, and scores of necks craned to catch a glimpse of him. "I didn't have the courage to say it then, but now that the subject has been touched upon here tonight I'm not going to let the opportunity go by me.

"Let me importune every one here to abstain from strong drink. No matter where we go, we see so much of the effects of liquor. Homes and families are ruined by this curse alone. No man can succeed in business who uses strong drink, and no person has a place in better society who fails to its power.

Never Took Drop of Liquor.

"Men start out by taking a tipple. These hot days make summer drinks inviting to some, so they take a little. But that little too often proves a little too much, and men go down to ruination. It is that first little drop that paves the way. I can say before my Maker that never in my life have I tasted a drop of drink. Even a little has been far too much for me to bear, and I could not take a drop now.

"And right here let me say to the women and girls, Do you realize what a weight of responsibility you have in this world? Have any of you ever thought you were the cause of the downfall of some man? But I have talked long enough; I'll stop now."

CITY CLERK IS URGED TO OUST DEPUTY FROM OFFICE.

Citizens' Association Demands That Anson Prefer Charges Against Ehrhorn, Accused of Altering Records.

The Citizens' association endeavored to bring pressure to bear on City Clerk Anson yesterday to cause him to file charges against Deputy City Clerk Ehrhorn, accused of altering council records in the tunnel case.

A letter calling his attention to the character of the evidence against the chief deputy was sent to the city clerk, and this was followed by a visit from Secretary Shelby M. Singleton.

The communication was as follows:

Mr. Adrian C. Anson.—City Clerk, City of Chicago.—Dear Sir: The evidence produced in the recent trial on the indictments of tunnel officials and others in the Criminal court regarding alleged fraudulent alteration of records of the city council so strongly indicates gross official misconduct on the part of Edward H. Ehrhorn, deputy city clerk, as to require action on your part, in justice to yourself and to the public. The Citizens' association therefore asks that you present the facts to the civil service commission for investigation. Respectfully, SHELBY M. SINGLETON, Secretary.

When Mr. Singleton visited City Clerk Anson to get his answer he was told the matter would be laid before the mayor on his return to the city.

"I will be guided by what the mayor advises," said the city clerk.

Mr. Singleton also visited the civil service board rooms. Neither Commissioner Prentiss nor Commissioner Powell returned to the city during the day, and the proposed action of the commission calling on Anson to prefer charges was not taken.

GIRL TO EXPLODE DYNAMITE.

Fifty Tons Will Be Used to Blow Up Henderson's Point, N. H.—Miss Foster to Press Button.

Portsmouth, N. H., July 21.—[Special.]—Promptly at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon Miss Edith Foster will press a button which will send the entire voltage of the navy yard electric light plant into nearly fifty tons of dynamite. The resulting explosion is expected to break into fragments 70,000 tons of solid ledge, all that is left of Henderson's point.

The blast, the largest ever set off in this country, if not in the world, it is thought will create a disturbance in the water which will repay amply the thousands of people who will gather on the nearby shores to witness the sight. What will be the effect of this gigantic explosion is problematical, although the engineers do not expect any serious damage.

Preparation for the blast has been going on for the last three years, and as an engineering feat attracted attention all over the world. To remove the point of land 300 feet long by an average width of 400 feet to a depth of 35 feet below mean low water, and in the face of a tide the maximum speed of which is five knots an hour, was the problem which faced the engineers.

BITTEN BY SUPPOSED MAD DOG.

James Daly, a Sailor, Wounded in Leg by Animal Which Afterwards Escapes Pursuers.

James Daly, a sailor, 40 years old, 300 Clark street, was standing at Clark and Van Buren streets, when a dog which had been snapping and growling at several persons who were standing on the sidewalk, sprang at his throat. Daly kicked at the animal and fell. The dog then bit one of Daly's legs.

Policeman Flannery was attracted to the scene by the cry of "Mad dog!" and he headed the crowd which ran south in Clark street in pursuit of the dog. He fired several shots at the animal, which ran into an alley and escaped. Daly was taken to the Emergency hospital.

Fall Through Shaft Kills Man.

Charles Humszhas, 22 years old, 751 Jefferson street, was instantly killed yesterday by falling from the sixth floor of a building through the elevator shaft. Humszhas, who was employed by the Meris & Heaney Manufacturing company, 715-727 Sangamon street, attempted to leave the elevator, but missed his footing and fell backwards into the shaft.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL.

Important Change of Time. Earlier Departure.

On and after Sunday, July 23, the New Orleans Special will leave Chicago at 9:45 a. m. instead of at 10 a. m., arriving at New Orleans at 11 a. m. the next day. The Daylight Special for St. Louis will leave Chicago at 10 a. m. instead of at 9:45 a. m. Tickets and reservations at city ticket office, 99 Adams street. Phone Central 2706.

BIG BLIND LOAN REPAID BY HYDE.

Former Vice President's Personal Check for $685,000 Liquidated Ugly Debt.

DISPOSITION A SECRET.

State Officials Hope to Expose Other Graft by Following Up the Clews in This One.

New York, July 21.—[Special.]—The mystery of the $685,000 loan which the Mercantile Trust company had standing on its books to the joint account of Former President James W. Alexander and Former Controller Thomas D. Jordan of the Equitable Life Assurance society when State Superintendent of Insurance Hendricks made his investigation, was removed today.

It became known that J. H. Hyde, vice president, paid the note last Monday by a certified check for the whole amount.

Thomas D. Jordan brought the check into the office of the trust company. Payment was made nominally for the trustee account, but it is said the check was signed by Hyde, and that the funds behind it were his.

All Discreetly Silent.

Mr. Hyde refused to discuss the matter today and all the officers of the Equitable society and of the Mercantile Trust who might be able to tell about it declined to do so.

A complete record of the loan account, with the names of all those who have received the money from it, the amounts so received, and the dates of payment, is in the hands of the state officers and will be used by the attorney general and held available for the legislative committee which is to investigate all life insurance companies.

Judge Mayer has been particularly anxious to obtain such a record for two weeks, and to trace any payments made for any purpose actually for the Equitable society but not appearing on its books.

Judge Mayer left the city hurriedly for Albany tonight. Supt. Kilburn of the state banking department, to whom officers of the Mercantile Trust company gave the complete account of the loan transactions for his use and that of the attorney general, left Albany for the woods.

Society Nothing to Do with Loan.

The Equitable society, the examiners have ascertained, never had anything more to do with the loan than was involved in Hyde's indorsement as vice president. That, of course, bound the society while it stood in force, and it is understood that this was the reason for the demand by the state officers recently, on the counsel of the society, that the loan be taken up.

Chairman Paul Morton is authority for the statement that no record of such a loan has been found yet on the Equitable's books. It is understood that the records of the executive committee of the Equitable, as far as they have been examined by his men, do not disclose any authorization of the indorsement of the note by Mr. Hyde. Mr. Morton would not discuss the matter at any length today, saying only that when he completed his investigation of the loan the results would be made public.

The names of those who received the money through the Alexander-Jordan loan, which has been running for years, will be the subject of a special report to the state officers. The examination which has been made into the matter has been directed to finding out whether any suits against the Mercantile trust brought by losers in the United States Shipbuilding syndicate have been settled through this channel.

Hope to Expose Other Graft.

The investigators hope to discover more about the final disposition of certain sums when they shall have had the recipients of the loan proceeds under judicial examination.

Jacob H. Schiff of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., whose firm was notified on Thursday to transfer the Union Pacific preferred stock standing in the name of James H. Hyde and his associates in the Equitable society, refused today to say whether the transfer had been made.

"I am not discussing Equitable's matters," was all Mr. Schiff would say.

Considerable interest was aroused in Wall street over the notice for the transfer of the stock by reason of the testimony which Mr. Schiff gave before Superintendent of Insurance Hendricks that his firm did not recognise the Equitable society matter at all. Subsequently Schiff showed Hendricks a letter written to Kuhn, Loeb & Co. by Mr. Hyde about a year ago before the Union Pacific preferred syndicate was formed in which notice was given that thereafter "all participations of the Equitable Life Assurance society underwriting syndicates and so forth would be made in the name of James H. Hyde and his associates."

Albany, N. Y., July 21.—As a result of the developments of last night and today, it is stated authoritatively that the work of probing the life insurance situation will be divided as follows:

First—The state insurance department will devote itself to establishing the actual financial condition of all companies chartered by the state in order to satisfy the policy holders of the value of their holdings.

Second—The joint committee of the legislature will probe all past scandals, call witnesses to the stand, officers not only of the Equitable, but also of other companies, to show their connection with the dealings of the Equitable management. E. H. Harriman and Chauncey M. Depew will be among those summoned.

Third—Attorney General Mayer will compel the restitution of all moneys wrongfully diverted from policy holders to personal use of officers and directors.

Fourth—The governor and other republican leaders will frame the laws rendered necessary by the disclosures of the superintendent of insurance, and the committee of the legislature. Superintendent of Banks Kilburn will perform his belated duty and examine every trust company having business with life insurance companies.

Criminal prosecution of offending officers of the Equitable will be undertaken by District Attorney Jerome.

ACCUSE LAWYER OF EXTORTION

New York Attorney Charged with Compounding a Felony—Forced to Abandon Trip.

New York, July 21.—[Special.]—Champe S. Andrews, counsel of the County Medical society and one of the most prominent young lawyers of New York City, practically is a prisoner, charged with extortion and compounding a felony while acting as attorney for Dr. John A. Harris, who figured in the arrest of two gamblers a few weeks ago. Andrews avoided arrest by promising not to leave New York on the steamer on which he had arranged passage, on which he was to leave tomorrow morning. Andrews agreed to postpone his trip and present himself at District Attorney Jerome's office Monday morning.

The virtual arrest of Andrews is the development of the story of the fleecing of Dr. Harris and his subsequent revenge upon two gamblers, John S. Stroenider alias George Snyder, and George McKee.

District Attorney Jerome is convinced that his office was made the instrument in the collection of the sum of $12,500 lost by Harris while gambling with Stroenider and McKee, and from affidavits filed in his office he is assured that Andrews and Dr. Harris forced Mrs. Stroenider to turn over to John S. Cooper, a clerk in the office of Andrews, a deed to her house in Flatbush valued at $11,000.

Will Not Break Cameron Dam.

Ladysmith, Wis., July 21.—The Mississippi Log and Boom company has evidently given up its fight to drive its 20,000,000 feet of logs through the Cameron dam against the protests of John F. Dietz. The company is now loading its logs on skids preparatory to hauling them around the famous dam next winter.

BOARD NULLIFIES CLAIM OF RIDDLE

West Park Commissioners Rescind Order Granted Attorney by Predecessors.

TO STOP LEGAL ACTION.

Will End Proceedings Brought to Secure $27,624, "Fee for Extra Services."

As the result of action taken by the west park board at a special meeting yesterday afternoon Attorney Benjamin F. Richolson will go into court this morning to inform Judge Honoré that the new board has rescinded the "pretended" action of the old board in submitting to arbitration the claim of Attorney F. A. Riddle for $27,624 for "extra legal services."

The new board disposed of Mr. Riddle's claim with small ceremony, undoing the work of Bangs, Peters, and Graham by the adoption of a resolution declaring it to be without authority, "wholly void, and of no effect," and setting forth the facts in the case as shown by the records of the board.

Although the new commissioners understood when they began the investigation that the amount submitted to arbitration was $15,000, they found that this was the amount of only one claim and that the total of all claims advanced by the former attorney of the board was over $27,000.

They also discovered that during the period in which these extra services were performed the board had paid out $50,000 in attorney's fees, this sum being divided between Attorneys Noonan, John S. Miller, and Edward O. Brown, the last two receiving $7,500 and Noonan $15,000.

Commissioners Pass New Orders.

The meeting of the board was short but brisk. The commissioners not only disposed of Mr. Riddle's claim, but they passed an order invalidating all free boat tickets and forbidding the further issuance of them, an order for an inventory of all park property, and an order for a report from the attorney on all suits pending in which the board is interested.

Before the special meeting was called to order the commissioners met in conference with Former Secretary Fieldhouse, and the history of the Riddle case was reviewed. The official session being opened, President Eckhart produced a resolution which was read and adopted.

It explained the circumstances in which Mr. Riddle's claim was developed and sets forth that it had been passed on unfavorably by the board twice before the meeting at which it was referred to arbitration.

Text of the Resolution.

As to the merits of Attorney Riddle's claim, the resolution says:

"It appears from the records that during the time the said F. A. Riddle claims to have rendered extra professional services as attorney for the board of West Chicago park commissioners the said F. A. Riddle was regularly employed by the board as its attorney at a regular fixed and stipulated sum per month, which monthly payments were made to him in full payment and satisfaction of all services rendered by said F. A. Riddle as an attorney.

"The records of the board further show that during the time when the said F. A. Riddle claims to have rendered extra professional services, as set forth in his claim, the board of West Chicago park commissioners was obliged to employ three other attorneys to assist the said F. A. Riddle in the transaction of necessary park business, and to pay to each of the said three attorneys large sums of money.

"By the record of the pretended proceedings of June 27, 1905, this being among the last acts of the retiring board, it appears that but three of the seven commissioners constituting the board voted for the resolution, and that the pretended resolution received but a minority vote of the board, and that therefore said resolution conferred no authority on the president and the secretary to sign their names thereto as president and secretary, or to sign the name of the West Chicago park commissioners, or to affix the corporate seal of the said board to the stipulation filed in the Circuit court of Cook county July 13, 1905, entitled 'F. A. Riddle vs. West Chicago park commissioners.'"

Declared to Be Void.

For these reasons the resolution declared that the "pretended action of the minority members of the board is hereby declared to be wholly void and of no force or effect."

Commissioner O'Donnell explained that Riddle as a "municipal officer" could not, under the law, be paid extra fees.

After the resolution had been adopted Mr. O'Donnell suggested that a "competent attorney" be employed to present the matter to Judge Honoré.

Free Boat Tickets Invalidated.

This matter having been disposed of in the shortest possible time Commissioner Eggert pulled a resolution from his pocket by the adoption of which the board put an end to the free boat pass "graft."

Commissioner Wells also drew from his pocket a resolution calling for a complete inventory of the park property, and Commissioner O'Donnell produced one demanding a statement of lawsuits in which the board is involved. All of these were passed, and, having started a few "reforms," the board adjourned.

With reference to the investigation of the Riddle claim President Eckhart said after the meeting:

"The whole affair is ridiculous. It appears that the board recovered about $200,000 of the Dreyer money. Of this it already has paid out $30,000 in fees, and Mr. Riddle's claim if paid would raise the total to nearly $60,000. Part of his services are alleged to have concerned special assessment matters, but all were rendered during the time of the Dreyer case."

May Select New Attorney.

The employment of Attorney Richolson to present the case to Judge Honoré is believed to indicate that he has been selected to succeed the present attorney of the board, Delavan B. Cole.

The next meeting of the board will be held on Tuesday, when it is expected that Mr. Fieldhouse will have his financial statement ready, and when some action to meet the embarrassments of the present financial condition of the board will be planned.

FIND SMALL PARK TOO SMALL.

Citizens of Thirtieth Ward Meet to Protest, but Are Told It Is Too Late.

The Thirtieth Ward Citizens' club met in a stormy session last night in St. Cecilia's parish hall, Forty-fifth street and Princeton avenue, protesting against the smallness of the "small park" in that ward. The "small park" is the one between Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth places and Princeton avenue and the Pennsylvania tracks. It contains but 7 8-10 acres, and the Citizens' club believes it should have at least ten acres.

Senator John C. McShane, member of the park commission, told the club that the protest was too late.

"The law specifically states that after the selection has been made, no ground may be added to it."

A motion for the executive committee to appoint a subcommittee to wait on the south park board to lay before it plans for improvements and a plan for future extension of the parks in that ward was carried.

Man Drowns in the Lake.

An unidentified man was drowned yesterday afternoon while swimming in the lake at the foot of Sixteenth street. Joseph Dolan, 1754 Clark street, saw the man struggling in the water and made an effort to save him, but failed. The man was apparently 27 years old and had a plain gold ring on his finger. The body was taken to Horan's undertaking rooms, 169 Eighteenth street.

One Fare to Hot Springs, Ark.

Plus $2, for round trip, daily, good for 30 days. Summer is the best time for treatment. Ask any ticket agent.

CLOUDS DARK FOR LYMAN.

GRAND JURY IS ALMOST CERTAIN TO INDICT HIM.

Testimony of Harry W. Maxwell, Until Last Sunday Manager of the Surety Mortgage Company, Is Desired to Clinch the Evidence—Assistant State's Attorney Harry Olson Is Investigating Other Companies Man Has Been Connected With

Sufficient evidence was brought into sight by the grand jury investigation yesterday to insure the indictment of George N. Lyman, accused of swindling three widowed sisters out of $21,000, which they invested in his "get rich quick" scheme. Acting State's Attorney Olson said at the close of the session:

"The grand jury heard but little testimony in the case, but it is already apparent that there are sufficient grounds for a true bill on the charge of larceny as bailee."

Assistant State's Attorney Going, who has charge of the case, voiced the same opinion.

The one witness who is so much desired by the state's attorney is Harry W. Maxwell, until last Sunday manager of the Surety Mortgage Loan company, the corporation to which Lyman persuaded Mesdames Lindley, Norris, and Smith to subscribe. Maxwell has evaded the constables, and he declared yesterday that he did not wish to "mix up in the affair" in any way. He is not staying at his home, 1441 North Halsted street, but has not left the city.

Books Believed to Show Shortage.

The books of the company are thought to be in the possession of Attorney Joseph Latimer, counsel for Lyman, as they were surrendered by Maxwell several weeks ago. If that is the case they cannot be used by the state's attorney. They are said to show that the daily balance of cash on hand at the company's office never exceeded $100, and that there is a shortage of more than $1,000 drawn by Lyman personally and not entered upon the books.

More than $26,000 was subscribed by the four women and was not placed to the company's credit. It is said it remained in Lyman's hands, and only about one-half of it was used in the business.

Lyman received $75 a month salary as president. His partner, George D. Bardon, received a similar amount, but he now declares he knew nothing about the affairs of the company.

Investigating Other Companies.

Assistant State's Attorney Harry Olson was busy on the case all day. He did not confine his operations to the mere charges in hand, but investigated the histories of other similar companies which Lyman has fostered. He called upon J. W. Farley, who has a mortgage loan office at 130 Dearborn street, and there learned of the disastrous fate which overtook the Security Mortgage company after three years of downhill running, which consumed about $15,000, most of which is said to have belonged to Miss Amelia Thompson. She also had $5,000 of her money in the Surety, but has entered no charge at the state's attorney's office.

The Security company was organized in 1890, with offices at 167 Washington street. Chancellor Benedict was installed as manager, and he, according to the statements of Farley, who succeeded him, not only mismanaged the business but became entangled in a wire tapping scheme with a saloonkeeper named Cavanagh, and lost $4,000 of the company's funds. When his actions were reported to his employers he asked what they intended to do about it, and upon being told that they could do nothing, he departed to Arizona. It is said Lyman withdrew $10,000 of the original capital with which to pay so-called "dividends."

Looking Up Lyman's Record.

The history of the North Side Mortgage company, founded in 1902, and foundered the next year, was found to be still more tragic. The first manager employed disappeared with about $7,000, and "Billy" Truax, son of the woman who claimed a common law marriage with G. Frank White, and fought his will, which gave his entire property to Lyman, replaced him. A shortage was discovered in his accounts, and the company was merged with the Surety company.

The state's attorney's office is investigating several ugly rumors concerning Lyman's personal record. One of them alleges a familiarity with Mrs. Lindley, which was marked by frequent champagne suppers, and another that he employed betting commissioners to represent him at the racetracks, where he lost a great deal of money.

SOUTH CHICAGO VIGILANTES FOUND TO BE IMAGINARY.

Business Men Alleged to Have Formed Committee to Patrol Streets Deny Such Action or Even Need of It.

Following exaggerated reports of robberies and burglaries in South Chicago, the report was printed in afternoon papers yesterday that a committee of business men would begin patrolling the streets last night. The report had members of the business community "assembling and selecting the men who were to be the representatives of the vigilantes."

The police denied that their duties were to be assumed by merchants, and last evening the business men named asserted they had taken no such action. They sent to Capt. P. D. O'Brien of the South Chicago police station the following communication:

"South Chicago, July 21.—We, the undersigned business men of South Chicago, whose names have been mentioned in articles in certain afternoon papers of this date, as forming members of a vigilance committee for the purpose of suppressing alleged crime and violence in this part of the city, hereby publicly state that we are not members of any committee, that there has been no meeting held by us or others in South Chicago for the purpose of forming such committee, that there is no such committee in existence, nor is there any occasion whatsoever therefore.

"We further publicly declare that South Chicago at the present time, as well as in the past, is a peaceable, orderly part of the city of Chicago, and that there is no foundation in deed or in act for the sensational and slanderous articles published in the evening press relative to conditions here.

"GEORGE G. BENDER,
"Ninety-second street.
"DUNCAN CAMPBELL,
"9215 Commercial avenue.
"ARTHUR H. HANSEN,
"271 Ninety-second street.
"GEORGE H. MEYERS,
"9213 Commercial avenue."

SWEDISH SINGERS TELL THE NORSE MYTHOLOGY IN MUSIC.

Program of Second Concert Also Is Devoted to National and Popular Airs of Foreign Countries.

Popular and classical songs of France, Italy, Norway, America, and Sweden were sung by the 650 members of the American Union of Swedish Singers in their second concert at the Auditorium last night. Norse mythology also entered into the program, with several numbers devoted to the legends of early Swedish history.

Mme. Anna Hellstrom received an enthusiastic reception when she appeared on the stage to give her first selection, from "La Traviata." The audience arose and cheered her, and it was several minutes before she was able to begin her solo. The noted singer gave a second selection, singing "Stjarnklart," by Josephson; "Dagslandan," by Hallström; and "Tag emod Krandsen," by Soderman.

The Swedish Glee clubs of Brooklyn and Chicago shared the honors in the male quartet numbers. The Chicago club, led by John R. Ortengren, gave the ballad, "Pa Kna," translated in English, "On Knee." The Brooklyn club, led by Arved Akerlind, presented "Olav Tryggvason," a ballad of an early Swedish king.

The musical festival closed with the concert last evening.

SUMMER COLDS.

Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world wide Cold Cure, removes the cause. Call for the full name and look for signature of E. W. Grove. 25c.

STRIKERS HASTEN FOR OLD PLACES.

Great Numbers Make Application and 400 of Them Are Employed.

FORBID UNION BUTTON.

Railway Express Companies Inexorable, Not Taking Back a Man.

The aftermath of the teamsters' strike was marked by the rush of strikers for reëmployment and the plans of employers to return to normal business conditions as speedily as possible.

Not until Monday, it is believed, will the wheels of trade in Chicago, obstructed for fifteen weeks by the costly conflict with labor, be turning again with the regularity of peaceful times. The gradual readjustment of conditions even may require a week or more.

While the majority of the striking drivers now are on friendly terms again with their employers more than 1,000 have yet to go through the final formalities of ending the strike. These men, the last of the strike forces to capitulate, probably will be free to seek their old positions tomorrow, when the truck and coal teamsters will vote on ending the strike.

There are 790 truck drivers and 400 coal teamsters still on strike, and they have threatened to add a last flurry to the conflict by demanding the right to wear union buttons. It is believed, however, that they, too, will fall in line by Monday. Many of the truck drivers joined the stampede to find work with their old firms.

Only 400 Men Re-employed.

Approximately 400 strikers succeeded in getting reëmployment. The number was about equally divided between the State street department stores and the lumber yards. The lumber drivers it was expected would go back in a body, but, owing to a delay in the completion of arrangements with their employers, the rest of them will not return until Monday.

From ten to forty old drivers were reinstated at each of the various State street houses. Siegel, Cooper & Co., owing to preparations for an extended delivery service, were able to assign thirty-five strikers. Ten men were taken back by the Fair, twelve by Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., and similar numbers by the Boston store, Rothschild's, and Mandel Brothers. Hillman's, it was said, will reëmploy more than a score today.

The number of applications for work in every case was more than triple the number of old men reëngaged. Employers refused to discharge nonunion men who had been hired during the strike.

"The men are coming back as individuals," said Joseph Basch, superintendent of Siegel, Cooper & Co. "They are required to fill out and sign our application blanks, and thus are bound to observe the barn rules."

"Barn Rules" Forbid Union Button.

At the big barns on the south and west sides crowds of strikers seeking work gathered about the large posters on which the rules were printed. Some of the clauses, especially the one forbidding the wearing of union buttons, were hard for the old drivers to swallow. They studied the rules for a long time, but in the end the majority appeared at the superintendent's office in the line of applicants.

The six railway express companies remained inexorable. Not a single striker, according to the general agents, was reëmployed. Furthermore, the agents said the companies would adhere to their determination to the end. Hundreds of applications were made by the strikers, but in each case the men were told that it was hopeless. Scores of express drivers left last night in search of work in other cities.

"It is hard," said George C. Taylor of the American Express company, "but the men brought it on themselves. They were warned and now they must take their medicine. Again, it is no more than right that we should provide for the men who served us faithfully through the strike."

Two Unions Still on Strike.

The clearing of the strike atmosphere did not extend to the wholesale houses, the big coal companies, nor to dozens of manufacturing firms employing truck and coal drivers.

For the grocery dealers A. A. Sprague II. explained the situation as follows:

"The truck drivers' strike is not officially ended as yet, I understand, and will not be until Sunday. In the meantime we are continuing the same as we have been with our old drivers. I do not know what we shall do about rehiring old drivers. Some of the other grocery firms, I have heard, received applications today from the strikers."

At the offices of the Peabody Coal company and of F. G. Hartwell & Co. it was said that no striking drivers had asked for reinstatement. The coal men made no changes in their methods of delivery with nonunion drivers, which have been in vogue since the strike.

Hugh McGee, president of the Truck Drivers' union, was credited with saying that the truck drivers' strike would continue until the conditions demanded by the men were met by the employers. The truck drivers, however, will settle with the Chicago Team Owners' association, which, it is believed, will smooth out the way to some extent.

"The coal teamsters are in no hurry to go back to work," said W. J. Kelly, secretary of the union. "We have money and can wait until the coal dealers get good and ready to take us back."

It was said, although not by the officers of the Coal Teamsters' union, that the coal drivers had a bone to pick with the Peabody and Hartwell companies, and that they still intended to remain out for the purpose of causing trouble. Other leaders declared the coal drivers' "bluff" would last only until Monday.

Nonunion Men Stay.

The union officials generally look for an exodus of nonunion men tonight following pay day in the nonunion lodging houses. Secretary Fred W. Job of the Employers' association was not inclined to agree with this view.

"We expected wholesale desertions immediately after the news of the end of the strike became known," said he. "As a matter of fact only five men quit."

One of the permanent results of the strike, it is claimed by the employers, will be the Employers' Teaming company. Conceived as a strike breaking machine and unusually successful in this regard, the teaming venture, it is said, has proved to be a profitable and feasible institution.

ED. PINAUD'S
EAU DE QUININE HAIR TONIC

cleanses the scalp, cures dandruff, invigorates and strengthens the roots of the hair.

Having given the hair health—the first necessity—it gives beauty, elasticity and lustre.

FREE ED. PINAUD'S EAU DE QUININE HAIR TONIC for three applications; enough exquisite perfume for five times, and famous ELIXIR DENTIFRICE for five times. Send 10c to pay postage and packing.

ED. PINAUD'S AMERICAN OFFICES
ED. PINAUD BUILDING New York City.

TELLS TALES OF TEXAS.

ANTON PETROSKE SAYS CURRANTS GROW ON BIG TREES.

Narratives Hold Spellbound the Boys of the Junior Business Club Until the Raconteur, Who Is 17 Years Old, Becomes Critical of Court, Cooking, and Sleeping Apartments—Judge McWilliams Orders Story Teller Sent to St. Charles.

Wild and weird have been the tales of life in the Texas wilds told during the last week by Anton Petroske, 17 years old, to the boys of the Junior Business club in West Adams street. The series of narratives ended when in the Juvenile court yesterday, Judge McWilliams was told the lad had been given a chance to work and "bucked."

Petroske came to Chicago on a freight train, bringing his stories of life on the frontier with him. Arrested, he said he was willing to work. He declared he believed life in Chicago would suit him, although he never had been in a larger town than Dallas before.

Organizes for Descent on Texas.

Judge Holdom gave Petroske a chance to earn his living. He sent him to the boys' club and a situation was secured for him. The lad worked two days. Then he was discharged, and in the two days succeeding is said to have started the organization of a youths' brigade for a descent on Texas with a view to commercial triumphs.

"Any man with $100 can make more money in Texas in ten years than he can in Chicago with $10,000,000," said Petroske to his audience of boys in opening his discourse in praise of Texas. "You've got a chance to make money there. There's no chance in Chicago."

Petroske told strange tales of the animals in the great southwest. His hearers were impressed with the way he told of life on a ranch.

"Why, we used to milk Texas cows morning, noon, and night," said Petroske. "And they used to give more than cows do here in a week."

"But I like sheep best," piped up little Albert Ryan.

"In Texas the sheep have long wool and fine, and, besides, they lay eggs," said the Texan.

Tells Wild, Weird Tales of Texas.

In the week that Petroske stayed at the club he told the boys there:

That Texas weather never gets cold enough for mittens nor hot enough for fans.

That currants grow on big trees in the "soft grass belt" near Dallas, and often 100 bushels are taken from one tree.

That Texas turkeys live in the trees and nest in the highest branches.

That grass grows so high in all the fields that herds of cattle get lost there for days at a time.

Men in Chicago are all grafters. They'll steal anything they can get their hands on, but have no sense of money making.

Judge Holdom would profit by a visit to Texas.

No one in Chicago knows anything. They ought to go to Texas to learn something.

Buffalos abound in Texas and often climb trees to eat the grapes growing there.

Becomes Too Critical for Comfort.

Supt. John J. McManaman bore with Petroske's stories at the club until he became critical of the court, of the cooking, and of the sleeping apartments assigned to him. It was considered lese majesty for the youth to criticise Judge Holdom, and again he was taken into court as a vagrant.

"We'll let him try his agricultural theories on the farm at St. Charles," said Judge McWilliams. "Until there is room there for him he will be kept at the John Worthy school."

TO END WOODWORKERS' STRIKE

Union Will Vote Tonight on Ending Contest Which Has Involved 2,300 Men.

Steps to bring to an end another strike—that of the woodworkers against fourteen store and bar fixture factories—will be taken tonight at a mass meeting at 122 West Lake street, when 2,300 strikers will vote on ending the contest. The manufacturers, it is said, stand ready to take the men back on the old conditions.

Officers of the union believe that the vote will be in favor of accepting the employers' terms, and they will go into the meeting prepared to advocate this course.

The woodworkers' strike was declared two weeks ago, when the manufacturers refused to grant an increase in wages amounting to 2 cents an hour.

Lake Superior and Georgian Bay.

1,400 miles of steamer line practically circumnavigating these wonderful bodies of water and special circuit tour tickets via the Chicago and Northwestern railway are on sale at low rates. Through Pullman sleeping car lines from Chicago to various Lake Superior ports without change. Write for copy of Lake Superior folder and full information. Ticket offices, 212 Clark street and Wells street station. Tel. Cent. 721.

Women Travelers to Colorado

Will be pleased with the Burlington's new Number One, the fast, one-night-on-the-road train from Chicago to Colorado.

Effort has been made to meet their every requirement. The train is electric lighted and in thorough good taste throughout. The sleeping car dressing-rooms are large, well lighted, supplied with finely upholstered chairs and stools, mirrors at every angle and electric curling-iron heaters always ready for use. Every other modern convenience has also been provided.

Burlington employes are always courteous and obliging, especially so to women traveling alone or with children.

Won't you be our guest when you go to Colorado?

Burlington Route

Tickets, 211 Clark Street, Chicago.
Phone, Central 3117. F. E. BELL,
City Passenger Agent.
1435.

VARICOCELE—
ITS CURE IS MY SPECIALTY

Write me about it and I will tell you how. No medicines to sell. I have a Sanitarium. Write plainly or call on J. J. Richardson, M. D. 20 East Adams Street, Chicago.

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Keeley Cure DRUG USING
Chicago Office: 269 DEARBORN ST SUITE 400
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Correspondence STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL

STATE ON TRAIL OF LABOR THUGS.

Five of the Men Who Raided Federation Hall Are Believed to Be Known.

GRAND JURY IS TO ACT.

"Black Jack" Gallagher's Band of Sluggers Now Is Under Suspicion.

Five of the band of eight sluggers that raided the Federation of Labor headquarters last Sunday and murderously attacked Michael Donnelly, the president of the butcher workmen, after wrecking the hall and holding up the judges and clerks of the election in progress with magazine guns, are believed to be known to the state's attorney's office.

The grand jury today will begin active investigation of the affair, as Acting State's Attorney Harry Olson has determined to sift the case to the bottom. Twenty-five subpoenas for labor leaders were sent out from the grand jury room late yesterday afternoon.

As the case has developed, Mr. Olson is fitted in a peculiar manner for the discovery of the criminals. It was he who prosecuted "Black Jack" Gallagher and his band for the murder of Constable Julius F. Biedermann in the Loop saloon in Blue Island on Dec. 3, 1904.

"Tips" from Anonymous Source.

While Mr. Olson professes to have no convictions in the matter, and asserts he has no evidence which points conclusively to any one, it is known that these names have been presented to him in an anonymous manner, and that three of them were mixed up in the Blue Island murder:

John Christianson, assistant business agent of the Junior Steamfitters' union.
"Black Jack" Gallagher, professional slugger, said to be a member of the Metal Workers' union.
— Hedrick, professional slugger.
John Sandberg, professional slugger.
Frank Thoman, business agent of the Architectural Iron workers.
Axel Vedeen, professional slugger.

Suspect the Gallagher Gang.

Detectives working on the case believe from the similarity of methods used in the killing of Biedermann and the attack upon Donnelly that Gallagher's gang committed both. This belief is strengthened by the fact that the suspects were cleared of the murder of the constable, and have had every opportunity to become more bold as a result. Photographs of these men known to the police were presented to Donnelly for identification yesterday.

"Black Jack" Gallagher, although his name was mentioned to the state's attorney, has been eliminated from consideration, as all the labor men in the hall agree he was not there. There is a suspicious alacrity to clear him from blame, but that he still is working for the unions, and probably heads the wrecking crew, is shown by his frequent appearance at the joint council meetings of the teamsters held during the last few months.

Labor Men Ready to Aid Justice.

William C. White, business agent for the carpenter's district council, who appeared in the state's attorney's office yesterday afternoon, gave the first indication that the labor men were willing to tell what they know. He was one of the judges, but it is said he was not in the hall when the slugging occurred.

This is the story told by most of the judges, however, and the fact that White held a longer conference with Mr. Olson, after which the acting state's attorney professed more certainty of getting at the truth of the case, is taken as an indication that he "told things."

Attorney Clarence Darrow also figures in the case. He has been retained by President Dold of the trades assembly as counsel in the investigation, but indications yesterday were that Dold had decided to remain inactive. The lawyer, however, is anxious to see the gang exposed, and is furnishing the state's attorney's office with "tips" that come to him from labor men who have talked with others who were in the hall.

"I believe we will be able to tell who the men were that entered the hall," said Detective Frank Tyrrell, who is working on the case. "Donnelly is ready to identify two of the men who assaulted him. It was not so dark there but what he saw a little. The great trouble will be to get any one to identify these men and act as witnesses in the prosecution."

THE HUB
HENRY C. LYTTON, Pres.
OPEN TO-NIGHT UNTIL 10.

A Sale of Suits The Talk of Chicago

Men's suits, comprising small lots (all sizes in the different lots) left from our regular $15, $18 and $20 lines. They are stylish, up-to-date garments in every respect and come in a large variety of weaves, fabrics and patterns, including the new 31-inch double-breasted fancy worsteds. See the great display in our large State street windows. Early comers will secure the best selections. Take your pick of the lot for..... **$10.00**

Remarkable Values in Youths' and Boys' Trousers.

Boys' 75c odd knee pants now 39c.
Boys' $1.25 odd knee pants now 69c.
Boys' $1.50 odd knee pants now 95c.
Youths' $1.50 pants now $1.00.
Youths' $2.25 pants now $1.50.
Youths' $3.00 pants now $1.95.
Boys' and children's shirts, blouses, hats and caps reduced almost one-half.

Lewis and Clark Exposition

$56½ Round Trip, Chicago to Portland and several other North Pacific Coast points, every day, until September 30. Good to return for 90 days. Open until October 15. Splendid opportunity to visit the West. Portland is best reached via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

Choice of routes is offered. Via the Pioneer Limited, through St. Paul and Minneapolis; via The Overland Limited, through Omaha and Ogden; via Omaha and Denver, past the wonderful panorama of Rocky Mountain scenery; or via The Southwest Limited and Kansas City. It is a good time now to plan your trip.

Tickets, 95 Adams Street, Chicago
Telephones—Automatic 1511 and Harrison 3843

YOU enjoy a drink of good whiskey, of course—and good whiskey won't hurt you. Thousands of men drink moderately all their lives and live to be seventy or eighty years old—as old as anybody—but they drink good, pure whiskey. Consider your health as well as your pleasure and ask for

"BEST ON THE BARS"
Solo RYE

It is a pure, aged whiskey; as beneficial as it is delicious; as healthful as it is delightful to the taste. Its immediate effects are not only most exhilarating and agreeable, but its permanent effects are conducive to good health and long life.

Solo Rye is justly and deservedly the most popular whiskey on the market today. The best judges of good whiskey and those most discriminating in taste are ordering it exclusively. It is for sale on all the best bars and you should, in justice to yourself, your stomach and your general health, call for Solo Rye. It is the hobby of a distiller who has been storing it for years.

FREE—"The Never Book, a "Clever Book," full of Fun, Wit and Humor, sent free on request—a postal will do.

STRAUS BROS. COMPANY, Distillers, Chicago.

DISEASES OF MEN

I MAKE NO MISLEADING STATEMENTS or deceptive propositions, such as free treatment, no-pay-until-cured catches, or similar devices to sell medicines, belts, etc. An honest doctor of recognized ability does not resort to such methods. Neither do I promise to cure them IN A FEW DAYS in order to secure their patronage, but I guarantee a COMPLETE, SAFE AND LASTING CURE in the QUICKEST POSSIBLE TIME without leaving injurious after effects in the system, and at the lowest cost possible for HONEST, SKILLFUL AND SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT. I cure

VITAL WEAKNESS,
ENLARGED VEINS,
NERVOUS DEBILITY,
BLOOD POISON,
AND KIDNEY DISEASES,

and all diseases and weaknesses of men, due to inheritance, injurious habits, exhaustion, or the results of specific diseases.

DOCTOR SWEANY,
Longest Established, Most Successful and Reliable Specialist in Diseases of Men, as Medical Diplomas, Licenses and Newspaper Records Show.

Consultation and Examination Free.
Write for symptom blank if you cannot call. Office hours, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.; Sun. 10 to 2 only.

DR. SWEANY & CO., 323 STATE ST., Cor. CONGRESS. CHICAGO, ILL.

Advertise in The Tribune

FATE OF CABINET STILL UNDECIDED

Decision of Balfour as to Crisis After Defeat Not Determined.

KING GRANTS AUDIENCE.

Probability That Parliament Will Not Be Dissolved Until October.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, July 22, 2 a. m.—Prime Minister Balfour has not yet decided the question of the resignation of the cabinet as a result of the defeat in the house of commons. The view in government circles is that parliament will not be dissolved.

From an authoritative source it is said that Premier Balfour has decided to remain in office until the end of the session and to dissolve parliament in October. No authoritative statement, however, will be made until Monday, and in the interval this decision may be modified.

King Edward gave an audience to Mr. Balfour this evening. They conferred for half an hour.

Defeat Due to Plot?

The Daily Mail says Mr. Balfour will announce on Monday that he sees no reason for the immediate resignation of the government. It is believed the government will then, except in the most improbable event of another defeat, wind up the business of the session and prorogue parliament until late in the autumn, when it will be dissolved. A general election will take place in October.

It now is known that the division by which the government was defeated, although not a snap one, was a skillfully engineered plot similar to that the conservatives employed to oust the liberals ten years ago. The apathy of some unionists contributed to the success of the plot. Nothing can be stated with certainty regarding the course the government will take until Balfour's announcement in the commons on Monday.

The Standard says the cabinet has determined to ascertain the general feeling in the party by inquiries. If it finds the unionist members of the house willing to attend the sessions with their full strength the prime minister again will propose the Irish land commission vote on which the government was defeated.

May Resort to Plebiscite.

The Express says that Mr. Balfour has resolved upon the unusual expedient of a plebiscite because of the dissension in the cabinet and also in the ranks of the unionist party. He personally favors retaining office, but an important section of his followers favors immediate resignation. There is a powerful group of conservatives outside the cabinet which regards the position as insupportable. They have refused to sign a round robin urging Balfour to hold on.

The Standard says there is reason to believe the audience granted by the king to the prime minister was not connected with the question of the resignation of the cabinet.

The house of commons sat barely half an hour and then adjourned until Monday. The house was packed. Much excitement was visible on all sides. Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the liberal leader, moved its adjournment, declaring that it would be unseemly under the circumstances to proceed with business while the government was considering its position. Premier Balfour, however, declined to adjourn the house until the bill dealing with the differences of the Scottish United Free church and the Free church had been passed. This was quickly accomplished, and the house rose.

In the house of lords Earl Spencer, the liberal leader, asked Foreign Secretary Lansdowne if he had any statement to make, but Lord Lansdowne refused to anticipate Mr. Balfour's statement of Monday next.

WITTE IS GREETED IN PARIS.

Peace Plenipotentiaries on Way to the United States Given Notable Reception.

PARIS, July 21.—M. Witte, the senior Russian peace plenipotentiary, is the man of the hour since his arrival this afternoon in Paris on his way to the peace conference in the United States. He received a notable reception at the Northern railway station from the assembled officials and members of the diplomatic corps.

As the plenipotentiary emerged from the station his commanding figure, towering a head above the figures of M. Nelidof, Russian ambassador at Paris, and Count Cassini, former Russian ambassador at Washington, themselves tall, attracted universal attention.

The public interest in him is due partly to the power he exerted when the Franco-German alliance was at its height, which largely will determine the choice of peace or of war. The slightest statement supposed to emanate from him is perused eagerly, the public searching closely for indications of his line of action during the peace conference.

In an interview M. Witte said:

"Discretion imposes silence upon the exact details of the program of my mission. The emperor has directed me to enter pourparler with the Japanese plenipotentiaries to learn if it is possible to conclude peace. This is such a definite task that my personal opinion amounts to little."

KOMURA SPEEDING EASTWARD.

Japan's Plenipotentiary Admires the Rugged Scenery of the Rockies—Crowds Throng Stations.

Jennings, Mont., July 21.—Baron Komura and his colleagues, who passed through here today, express great admiration for the rugged and massive scenery along the route through the mountains, and deep satisfaction at the cordial reception accorded them by the Americans. Stations along the line are crowded with persons desiring to catch a glimpse of the diplomats.

The members of the party are in excellent spirits. Baron Komura feels under the necessity of continuing his journey with as little interruption as possible to the seat of the American government, where Mr. Takahira, the Japanese minister, remains at his post to receive him.

ZEMSTVO DEFIES AUTHORITIES.

Appeals to Masses to Discuss Political Situation Regardless of Opposition of Government.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

MOSCOW, July 21.—The congress of zemstvoists and Dumaists, after a long deliberation today decided to appeal to the masses of the people by a manifesto, urging them to discuss the political situation regardless of the opposition of the authorities and yielding only to superior force.

The discussion on this subject almost led to a split between the moderates and extremists. A postponement of the drafting of the manifesto alone prevented a rupture.

A resolution condemning the systematic violation of the rights of the zemstvoists and Dumaists was adopted, with the declaration of a determination to uphold the national rights of man by pacific means, not excluding nonsubmission to authorities infringing those rights.

A noteworthy incident of the session was the receipt of a resolution of sympathy from union labor officials, hoping that the congress would secure freedom of the press and responsibility of the ministry. The congress ends tomorrow.

Sunday Concert in Humboldt Park.

Badger's band will give a concert tomorrow afternoon from 3:30 to 5:30 o'clock in Humboldt park, A. A. Nelles will direct, and a program of popular music has been prepared. Bert Morphy is the soloist.

Weekly Ceremony at Which Attempt Was Made to Kill Sultan.

[Arrow points to sultan's carriage.]

The picture, which is from a photograph, shows the sultan of Turkey arriving at the mosque for his Friday devotions. This weekly visit to the mosque is the sultan's only appearance in public. He drives in an open carriage, sometimes handling the reins himself. Yesterday's bomb was thrown as the sultan was leaving the mosque.

SULTAN DRIVING TO A MOSQUE IN CONSTANTINOPLE.

TYPE OF MEN KILLED.

Several members of the sultan's suite were killed by the bomb. The picture shows one of his fierce Albanian bodyguards, who always are nearest his person.

JAP WARSHIPS SIGHTED.

FLEET REPORTED NEAR MOUTH OF THE AMUR RIVER.

People of Nikolaievsk and Vladivostok Flee to the Interior—One Machine and Four Field Guns Captured from Russians at Daline—One Colonel, 14 Minor Officers, and 461 Men Surrender on Sakhalin Island.

COPENHAGEN, July 21.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg to the Godsiadan says that private advices received at the Russian capital say that Japanese warships have been sighted near Nikolaievsk, at the mouth of the Amur river. Many of the inhabitants of Nikolaievsk and Vladivostok, it is added, have fled to Khabarovsk.

Five Guns Taken at Daline.

TOKIO, July 21.—A special telegram from Otaru says that the Russians defeated at Daline were about 500 strong with six field and three machine guns and, taking the fullest advantage of the topographical character of the district, offered the most desperate resistance.

The Russian positions were hidden in a thick forest and it was impossible for the Japanese gunners to make a correct observation. The cannonade, however, was opened by the Japanese at 6 o'clock on the morning of July 7 and was kept up until dusk. The Japanese infantry gradually gaining ground, closed in on the enemy's line of defense and waited an opportunity for the final charge.

It was nearly two hours past midnight when the enemy's first line of defense, strengthened by barricades and trenches, was taken. This success was vigorously followed up, but it was not until 9 o'clock on the morning of July 8 that the enemy was driven out of the second line of his defense and victory secured, with trophies of four field and one machine guns. The nature of the ground exposed the Japanese assailants to a great disadvantage and risks.

It is believed that owing to the short supplies of ammunition and provisions the Russians at Sakhalin could not hold out much longer.

Colonel Surrenders at Sakhalin.

TOKIO, July 21.—It is officially announced that the Russians who have thus far surrendered at various points of Sakhalin island number 461, including one colonel and fourteen other officers.

An imperial ordinance was issued this morning authorizing the appointment of noncommissioned officers from the reserve conscripts.

The ordinance converts those of sundry service rank into privates of the fighting rank.

Chief of Police Assassinated.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

VIBORG, Finland, July 21.—Col. Kremarento, chief of police here, was shot on the street today and died later from the effects of his wound. A Finn named Prokope was arrested for the crime.

Warsaw Bomb Thrower Hanged.

WARSAW, July 21.—Stephen Okrjeia, who was condemned to death for throwing a bomb into the police station at Praga, a suburb of Warsaw, March 26, was executed today. The executioner was obliged to hang Okrjeia twice, as at the first attempt the rope broke. Okrjeia's last words were: "Down with despotism" and "Long live socialism."

Bomb Kills Several.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BIELOSTOK, Russian Poland, July 12.—A bomb thrown in the street here today killed several persons and severely wounded the chief of police and his son, at whom it was aimed.

CALL CONGRESS ON NOV. 11?

President's Secretary Notifies Nebraska Senator of Time for Special Session This Fall.

Lincoln, Neb., July 21.—Senator E. J. Burkett has received a letter from Secretary Loeb in which it was stated that it is the president's intention to call a special session of congress on Nov. 11.

Burnett's Extract of Vanilla
Is the standard everywhere. Sold by best grocers.

NO PEACE BARRIER IN CHINA'S CLAIMS

(Continued from first page.)

This would be a good military move for the Japanese, but the Russians would resent it as a matter of course, on the ground that it would be an unwarrantable interference with the domestic commercial policy of the nation. The Russians will insist upon absolute independence of action within their own territory.

It is an old trick in diplomacy, as in business, to make a demand for a great deal more than you expect to get with the idea that concessions must be made in any event. It is believed, therefore, that the Japanese foreign minister, Baron Komura, who arrived in this country yesterday, has brought with him a series of demands on the part of Japan which are far in excess of anything the most enthusiastic statesmen of the island empire hope to secure. It is quite possible that among these demands may be one limiting the development of the Siberian railroad, ostensibly as a military measure, but really to restrict Russian trade in the orient.

Naval Limitation Humiliating.

Furthermore, the Japanese may propose, as an important article of the peace treaty, an agreement on the part of Russia not to rebuild its navy within a certain length of time or at least not to follow the rebuilding program beyond a certain point each year. Both of these demands would be distinctly humiliating to Russia, and they are conditions of a character which never have been imposed upon a defeated nation.

Germany took an enormous indemnity from France and converted Alsace and Lorraine into German provinces. There Bismarck stopped, however. The old chancellor made no attempt to dictate as to the domestic policy of France, fully realizing that it would take that unfortunate country a long time to recover from the effect of that war.

For this reason military men and diplomats say that restrictive conditions, the mere suggestion of which has aroused so much antagonism in Russia, if presented at all, will be made use of by the Japanese only in playing for position and will not be heard of when the treaty is actually under negotiation.

There is not much anxiety here owing to the failure of Mr. Witte and his colleagues on the peace commission to secure absolute powers from the czar. They probably have as large powers as ever are granted envoys under similar conditions.

Paris Negotiations Cited.

Our peace commissioners sent to Paris were plenipotentiaries, so called, but they had no real power beyond the United States any more than any other diplomatic agents. The treaty of peace with Spain, after being negotiated at Paris, was approved piecemeal by President McKinley and his advisers in Washington. Some articles were written here and others were cabled from Paris for the presidents approval before the commissioners would agree to anything at all. Finally, the whole treaty had to be submitted to the senate and democratic votes had to be secured for its approval.

As a matter of course, the czar will retain the right to approve or disapprove any treaty his commissioners may agree upon. The same thing undoubtedly will be true of the Japanese. Being the victorious party they naturally will have wider discretion, but it is not believed that the treaty to be signed in this country will have any effect whatsoever until it finally is approved in St. Petersburg and Tokio.

What is most feared is not a lack of power on the part of the Russian envoys, but the weak, vacillating emperor himself. It is well understood that what he approves today he may reject tomorrow, and Witte in America may be a good deal less potent for peace than if he had remained in Russia, where he occasionally might obtain the czar's ear and not be obliged to rely upon the cable.

Will Be Many Hitches.

It is taken for granted that during the course of the peace negotiations there will be a series of alarms and surprises as to the possible outcome of negotiations. As a general rule, however, as the diplomatic history of the world shows, peace negotiations between two belligerent nations are not often broken off entirely. There are many jars, countless protests, and then finally an agreement. Again and again, it will be said, the envoys cannot get together on this or that proposition and that hostilities will have to be resumed. Yet in the long run it will be found that some basis of agreement will be reached.

The great difficulty in the case of war is to get the belligerents together. When the ice once is broken and the two warring nations have come to the point of having their representatives meet in peace and harmony in a neutral land it is almost impossible to keep up warlike enthusiasm on either side. The negotiations may drag, but the history of the world shows that peace is almost certain to come from the conferences to be instituted at Portsmouth as a direct result of the good offices of President Roosevelt.

GRAVE ISSUE FOR AMERICA.

President and Secretary Root Confer on Note of China to the Powers.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 21—President Roosevelt and Elihu Root, who assumed formally last Wednesday his new duties as secretary of state, were in conference tonight at Sagamore Hill. Among the many questions considered none is fraught with deeper significance and importance to the United States than is that relating to an identical note which the foreign office of China, within a day or two, has sent to the powers neutral in the far eastern contest between Russia and Japan.

On its face the note appears to be a simple declaration that no determination of the peace conference affecting Chinese territory will be recognized as valid "without the approval of China previously obtained." It really means far more than that, as it is construed here.

The United States, in common with other nations, is interested particularly in the "open door" to Manchuria, and behind China's simple declaration lies the whole question of the commerce and the commercial relations of a great empire.

HOUSING EMPLOYES ON CANAL.

Gov. Magoon Reports on Hotels Being Constructed and Care of Non-immune Laborers.

Washington, D. C., July 21.—The Panama canal commission today received a report from Gov. Magoon showing the progress made on the buildings which are now under construction on the isthmus. A large quantity of lumber has arrived and the forces of the bureau of architecture and buildings continually are kept busy.

An addition of forty-eight rooms to the new hotel at Culebra is nearly completed. At Corosal the foundation was finished for a forty-eight room hotel and the foundation of a second wing of the same size will be finished next week. At Pedro Miguel, a station nearby, a large quantity of lumber for the repair of public buildings was taken over from the French company.

All the nonimmune employes now living at Panama will soon be quartered at Ancon, where the foundations have been laid for bachelor quarters. Gov. Magoon states that all the officials are cooperating heartily, and that the outlook is quite gratifying.

DEATHS.

[For other death notices see page 11.]

CUSHING—July 21, Eleanor F., beloved daughter of Julia and the late Daniel and sister of William J., Daniel J., Katharine, Agnes, Mrs. Thomas O'Heron, and Mrs. Charles Rogers. Funeral notice later.

DERICKSON—Mrs. Emma Cosch, mother of George P. Derickson, Laura D. Haslam, Lacy D. Monier. Funeral at 12:30 p. m. at the residence in Kenilworth. Burial private.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

COMPETENT CLEANER AND DYER. R. R. STREET, 194 Washington-st.

SULTAN ESCAPES ASSASSIN'S BOMB.

Attempt on Life of Ruler of Turkey Fails; Members of Suite Killed.

SICK MAN CALM IN PERIL.

Ministry Issues Statement Expressing Gratitude That Plot Miscarries.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 21.—An ineffectual attempt to assassinate the sultan was made today. A bomb was exploded in the court yard of the mosque, close to the sultan. His majesty was not injured, but several members of his suite were killed or injured. Several arrests have been made.

Ministry Issues Statement.

The ministry made the following statement:

"As the sultan was leaving the mosque today, at the conclusion of the ceremony Selamlik, a bomb burst in the courtyard. Divine providence miraculously preserved his imperial majesty, who displayed on this occasion his usual self-possession and courage. Himself driving his phaeton, his majesty returned to the imperial palace, bowing to the people as if nothing had occurred.

"A few persons were killed or wounded by the explosion. All the population of the capital is indignant over this infamous and dastardly deed."

Sultan's Custom to Visit Mosque.

It is the custom of the sultan to journey to some mosque every Friday, to attend religious services, Friday standing in the same relation to the Turks as Sunday to the Christians. The journey to and from the mosque is made in an open carriage, and the principal object is to display the royal person to subjects of the sultan and representatives of foreign governments. This is in a way essential in a country where sudden death is not rare in high circles. The sultan visits different mosques and announcement is made Thursday evening of the one he will attend on the following day.

The weekly attendance is ordered by the koran and the commander of the faithful must follow the centuries old custom rigidly.

KANSAS TREASURER IS OUT

GOV. HOCH REMOVES STATE'S CHIEF FIDUCIARY OFFICIAL.

T. T. Kelly Summarily Displaced Because of His Refusal to Give a New Bond for $750,000 on Account of the Failure of C. J. Devlin—Office Offered to One Man Who Declines to Accept It—Another Is Considering the Matter.

Topeka, Kas., July 21.—State Treasurer T. T. Kelly today refused formally the demand of Gov. Hoch to give a new bond for $700,000, to cover that impaired by the failure of C. J. Devlin, who was one of Kelly's principal bondsmen. Gov. Hoch, who had given Mr. Kelly until today to act, promptly removed the treasurer.

The state executive council met today to consider the situation, and Treasurer Kelly appeared before the members and explained his situation at length, taking the position that the governor's demand was excessive.

Kelly, in his statement, indicated that he was unable to get the necessary bondsmen.

Gov. Hoch offered the position of state treasurer to R. M. Allen, but the latter declined. He then offered the position to Charles W. Hull of Kirwin, who is considering it.

ACCUSED BY LITTLE GIRLS, MAN IS PUT UNDER ARREST.

John Wellington, Who Recently Came from Danville, Said to Have Tried to Entice Children with Candy.

John Wellington, who came to Chicago from Danville, Ill., less than a month ago, is under arrest at the Attrill street station. The names of three little girls, each not more than 10 years old, were mentioned by the police as having something to do with the case.

It was reported about the station that while Detectives Mulvihill and Brennan were near Beech street and Spaulding avenue, yesterday afternoon, their attention was attracted by the cries of two little girls, accompanied by C. R. Gruener, a druggist, 1184 West North avenue.

Gruener told the detectives that the two children had asked his assistance in finding a third girl, their companion, who, Gruener said, he had seen disappearing with a stranger.

As they were about to continue the search the child appeared and said the stranger had offered her candy and money to accompany him, but she became frightened and ran away. When asked where the stranger had left her she pointed to a barn at the rear of 103 Beech street. In the barn Wellington was found. The three girls are Pearl Johnson, 883 Potomac avenue; Alice Getz, 807 Potomac avenue; and Katie Revere, 885 Potomac avenue.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE OLD RELIABLE STEAMSHIP "COLUMBUS" GOODRICH LINE STEAMERS
Greatest of All Excursion Boats BUILT OF STEEL. CAPACITY 4,000 PASSENGERS
$1 ROUND TRIP to MILWAUKEE
9:30 a.m. week days; 10 a. m. Sundays
PERFECT NIGHT SERVICE ON Steamship VIRGINIA
Large, Comfortable Staterooms with all conveniences. Leaves 9 p.m. daily.
FARE $1.00—ROUND TRIP $1.50
City Ticket Office, 101 Adams Street Docks Foot of Michigan Avenue.
3, 4 and 5 Days' Trips
FARES: $9, $13 and $20
MEALS and BERTH INCLUDED TO MENOMINEE, ESCANABA And Mackinac Island
Leaves Chicago Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday 8 p.m.; Saturday 3:30 p.m.
$1.50 to MUSKEGON and GRAND HAVEN
$2.00 TO GRAND RAPIDS
7:45 p. m. daily and 2:00 p. m. Saturday
$1.75 White Lake 7:45 p.m. Daily

OVER AND BACK THE SAME DAY
$1.00 SOUTH HAVEN AND RETURN
TODAY AT 2:30. TOMORROW AT 10 A. M.
THE TWIN SCREW STEEL STEAMSHIP EASTLAND QUEEN OF THE LAKES
FASTEST—SAFEST—BEST EQUIPPED.
Daily, except Sat. and Sun., 9:30 a. m.; Sat., 2:30 p. m.; Sun., 10 a. m.
STEAMER SOO CITY, daily, except Sat. and Sun., 12 noon; Saturday, 9:30 a. m., 11:30 p. m.
DOCKS WELLS-ST. BRIDGE.

MAT. TODAY STUDEBAKER
ONLY 10 TIMES MORE
RICHARD CARLE
Presents Himself in "THE MAYOR OF TOKIO"
THE BEST OPERA GOING.
SPECIAL Sale of Seats and Boxes for GEORGE ADE'S AMERICAN COMEDY, "The College Widow"
OPENS NEXT MONDAY MORNING
REQUESTS BY MAIL ATTENDED TO IN THE ORDER THEY ARE RECEIVED.

POWERS' Eve's, Inc. Sundays, at 8:20. "A Merry Message of Mirth." MAT. TODAY at 2:30.
MRS. TEMPLE'S TELEGRAM "A play worthy of Powers' Theater, Chicago's foremost playhouse devoted to the drama."—Chicago Tribune.
Sale 30 days in advance. Prices—Eve's, 25c to $1.50. Tel. Main 751. All Mats. 25c to $1.00.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE "THE REAL SHOW."
MATINEE TODAY AT 2
LEW FIELDS "IT HAPPENED IN NORDLAND"
FULL OF FUN, MUSIC AND BEAUTY.

ILLINOIS MATINEE, 2 P. M. NIGHT, 8.00.
NUMBERS 90 & 91 THERE WILL BE ONLY 100 Performances
GEO. M. COHAN AND HIS FAMOUS 100 LITTLE JOHNNY JONES
GREAT NORTHERN EVERY NIGHT 25, 50, 75c
The Best Musical Cartoon Comedy.
BUSTER BROWN
With Master GABRIEL And Great Cast.
POPULAR PRICE MATS. SUN., WED. & SAT.

COLISEUM GARDEN Cool in Hot Weather Delightful Always.
Nightly and Sun. Afternoons, ELLERY BAND, FERULLO, Director.
BESSIE MAYHAM, Soprano.
Admission, 25 Cents. No Higher.
Catering by Edelweiss Garden Management.

White City
The largest, the safest, the most beautiful amusement resort in America.
ADMISSION - - - 10 CENTS
Open from 1 p. m. Till Midnight.

RIVERVIEW PARK SHARPSHOOTERS BELMONT and WESTERN AVE. and ROSCOE BOUL.
HEROLD AND FAMOUS BAND
ADMISSION—10 CENTS AT ALL TIMES
Two Weeks, Commencing July 31st, PAIN'S MAGNIFICENT SPECTACLE, FALL OF PORT ARTHUR

RAVINIA PARK
Last 2 Concerts Tomorrow Afternoon and Evening
WALTER DAMROSCH
POPULAR CONCERTS.
Admission 25c. Reserved Seats, 25c Extra.
THIS AFTERNOON AND EVENING
SPECIAL REQUEST PROGRAMS
Tomorrow: LAST TWO CONCERTS.
Beginning Monday Evening, July 24th.
BEN GREET PLAYERS.

CHICAGO OPERA HOUSE
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S MAT. TODAY.
LAND OF NOD
The One Original Chicago Summer Production that has made a big hit.
Regular Defiance Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00.

RAFFLES
will explain how he eluded the Chicago police for three weeks, illustrating his method with costume changes,
EVERY EVENING THIS WEEK at the CHUTES
Jackson Blvd. and Kedzie Ave.

GARRICK JULY 26
? LIND ?

CASINO GARDEN
Wabash-av. and Peck Court.
WILL J. DICKEY Will Sing Tonight with BROOKE AND HIS GREAT BAND

Advertise in THE TRIBUNE.

AMUSEMENTS.

ZION'S FIFTH FEAST OF TABERNACLE

CONDUCTED BY JOHN ALEXANDER

First Apostle of the Lord Jesus, the Christ, in the Christian Catholic Apostolic Church in Zion.

THE LAST GREAT DAY OF THE FEAST
LORD'S DAY, JULY 23rd.

The 1st Feasts of Jehovah. . . Ye shall proclaim to be Holy Convocations.—Lev. 23:2.

9:30 a. m.—Early Morning Sacrifice of Praise and Prayer. Address by the First Apostle, "Be Ye Also Ready."

9:30 a. m.—The First Apostle will speak on "Triune Immersion; God's Seal on a Living Church."

At the close of this service the First Apostle, assisted by Overseers, Elders, Evangelists, Deacons, and Deaconesses, will administer the Ordinance of Believers' Baptism.

All persons desiring to be Baptized on this occasion must fill up their Application Cards for Baptism, and present them to the General Recorder, Deacon Andrew C. Jensen, and his assistants, not later than 2 p. m.

2:00 p. m.—Great General Assembly. Full Processional of Zion Robed Officers, White Robed Choir, and all the members of Zion Junior Restoration Host, under their leader, Overseer Brasefield. (At least Two Thousand in line.) The First Apostle will speak on "The Ministry of Children in Zion." And at the close of this service he will administer the Vow of Zion Restoration Host to new members of Zion Junior Restoration Host.

8:00 p. m.—Second Reception of New Members and Ordination of New Officers. The Ordinance of the Lord's Supper will be administered by the First Apostle and Ordained Officers of the Christain Catholic Apostolic Church in Zion.

This gathering will be open only to members of the Christain Catholic Apostolic Church in Zion, and other Christains desiring to commune with them.

At the close the First Apostle will deliver the concluding address of the Feast.

Special Excursion Trains will leave Wells Street Depot of Chicago & Northwestern Railway, Chicago, at 11:20 and 11:45 a. m., and will return at 1 p. m. and at the close of the evening service. Round trip fare 50c.

"The Christ Is All and In All."

EXCURSIONS
MICHIGAN AND SUPERIOR.
GRAHAM & MORTON LINE.
St. Joseph and Benton Harbor, 90c each way. Only line furnishing meals and stateroom free.
Every day at 9:30 a. m.; 12:30 noon, sunset Saturday and Sunday; Saturday, 8:30 a. m. and 2 p. m.; Sunday 10 a. m. Every night at 11:30. The 12:30 noon, continuous round trip excursion only 90c, returning about 5 p. m.
GRAND RAPIDS, HOLLAND and SAUGATUCK. Every morning at 9 o'clock, except Sat. 1:30 p.m. $1.25 Grand Rapids, $1 Holland, $1.50 Saugatuck. Every night at 8 o'clock. $2 Grand Rapids, $1.50 Holland.
ONLY DIRECT LINE TO LAKE SUPERIOR, via Milwaukee. $5 to Mackinac Isle, $6 to Sault Ste. Marie. Round trip to Duluth $35, to Isle Royal $25, to Owen Sound $20. Only $27 to Hancock and Houghton, $17 to Mackinac Isle. These rates include both meals and berth and stop-over privilege.
EVERY TUESDAY AND SATURDAY AT 11 A.M. Dock, foot Wabash-av. Phone Central 2103.

Trolley Excursions
CHICAGO & MILWAUKEE ELECTRIC RAILROAD
Take a trip to the beautiful North Shore. Trains every ten minutes from St. Paul Depot, Evanston.
Evanston to Waukegan, 50c Round Trip
Evanston to Ft. Sheridan, 25c Round Trip
Evanston to Ravinia P'k, 25c Round Trip
Wild flowers, a delightful ride and grand scenery.

Sans Souci Park
COTTAGE GROVE AVE. & 60'S ST.
Again Next Saturday, July 22nd.
Another Mammoth FREE Exhibition of
PAIN'S FIREWORKS More varied, more costly than before.
In Our Cool, Open Air Theater, "ROLY POLY"
The Show That's Outlasted Them All.
HOSTMANSKEN'S FIRST REGIMENT BAND.
Acrobatic and Aquatic Feats—Electric Fountain.
ADMISSION 10 CENTS AT ALL TIMES.

OLYMPIC
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Paul Conchas, Smith & Cook,
Fatty Brothers, Horsky-Fairchild-Burgess
Young American Quartette, Kelly & Violette,
Misses Delmore, Chas. H. Duncan,
Wood & Ray, Ramsey Sisters,
Fuggi Trio Mathieus, Tom & Gertie Grimes,
Harrison & Malumby, Kitty Preston,
The Kinodrome, Carlson Brothers.
PRICES—10—15—25—35—50 CENTS.

SOUTH SIDE BALL PARK, 39th-st. and Wentworth-av.
BASEBALL TODAY.
WHITE SOX vs. NEW YORK
Game called at 3:30 p. m.

WHERE TO EAT.

THE STATES RESTAURANT
S. E. Cor. State and Adams.
Auto Entrance, 52 E. Adams.
The most novel, the most beautiful and the most interesting place in Chicago. Every State represented by a separate section containing a typical scene done in oil, a picture of the present governor, and a private telephone. A work of art from the entrance to the exit.
Excellent Cuisine & Service.

THE CONGRESS CAFE
A MODERN REFECTORY
THE FINEST and MOST MODERN CAFE in the WEST
WABASH-AV. AND CONGRESS-ST.
Unexcelled Cuisine. Service for 1,000.
Specially Engaged Orchestra of Ten.
"A PLACE FOR DISCRIMINATING DINERS."
GO WHERE THE CROWD GOES.

THE RIENZI DIVERSEY-BLVD. AND EVANSTON-AV.
The Popular North Side Garden. Meals Served Out Doors. Excellent table d'hote dinner Sundays 12 to 3 p. m. Music by members Thomas Orchestra every evening and Sunday afternoon. Special attention given to Private Dinner Parties. Tel. Lake View 111 and 806.

The Washington Restaurant,
JOE T. KRANZ, J. SMEDBERG.
N. W. CORNER ADAMS-ST. AND WABASH-AV.
CATERERS TO THE PUBLIC AT POPULAR PRICES.
Special attention given to Theater Parties.

Get the Habit of DINING at Sans Souci Park

A superb Table d'Hote dinner, with wine, for 50 cents. Also meals a la carte—popular prices. Make reservations by 'phone (Hyde Park 670) and obtain free admissions for banquets and theater parties.

GUNTHER'S 212 STATE STREET ...FINE LUNCHEONS
DELICIOUS REFRESHMENTS. FOUR O'CLOCK TEAS, AND AFTER THEATER SUPPERS.

The Tribune.

FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847.

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LARGEST 2 CENT MORNING CIRCULATION IN THE WORLD.

SATURDAY, JULY 22, 1905.

A CANAL SEMI-CENTENNIAL.

Week after next the semi-centennial of the opening of the Sault canal will be celebrated with fitting honors. The state of Michigan will have charge of the arrangements, and it hopes that all the conspicuous people who live near the great lakes will be present on the joyful and memorable occasion. It trusts that President Roosevelt, who is interested in canal questions, will visit the Sault and will hear from the statistical speakers who will address the assembled multitudes the value of a canal which is a little over a mile long.

The centennials of battles, of cities, of great men are commemorated with pomp and pride. There is no reason why the hundredth, or even the fiftieth, birthday of a public work which has had a career of continuous usefulness should be neglected. Many American canals have failed to meet the condition of continuous usefulness. They have fallen into a decline like the Illinois and Michigan canal, whose semi-centennial aroused no enthusiasm. There are artificial waterways which the states that built them were proud of sixty years ago, but which are now contemptuously called "ditches."

The Sault canal refuses to be displaced by a railway. The Mississippi river may surrender to that rival, but it will not. It insists on frequent widening and deepening, so that it may the better accommodate the traffic which wishes to use it—a traffic far exceeding in number of tons that of the Suez canal. During the first ten years of its life 1,200,000 tons of freight went through the Sault canal. Last year about 27,000,000 tons went through.

Before the enterprising state of Michigan built the first small canal, which it subsequently transferred to the national government, a cargo had to be unloaded, taken across a mile long portage, and then reloaded. The millions of tons of iron ore, copper, and wheat which come from the territory tributary to Lake Superior could not have submitted to those delays.

The scientists have figured out the date when the falls of Niagara will be no more, and when Chicago will be submerged. They have not ventured to set the day when the usefulness of the Sault canal will be at an end—when Lake Superior will cease pouring its riches into the laps of the sister lakes.

There will be great doings at the Sault two weeks hence. The state of Michigan will expand itself and exult mightily over the short, but invaluable, canal which lies within its territory.

DALRYMPLE ON THE WARD BOSSES.

Mr. Dalrymple, the traction expert, whose report is still locked up in the mayor's desk, has been describing to his fellow townsmen of Glasgow the way in which Chicago is governed. They listen to him with astonishment, and thank heaven that they are not as those Chicagoans. Mr. Dalrymple says:

> The people there conduct things in a way altogether different from us. Each ward in the city has what is called a "boss," who really has control of the ward and the voters in it. Whether the ward returns a republican or democratic representative the "boss" holds the member in the hollow of his hand. The "boss" has under him a number of citizens who assist in getting votes for his nominee, and when the latter is returned to the council he requires him to find places for those who actively engaged themselves in his interest.

Where did Mr. Dalrymple get this interesting information? Surely not from the mayor. He must have picked it up during some of his early and solitary tours of inspection on the street cars. He must have fallen into the hands of somebody who took advantage of his ignorance or have jumped at the conclusion that what is true of some wards is true of all.

There are aldermen who will resent angrily the charge that they are held in the hollow of the hand of any ward boss. They will say "we are the bosses of our wards." If Ald. Kenna were questioned he would say proudly, "I am the boss of the First ward as well as one of its aldermen." Ald. Brennan would say that he elected himself and served no man but himself. There are other and better aldermen who can say with truth that no boss or machine elected them and that they take orders from nobody but the people. Conditions in Chicago are not quite so black as Mr. Dalrymple paints them.

What will the solid burghers of Glasgow think of Chicago if the impressions of the city related to them by that gentleman remain uncontradicted? They should be undeceived. The council is not in session and cannot adopt indignant resolutions to be transmitted to the lord provost. But Ald. Kenna is inspecting Europe and being inspected by it. If he were told of what Mr. Dalrymple has said he might feel it his duty to go to Glasgow, show the people a live Chicago alderman who believes with all his heart and soul in municipal ownership, and defend the maligned and traduced council in which he has served so long.

THE SINISTER STRIKE ENDED.

Obedient to a referendum vote, the teamsters' strike has closed in an unconditional surrender by the men. It continued 105 days, involved about 5,000 teamsters, absorbed in the guarding of nonunion drivers practically the entire city police force, plus one or two thousand specially employed policemen or deputy sheriffs, and occasioned violence leading directly or indirectly to a score of deaths and half a thousand injuries. It cost the public treasury about half a million dollars, the teamsters perhaps three-quarters of a million in wages and strike benefits, and business houses several millions. It caused an amount of business and personal inconvenience incapable of appraisement, and provoked a spirit of lawlessness, violence, and bitterness whose social injury cannot be estimated.

The distinctive feature of this remarkable and costly contest is the sinister character of the whole affair. It was the first instance in Chicago of a great labor contest initiated solely and purely from corrupt and really undisclosed motives.

Precisely what the real motives were it is not yet, and perhaps never will be, possible for an "outsider" to say with exactness and perfect certainty. Two things, however, are certain. The first is that it was not begun, as pretended, out of sympathy for and in behalf of the garment workers. The second is that few "outsiders" have any adequate appreciation of the adroit manipulations, the maze of half-truth charges and counter charges, the political calculations, "business" considerations, and graft tactics which have characterized this so-called industrial dispute.

It is claimed that if employers had been willing to disclose facts within their knowledge they could have stopped this strike at its inception by showing up its corrupt features and antecedents—but their own reputations would have suffered thereby, for corrupt labor leaders can only operate when they have some counterpart on the side of the employers.

This strike has been an expensive means of bringing into clear relief the fact that rotten relations exist, and have for years existed, between labor leaders and employers in this city. Nor are those relations peculiar to this city. They are, however, fatal to any permanent industrial health or peace, and it is the primary duty of honest employers, as it is of the honest rank and file of labor, to attack this evil and do away with it.

The public will esteem the expensiveness of the strike of small moment and forget it quickly if it can be assured that there will be no return to the vicious and criminal policy which has cursed Chicago for years of tolerating violence in connection with strikes. If henceforth it is to be a rule of action with the municipal authorities to preserve peace and order under all circumstances, and to suppress rioting the moment it begins without waiting for it to gain strength and spread, the strike which has just ended will mark the beginning of better municipal government.

The strikers disputed the exclusive right of the city authorities to control the streets and the right of every peaceful citizen to use them without molestation for legitimate purposes. The strikers asserted that they, because they wore a certain kind of button, were the masters of the streets. The city was obliged to enlarge the police force to defend its rights. If union leaders and followers are prepared to admit that the streets are under all circumstances the property of the public, and that well behaved men, whether they do or do not belong to a union, have equal rights in them, the long, wasteful teamsters' strike will have its compensations.

Municipal authorities are not responsible for strikes, which come and go. They are responsible for the maintenance of peace and order and the preservation of the rights of the public to the free use of the streets. If they will attend to these matters employers and workers will look after the strikes.

Make Them Pay Up.

It is said there is $250,000 in license fees due the city, and that the reason why the licensees do not step up to the captain's office and settle is that the police have been so busy with the strike that they have had no time for dunning. The controller has suggested in a letter to the chief of police that he get out warrants for the laggards. The chief, who is tender hearted and does not wish to inconvenience anybody, thinks the publication of the controller's letter might have an excellent effect, but is too busy with the strike to give orders to swear out warrants. The men who are required to pay license fees to the United States collector of internal revenue do not have to be pleaded with and dunned to make them pay up. They do not compel the government to await their convenience. They know that if they are dilatory they will be arrested and put to much trouble and expense. Cannot the city give up its easy going ways, and adopt the businesslike methods of the national government? The patrolmen have enough to do without dogging the footsteps of dilatory licensees. They should be made to understand that if they do not pay promptly of their own motion they will be treated with "wholesome severity." It will be an excellent move to swear out many warrants, bring many licensees into court, and impose on them heavy fines or costs. The next time they will not have to be sent for. Why should the municipal authorities be so delicate and considerate in their dealings with debtors to the city? The money is needed, and it ought to be collected.

CORN AND THE HOT WAVE.

Coming after the deadly heat of the first of the week a temperature of 67 and "fresh northerly breezes" are welcomed gleefully by heat tortured people. Discomfort, suffering, and prostrations have been the harvest of the brief hot wave. People who have suffered thus are amply justified in thankfully observing its departure and in hoping that it will not return to take the place of refreshing coolness.

But the harvest of the hot wave has been great in other things than heat prostrations. Especially in Illinois has its harvest been good and its extreme heat justified, for the weather just passed was ideal "corn weather," and the corn crop of this state and of the nation at large is of too much importance to be disregarded. While the sweltering citizen watched the thermometer with genuine malice the corn grower looked at his crop and smiled happily. While collars were wilting the corn was growing by leaps and bounds. It takes hot weather, weather that wilts, and burns, and even brings suffering, to grow corn. Corn is a jealous crop. It demands much. It is not content to grow in the even weather congenial to other crops, but it must needs have besides abundant rain the sun beating down on its green leaves with all the fury of its full force before it will take and hold in its kernels the wealth of nourishment that contributes to the prosperity and strength of nations. In the pleasant, cool weather it mopes and sulks; its leaves grow thin and pale, its stalks weak and stunted. But at the coming of the hot wave city people dislike so cordially it wakes and bestirs itself and grows in a manner that explains why an enthusiast called it "the gods' greatest gift to nations."

Each hot day adds thousands to the value of the corn crop. A spell such as is just passed increases it by millions. So, while the cool weather is always welcome in the summer time, it is well, while enjoying it, to remember that the hot wave is not all bad, and when the next one comes along to accept it with more content and resignation, realizing that the uncomfortable heat is working mightily for King Corn and the national prosperity of the year.

WHEN FANCY FLOWS FREELY.

July Proposal.

"Wilt thou be mine,
My dear Miss Jilt?"
'Twas so—
She said: "I wilt!"
—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Mere Misprint.

Mabel—"What is Grace so terribly indignant about?"

Maude—"Why, young Nuwedd met her in the dark hall last night, mistook her for his wife, and printed a kiss on her ruby lips."

Mabel—"Is that all? Well, she ought not to kick up such a row over a mere typographical error."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Speechless.

"I flatter myself that I never let my wife talk me out of anything," remarked the little man with the big chest.

"I can't say as much," remarked the man who had to duck to pass through the doorway. "My wife talked me out of the house last night."—Schenectady (N. Y.) Union.

Japanese English.

There have been some slight disturbance among the foreign trade as to the appearance of those Baltic fleet. Yet, our sugar which has been importing from Manila and Java, has not been effected so far, as the present market is not active.

The "Habutaye" market in Yokohama has been hindered toward India and Europe, while some brighter view has been entertained against Australian and American demand.

A firm in Kobe—one of the most reliable as an export house of chip as well as Strawdralds—wishes to secure a connection with a large and sound importing house in Europe.

One of the oldest houses in dealing the bronze wares in Osaka is seeking after some good correspondents in the United States.

A gentleman in Tokio desires to write some articles to foreign papers in respect to this country for various subjects. He will take some reasonable compensation.—Tokio Industrial Review.

Safe Journey!

Hip, hip, hurray, he's off for Baffin's bay,
And here's that Peary soon may reach his goal,
And if this heat continues we hope he'll
find a way to bring us back the old north
pole!—New York Herald.

A Boost.

Tess—"She's pretty, but the great trouble is that she knows it."

Bess—"Quit boosting her."

Tess—"Boosting her?"

Bess—"Yes. She hasn't got sense enough to know it."—Detroit Tribune.

Charms and Alarms.

The lecture at the Female Enlightenment club that afternoon was "How to Keep Our Husbands at Home at Night."

"Cultivate for his enjoyment your early musical tastes and accomplishments. Don't keep the piano closed when he is home and needs the soothing influence of music's charms," admonished the matronly speaker.

Sister Dorame—"But that's why Mr. Dorame rushed off to his club early every evening. He objects to what he calls my piano practice."—Washington Post.

PERSONAL.

Tolstoi spends much of his time in roaming through the woods.

Rastamji Manekji, a native of Bombay, is visiting New York, and complains of the heat he has to endure there.

The czar of Russia, according to a French international almanac, draws annually $40,000,000 from the national exchequer.

Princess Hatzfeldt, adopted daughter and heiress of the late Collis P. Huntington, is the recognized leader of Anglo-American society.

Prof. Cleveland Abbe is dean of the U. S. weather bureau's scientific corps, and occupies the editorship of the Monthly Meteorological Review.

J. Howard Larcombe, the one time associate of the railroad king, Tom Scott, and of Andrew Carnegie, the ironmaster, is a clerk in the pension office at Washington.

Cardinal Gibbons of Baltimore will be 71 years old today, and is to pass his birthday with the Rev. W. S. Caughey, pastor of St. Stephen's church, Southampton, L. I.

Secretary of the Navy Bonaparte already has received letters addressed to him as "Mr. Napoleon, secretary of the navy." In signing state documents he writes his name in full.

Prof. N. A. Cobb of Spencer, Mass., is to push scientific farming in the Hawaiian islands in behalf of Uncle Sam. He was formerly in the employment of the Australian government in New South Wales.

The empress of Russia's toilet water is perfumed with violets which are gathered specially at Grasse between 5 and 7 o'clock in the evening—the time when her majesty declares their perfume is most delicious.

Lady Dufferin of India was once addressed as "your enormity." An Abyssinian missive came to the late Queen Victoria, addressed to the "Queen of Kings, Empress of the Great Red Sea." Her highland tenants used to say: "Come awa' in and sit doon, Queen Victoree."

Longest Lawsuit.

[From the Law Notes.]

A lawsuit which makes Jarndyce vs. Jarndyce seem like a summary proceeding is still pending in Spain, and is probably the longest suit in point of time in the history of the world. The case, which is between the marquis de Viana and the Count Torres de Cabrera, began in 1517, and arose out of a dispute over a pension. The sum in controversy would have reached fabulous millions had not four centuries of attorneys, barristers, and court officials taken considerate and effectual measures to prevent its attaining unwieldy proportions. In 1871 the case was deemed just about ripe for a decision, but, for one reason or another, it has been continuously postponed. However, the judges have now become apprehensive lest the case run over into its fifth century, and, as this might reflect upon the promptitude of Spanish procedure, word has gone forth that the wheels of justice are to be accelerated to a burst of speed that will secure the giving of a judgment within a period not to exceed two years longer.

Two Laughs in This Story.

[From the London Chronicle.]

The American in the corner of the non-smoking first class carriage insisted on lighting his cigar. The indignant Britisher in the other corner protested, and protested in vain. At the next station he hailed the guard, with hostile intent; but the placid American was too quick for him. "Guard," he drawled, "I think you'll find that this gentleman is traveling with a third class ticket on him." Investigation proved him to be right, and the indignant Britisher was ejected. A spectator of the little scene asked the triumphant American how he knew about that ticket. "Wall," explained the imperturbable stranger, "it was sticking out of his pocket, and I saw it was the same color as mine."

Rather Rough.

Butts—"Wish I was the fool killer."

Nordy—"It wouldn't do you any good."

Butts—"Why not?"

Nordy—"You'd have to commit suicide, old boy."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

LETTER OF MARQUISE DE FONTENOY

Copyright: 1905: By the Marquise de Fontenoy.

SIR CLAUDE DE CRESPIGNY, although considerably over 60, has started out once more in the search of adventures, and is at the present moment engaged in fighting black insurgents in the East African hinterland, having joined as a volunteer the punitive expedition sent out by the British authorities in East Africa against the Sotiks, whose army is estimated at about 10,000 strong.

Sir Claude is one of the most picturesque characters in English life, and has been in turn a sailor—a fellow midshipman of Admiral Lord Charles Beresford—an officer in the English Rifle brigade, a cavalryman in the German army during the Franco-German war of 1870, a war correspondent, a champion swimmer, a steeplechase rider, and heaven only knows what all else besides. He has managed to break more bones in his body without doing himself permanent injury than any man of my acquaintance, his catalogue of injuries including, amongst other things, two leg bones broken while ballooning, three arm bones smashed while hunting, three ribs and a collarbone fractured when steeplechasing, another rib cracked in a cab accident in London, one finger which his horse broke for him, and two fingers which he broke on another man's face.

Two years ago, although over 60 at the time, he rode in a steeplechase with his son over one of the most difficult courses in England, the boy coming in first. He holds the Royal Humane society medal for saving life from drowning, was bitterly disappointed when Blondin refused to carry him on his back across the falls of Niagara on a tight rope, has figured as an amateur picador in a Spanish bull fight, was for many years the champion amateur boxer of England, and even presided at a hanging, which led to the inauguration of an unsuccessful movement to bring about his expulsion from the Army and Navy club in London.

He was high sheriff of his native county, that of Essex, at the time, and theoretically the convicted murderers under sentence for execution are confided to the custody of this dignitary, who is likewise responsible, theoretically of course, for the execution. Sir Claude took his responsibility in the matter seriously to heart, and on one occasion, when a triple execution took place at Colchester during his term as high sheriff, he insisted upon being upon the scaffold in order to see there was no hitch in the proceedings. Fortunately everything went off well. For if there had been any hitch Sir Claude would assuredly have considered it to be his duty to lend a hand.

Sir Claude some years ago came to financial grief, but quickly obtained his discharge from the bankruptcy court and did not allow such a little thing as that to mar his spirits. Nor can it be said to have affected to any degree the fortunes of this ancient family. For his son, Lieut. de Crespigny, a Victoria cross soldier, will eventually be rich, owing to the falling in of an immense number of leases in the northern part of London. Lady de Crespigny is quite the reverse of her husband, being of an austere temperament and renowned for her piety, which is tempered by the most boundless charity.

The baronetcy is of relatively modern origin, dating from the reign of King George IV. The family, however, is of old Norman descent, and has been settled in England since the seventeenth century. I may add that Sir Claude attracted a good deal of attention some eleven years ago by claiming the honor of knighthood for his eldest son on the attainment of his majority. This was formerly a sort of prerogative of the eldest sons of baronets, sanctioned not by law but by usage, but which had been allowed to fall into abeyance during the greater part of the nineteenth century. Queen Victoria declined to revive it, and the law officers of the crown, on being consulted, decided that there was nothing that could compel the crown to knight any one upon whom it did not care to confer that distinction.

It is not Grand Duke Nicholas Constantinovitch but Grand Duke Nicholas Michaelvitch who has been arrested by order of the czar and sent under a strong escort of gendarmes to a fortress in the Transcaspian province, where he is to be confined for some time to come. Nicholas Constantinovitch is insane, his mind having become deranged, and is now dying of paresis in the Crimea, where he is cared for by a staff of medical attendants and nurses. It was, in fact, by reason of his pitiful condition that he was allowed by Emperor Nicholas to return to Russia a couple of years ago from the central Asian stronghold in which he had been confined for more than a quarter of a century as a punishment for the scandal in which he had allowed himself to become involved in St. Petersburg through the Philadelphia adventuress, "Fannie Lear" (Mrs. Hattie Blackford), and for his subsequent implication in a nihilist conspiracy. It may be remembered that he robbed not only his mother of her jewels but likewise the chapel at St. Petersburg of some of its most costly treasures to present them to his fair but frail American friend.

His cousin, the Grand Duke Nicholas Michaelovitch, is an entirely different kind of man, much younger, and has got all his wits about him. He long has been suspected of being in sympathy with the revolutionary movement, owing to which he has received the nickname of the "Red Grand Duke," and for a long time past he has been regarded with the same ill will and distrust at the court of St. Petersburg as that with which Philip "Egalite," the regicide duke of Orleans, was looked upon at the court of Versailles towards the close of the eighteenth century.

Even as a boy he never got on well with his playmates of the nobiliary class or with his relatives, and on reaching manhood developed not only remarkable aptitude for military affairs but likewise a taste for political doctrines of the most advanced character. Of course, he served in the Turko-Russian war, and like every other Russian grand duke who had been under fire in that campaign received the Russian order of St. George and the Prussian order of "Pour le Merite." The latter, however, is the only German order that he possesses, and he is almost alone among the members of his family to be without the Prussian order of the Black Eagle, an indication, therefore, that he is regarded in the same ill will by the present kaiser as he was by the old Emperor William.

After the Turkish war he was transferred to the Chevalier Gardes regiment at St. Petersburg, of which the now widowed empress was colonel in chief. But he proved so uncongenial a comrade to his fellow officers, gave expression to political utterances of so revolutionary and socialistic a character that at length the regimental commander invoked the intervention of the empress, asking her for the grand duke's transfer to some other corps, as the situation had become absolutely intolerable. The czarina informed her husband, and Alexander III., who cordinally disliked this "red" cousin of his, sent him off to the Caucasus with the rank of major general. There Nicholas distinguished himself by gathering around him all the malcontents of the district, including members of many of the old princely and noble houses of the Caucasus—elements always watching for propitious moments to rise against Russian rule for the purpose of recovering their national independence.

When eighteen months ago the command of the army corps at Tiflis became vacant, and both military seniority and his rank as a grand duke entitled him to the post, the present czar declined to instrust a military office of such importance to a prince professing political opinions and affiliations of so dangerous a character. Deeply angered, the grand duke resigned his command, returned to St. Petersburg full of resentment, and soon aroused so much suspicion in high quarters by his association with political suspects and his correspondence with revolutionary leaders abroad that he was ordered by the czar to leave Russia.

He returned some time ago in defiance of the emperor's orders, and it was shortly after that the grave revolutionary troubles broke out in the southeastern provinces of Russia, which Prince Louis Napoleon Bonaparte has been sent, with the powers of a military dictator, to suppress. At St. Petersburg the grand duke is held responsible for these troubles, and his arrest and imprisonment, which I predicted some months ago in these letters, has now followed. It is probable that he will remain a prisoner for life, or until he becomes insane like his cousin and namesake, Nicholas Constantinovitch.

Modern Version.

When with the left a man shall smite
Thee on the cheek, just swing your right.
—Cleveland Leader.

A LINE-O'-TYPE OR TWO.

IN HARBOR

[Copyright: 1905: By Tribune Company.]

The ships swing in the channel—the whispers of the tide
Come up from out the stillness that is on every side;
The guard of honor paces in stately steps that keep
A ward upon the admiral who sleeps his dreamless sleep.
The silent stars of heaven look down to where there be
Another host of silent stars reflected in the sea.

But now a figure rises and leans against the rail,
And lifts its hand, saluting, and sends a soundless hail;
It wears an olden costume; it wears an olden sword;
It walks as one who strode the deck when storms of battle roared;
A shadow in a shadow, it shades its eyes and peers
To see the shores it has not known this long, long hundred years.

Look up! Look up, O sailor! Brave Admiral Paul Jones,
The dawn will show the banner we drape above your bones—
The red glow of the sunrise will see its folds set free,
The flag you flew defiantly to all upon the sea.

And now the waters waken with the murmurs of the dawn,
But in the light the figure that stood by the rail is gone.

The ships swing into harbor; the anchor chains run out,
And from a hundred guns there comes an iron throated shout
That surges down the distance and is echoed roundabout,
A shaking hail of welcome that rings across the foam
And blends with rolling drums that welcome him who has come home—
But he sleeps on, contented. His battle banner dips
As though it knew the smile that rests today upon his lips.

W. D. N.

MANUFACTURE OF SPURIOUS PICTURES.

[From the Pall Mall Gazette.]

"After hearing the evidence which you have put before me," said my friend the connoisseur, in his most judicial tone, as we strolled out of his private picture gallery into the smoking room, "I have not the slightest hesitation in saying that I believe, nay, am certain, that his royal highness has been deceived. That Corot is a forgery, and, although I should not like to say the people who persuaded him to buy it for the new Dublin Gallery of Modern Art knew it was one, I cannot help expressing my surprise at their ignorance. And you mean to tell me that four of your leading London experts still believe the canvas to be by the man who opened up the way for impressionism? Dear, dear me! That is sad! But these experts are the same all the world over. Really, at times I wonder why we picture buyers place so much reliance upon their judgment."

Such was the opinion which I received a few days ago in course of conversation with a Parisian gentleman who has at least twenty Corots in his gallery—genuine Corots, not the spurious works which are palmed off by dozens on wealthy Englishmen and Americans. I had called upon him to put him in possession of the facts connected with the controversy now being waged over the prince of Wales' gift in the Dublin Gallery of Modern Art, and had just explained that the supposed masterpiece was really a poor copy of a picture by Mészöly in the Budapest museum when he delivered the above decisive judgment. Knowing the ways of picture forgers, and having exposed the fraudulent practices of Parisian marchands-experts in the June issue of the North American Review, his words did not surprise me in the least. Without having seen the Dublin "Corot," any intelligent connoisseur, in spite of the letters which Messrs. Agnew, Buttery, Wallis, and Colnaghi have written to the London press, would have said the same.

"Never has the traffic in spurious pictures been carried on on such extensive lines as it is today," continued the picture lover, when we were comfortably seated in our easy chairs. "Something will have to be done to put a stop to it, and I'm glad to see suggestions are being made with that object. Every picture that is painted nowadays should have a certificate signed by the artist in the presence of official witnesses. That would be a guarantee of its authenticity and do much to prevent these picture forgers from carrying on their trade in works by living masters. As to works by painters of the past, the forgery of these should be prevented as much as possible by bringing in a more stringent law against falsifiers. The present law in France is badly in need of being amended. By the bye, I suppose you have seen that the tenth chamber of the correctional tribunal is at present trying a number of these men? They are charged with forging pictures by Corot, Courbet, Chintreuil, Dupré, Théodore Rousseau, Diaz, Daubigny, Sisley, Willette, and others. The works were seized at the Hôtel des Ventes, the official salesrooms in the Rue Drouot, and at their private residences. Among them are three spurious Willettes. I was present when the ten prisoners were charged with the offense, and I had the curiosity to listen to some of the evidence. It was most pathetic to hear what Willette had to say. He was the only living artist out of all those whose works had been forged, so he was naturally put into the witness box. As he spoke I could imagine much the same sort of protest would have been uttered by Corot and Courbet and Rousseau had they been there."

"Do you remember his words?"

"In the main, not textually. He said that after twenty years' incessant work, and in spite of success, he had only just been able to make a living out of his art because of the large number of forged pictures and drawings bearing his name which are on the market in France and abroad. And he expressed the opinion that auctioneers, who frequently sell forged canvases as genuine works of art, should be made responsible for their errors. Yes; you are quite right; something will have to be done to put an end to this scandalous traffic."

The United States is the country where most of the spurious ancient and modern masters which are forged by hundreds on the continent are sold, but there can be no doubt, as the Dublin case proves, that some of them find their way into English collections. Paris, Vienna, Berlin, Rome, and St. Petersburg are the principal centers of the traffic, and wealthy Englishmen and Americans who come over from London and New York with the object of picking up treasures for their galleries run a great risk of being swindled, unless accompanied by a sure friend who is au courant with the tricks of the trade. The higher the price a picture may be the less chance there is, generally speaking, of it being genuine, and the truth of this is getting so universally recognized among collectors that the majority of those who form collections of pictures and other works of art look nowadays for treasures, not in the shops of the large cities but in those of second-hand dealers in the provinces. Every large city has its specialty in the manufacture of spurious works of art; the country districts, not yet discovered by the forger, constitute the safest hunting ground for the Englishman or American who does not wish to be swindled out of his money.

Not many weeks ago the Journal of Paris published the following paragraph on this subject: "Do our readers know that there exists in Paris a manufactory in which artists, receiving large salaries, copy the masterpieces of our great masters? These pictures are sent to the United States, a high duty is paid on them, and, being thus stamped as authentic, they are then sold for their weight in gold to American millionaires. In the galleries of one of these collectors can be seen quite a number of pictures, the originals of which are either in Paris or in the provinces." The only change which need be made in this substantially true statement is this: the writer should have said "a number of manufactories," for they simply swarm all over France, principally in the Montparnasse and Montmartre quarters of Paris.

Some of these picture forgers are attached to this or that dealer-expert—the man who has his shop on the grand boulevards and his branches in London or New York; others supply the "trade" in general. Ziem, Henner, Charles Jacques, Corot, Diaz, Courbet, and Dupré are the artists whose works are most copied, but there is not an artist of any note who has not had his picture copied, often with variations, by these men. The forgery is done so cleverly that I defy any one save the most experienced judges to detect the fraud. M. Jules Claretie, the eminent member of the French academy, once knew an artist who could copy the works of Diaz so perfectly that only Diaz himself could not be deceived. A few years ago the same writer found a sunset signed Jules Dupré in a dealer's shop in the Rue Pigalle, but, doubting its authenticity, he asked the artist, who was a friend of his, to go around with him and examine the picture. "So this is a real Dupré?" asked the painter, holding the canvas on a level with his eyes. "Certainly, sir; and an excellent example of that artist's work." "Excellent it is, I admit," responded Dupré, "but only as an imitation. This picture is a copy of one of my works which I know for a certainty to be in England." The dealer tried to argue the point, but Dupré, naturally, held his ground, and so firmly that the man at last admitted he had bought the picture from an artist who made a specialty of producing forged Duprés and Ziems.

I could quote a hundred similar examples to prove how widespread is the trade in spurious "masters." Nearly every good picture has its worthless "double," and it is one of these, falsely attributed to Corot, which, in my humble opinion, has found its way to the capital of the Emerald Isle.

New "Jap" Trick.

Korea-Spondent—"I see the mikado has enjoined his generals to rename each new town captured."

Reporter-Arthur—"Yes; and they have already suggested a name for Vladivostok."

Korea-Spondent—"What is it?"

Reporter - Arthur — "Bloodibustup."—Judge.

On His Track.

"Pa," asked the senator's little boy, "what is a 'nemesis'?"

"A 'nemesis,' my son," replied the senator, wearily, "is a female office-seeker whom, in a moment of foolish kind heartedness, you promised to assist."—Catholic Standard and Times.

An Authority.

"The fellow that says a barking dog never bites," remarked the busy flea, as he changed his position on the canine's back, "doesn't know what he's talking about."—Yonkers Statesman.

Too Bad.

He—"I only know that I love you."

She—"O, dear; I thought you knew all about an automobile, too!"—Smart Set.

PRESIDENT'S ACTION ON VENEZUELA MEANS SQUARE DEAL SHALL PREVAIL.

With Elihu Root as Secretary and W. J. Calhoun as Special Envoy, Facts as to Asphalt Trust Will Be Known—Castro Gains in Prestige and Power.

BY RICHARD WEIGHTMAN.

Washington, D. C., July 21.—[Special.]—Our new secretary of state has had that famous far away look in his eyes during the last day or two. Whether it is caused by the information concerning Venezuela he obtained from the files, or by the difficulty he experienced in getting any information at all, he did not confide to acquaintances. My own conjecture is that he found food for thought in both respects, but it is quite certain that he knows enough already to give him a vast and gnawing appetite for more.

It is amusing to recall the situation of two or three months ago, when one heard almost daily of the vigorous measures the administration was about to take and the various brilliant ultimatums, lowering scowls, and assorted jolts of which President Castro would, in a few days if not sooner, become the miserable target. Anybody with a faculty of perception one grade superior to that of the cigar store Indian must now see that whatever may be the real merits of the case Mr. Roosevelt no longer believes that he has them at his fingers' ends.

Determined on Square Deal.

Possibly Castro is the tyrannical monster and the asphalt trust the bleeding victim we were told of through daily bulletins only recently. It is flagrantly evident just now, however, that the president has shifted from the dogmatic to the receptive mood and that, for the moment at least, he is less concerned about the quality of ginger to go into the ultimatum than about the argument upon which he is to justify.

The proposition is self-evident that if he were quite sure of his ground he would not have appointed Mr. Calhoun to investigate the situation de novo and sent Mr. Root here to confer with him. It is too plain for controversy that Mr. Roosevelt is not satisfied with the story as he has heard it up to date and that he intends to have a look in at the other side.

Root as Attorney and Official.

Meanwhile, it is as well to remember the highly important fact that there are two Elihu Roots—the shrewd, far seeing attorney and the equally shrewd and thoroughly devoted public servant. It is only six years or so ago since Elihu Root the attorney had a New York client who meditated a profitable deal with the Havana authorities. He did the best he could for this client, and prepared for him a contract which needed only sound anchorage at the other end to transfer several millions of Havana money to the bank account of the New York philanthropist.

Not long afterwards Mr. Root became secretary of war under Mr. McKinley and therefore, during the period of our occupation, trustee and attorney for the island of Cuba. In this latter capacity Secretary of War Root promptly turned down the bargain which Attorney Root had done his best to expedite. The would-be contractor, whose standards had been modeled on those of Tammany, could not understand it. He doesn't understand today. He's like that sick man who couldn't take a full bottle of champagne every morning because he only held a pint, but the incident is worth recalling at this time for it sheds an illuminating light upon one aspect of Mr. Root's character.

In Line with Bowen's Hint.

I do not know whether he has ever had any professional dealings with the asphalt trust. It is quite possible he has, however, since that worthy corporation has needed a vast amount of legal talent during the last few years and I know of no individual into whom so much of that article is compressed. Be that as it may, the asphalt people will find that Elihu Root serves but one interest when he holds public office, and that neither private friendships nor business relations in the past count for so much as a feather's weight in the scale of his official duty.

It is an interesting circumstance, moreover, that the mission upon which Mr. Calhoun is now about to embark is practically identical with that suggested by Minister Bowen, last month. It is all right to say that the new emissary will have nothing to do with Mr. Loomis' recent interview in Venezuela, but that obviously is a mere form of speech for, of course, the status of the asphalt company cannot be thoroughly defined without bringing Loomis into view except as he never had with that company the relations Mr. Bowen alleges. It is not denied in any quarter that he was a close friend of certain prominent officials and it is everywhere understood in Washington that the administration's attitude toward Castro and Venezuela has been inspired almost, if not entirely, by the assistant secretary of state. To imagine, therefore, that any approach to a comprehensive solution of the misunderstanding can be reached without a searching inquiry into Mr. Loomis' course at Caracas is to imagine a vain thing. I do not know that he has anything to fear from such an inquisition. Indeed, I am quite willing to believe that he hasn't, but if Mr. Calhoun is going to Venezuela for really business purposes the inquisition is inevitable.

Different Estimate on Castro.

Meanwhile it is interesting to note the new tone in which President Castro is now discussed by those who recently refused to consider him save as a red handed pirate and oppressor. Some months ago I ventured to suggest that if our government had given him the same sympathy and cooperation it bestowed so lavishly on Porfirio Diaz in 1877, Venezuela would have been spared the invasions and the revolutions equipped and actuated from outside, and by this time be in full enjoyment of prosperity and peace. It was the United States that, twenty-eight years ago, checked the Escobedo inroad at the Rio Grande, thereby giving Diaz the opportunity which he has improved to such magnificent results.

In the case of Venezuela, however, it was did not connive we undoubtedly winked at the so-called Matos revolution, for men and material notoriously were imported, and Willemstad was as well known in connection with Venezuelan affairs as was Caracas itself. Presumably, Mr. Calhoun will look into the details of this lamentable episode. If so, and if he does it as well as we have a right to expect, his report will make mighty sensational literature.

Compelled Foreign Recognition.

But, pending that consummation, it is already beyond question that the outside world is taking a much more respectful view of Castro than it was disposed to take two years ago, and the significant feature of the situation is that he has achieved this transformation by his own unaided efforts and in the face of almost universal hostility and distrust. In a word, he has compelled foreign recognition of himself as a man of perfect courage, of indomitable purpose, and of astonishing resource.

Nor has his victory been won only in Europe, for while he has made advantageous terms with England, France, and Germany and established a thoroughly cordial entente with the great powers across the sea, it now appears that he also has won over to his support the wealthy, the cultured, and the dominating classes at home. His new cabinet will soon be announced, and I "have every right to predict that it will justify the forecast.

It begins to dawn upon careful observers of events that Castro is a big man in every sense of the word—a man to be reckoned with at all stages of the game. He has overcome more difficulties than

FREE ICE FUND APPROVED

AMONG LETTERS OF PRAISE IS ONE FROM MOODY INSTITUTE.

John H. Hunter Announces Intention of Taking Up a Collection in His Bible Class—Total Gifts Thus Far $649.25—Chicago Relief and Aid Society Co-operating in the Work, Disbursing Tickets at Northwestern Settlement.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO ICE FUND.

The subscriptions to the fund received yesterday were as follows:

Mrs. J. Harris	$ 25.00
Cash, E. F. C.	25.00
Oddfellow, Springfield, Ill.	10.00
E. M. W., per G. E., Lake Geneva, Wis.	10.00
A Friend, E. W. C.	10.00
Alexander H. Revell	10.00
F. D. Richardson, Bourbon, Ind.	6.00
M. J. W.	5.00
Nettie S. Irwin, Nesuna cottage, Cobourg, Canada	5.00
E.	5.00
Hilda H. Griswold, 6034 Indiana avenue.	2.00
Ray A. Novak	1.00
Webster O. Novak	1.00
Ruth J. Novak	1.00
From Rogers Park, by special delivery.	1.00
George W. Morris, 616-619, 40 Dearborn street	8.50
Total	$119.50
Amount previously subscribed	529.75
Total	$649.25

Subscriptions to THE TRIBUNE free ice fund were increased yesterday by $119.50, making the total $649.25.

Among several letters commending the enterprise was one from John H. Hunter of the Moody Bible institute, in which he announced his intention of taking up a collection for the fund in his class of young men.

The fund was made the subject last night of Mr. Hunter's address before the Union Bible class, as an apt illustration of the free offer of salvation. He recommended the enterprise heartily to the hundreds of teachers present and suggested the offering for next Sunday.

Caring for Babies.

Five babies reclined in a row, in neat white beds, in the afternoon in the nursery at the Northwestern settlement, Augusta street near Milwaukee avenue. They were pathetic looking children, with large eyes and wrinkled faces and necks that showed their little bones through the parchment like skin. But they were clean babies, dressed in spotless striped blue gowns, and they were receiving the best of care.

These babies are the protégés of the Chicago Relief and Aid society of the Visiting Nurses' association, which is coöperating with THE TRIBUNE free ice fund in that part of the city in saving babies. The children are brought in daily from the poor district of the neighborhood and given careful nursing and medical treatment. Above all they have fresh air and clean surroundings.

The Northwestern settlement is one of the stations of THE TRIBUNE ice fund. The tickets calling for ice at the cost price of 1 cent a pound are distributed there and the holders go for the ice to the nearest station of the Knickerbocker Ice company. Some of the patrons stop the wagons and get their ice without delay.

Even with the free ice and the pasteurized milk which also may be obtained at the settlement house there is much sickness in the district, and deaths among children are so frequent that the settlement workers are distressed by conditions.

Bad Surroundings Cause Disease.

Dr. J. D. Merrill, a woman physician; Dr. W. J. Butler, and a trained nurse were looking after the children yesterday.

"Here's a baby that ought to weigh twenty-eight pounds," said Dr. Merrill, lifting up one. "It weighs but twelve. The child is suffering from a disease resulting from insufficient nourishment and insanitary surroundings, which is the most common in this district."

The little boy began to cry plaintively, until the physician interested it with a large rubber dog that squeaked.

"Here's a child," said Dr. Merrill, "that was brought by a 9 year old sister, who has had the care of it since her mother's death."

It was a weak looking baby, but the physician said it was thriving under the treatment at the sanitarium.

At present none of the babies is left at the sanitarium over night, and there is always the danger that the good treatment they receive there will be counteracted by neglect at their homes, but the lives of several children have been saved since the sanitarium was opened two weeks ago. It is the intention to remove the sanitarium to Noble and Augusta streets as soon as the small park is opened there, and to establish another one at Vernon park.

Steady Demand for Ice.

Reports came from all the settlements that there was a steady demand for THE TRIBUNE ice and that it was saving many babies and sick mothers.

One of the instructors in the manual training department of the Northwestern settlement has fashioned an ice box that a person with a little ingenuity can duplicate for a little over a dollar. It consists of a double box, strongly made, with sawdust filled in between the two compartments. The interior, which is 12x18 inches, is lined with zinc, and this is the most expensive part of the box. The ice box keeps the ice much longer than the ordinary manufactured refrigerator.

TELLS HOW HER HUSBAND FLED.

Mrs. Sheridan E. Van Voorhis' Story Wins Her a Divorce in Judge McWilliams' Court.

After she had told how her husband disappeared from Chicago, leaving a note behind, Mrs. Sheridan E. Van Voorhis, 263 Fifty-third street, was granted a divorce from Arthur Van Voorhis by Judge McWilliams yesterday. They were married at Rochester, N. Y., in 1890, and the parting came in 1903.

Within eight months after she was married, Mrs. Edith Maus Carll was deserted in Portland, Ore., by Joseph Carll. She told her story to Judge Honoré. Mrs. Carll is a daughter of James R. Maus of La Grange. The marriage took place in 1900.

Mrs. Cecelia Foran, 381 Wood street, declared to Judge Honoré that her husband, John Foran, deserted her when their baby was born. She has not seen him for six years.

Mrs. Maybell B. Dutton, 5521 Madison avenue, said William Dutton of Pittsfield, Ill., was cruel to her. They were married in Springfield, Ill., in 1900.

HEAT WAVE LEAVES SHADOW.

Michael Pijak, Overcome While at Work Last Wednesday, Dies in the County Hospital.

The cool lake breezes enabled Chicago to enjoy another comfortable day yesterday. The normal temperature was 71 degrees. The forecaster confidently declared last night that there will be no great change in the temperature for several days.

A hot wave is forming in Montana, according to the weather man, which is headed for Chicago, but it will be several days in arriving and then it may turn out to be like "Scotty," who also came out of the west—a false alarm.

Although the hot wave moved on it left its shadow behind. Michael Pijak, 36 years old, 982 West Nineteenth street, who was overcome while working in the McCormick harvester plant last Wednesday, died in the county hospital.

$3.00—To Old St. Joe—$3.00

Leave Chicago Sunday morning at 7:50, arrive St. Joseph 10:10 a. m. Good for return Sunday night or Monday, leaving St. Joe at 6:45 p. m. or 7:45 p. m. Sunday; 3:20 a. m., 6:45 a. m., 10:30 a. m., and 7:45 p. m. Monday.

VIA PERE MARQUETTE.

Phone Central 5501 for rates to other points.

IN THE SOCIETY WORLD.

OCONOMOWOC PREPARING FOR TWO DAYS' FESTIVITIES.

Name for the Affair Not Yet Determined—Program Includes Fancy Dress Ball and Auto and Boat Parades—Wedding of Miss Florence Amberg to Mr. Edward Hurley to Take Place Monday Afternoon — Personal News.

Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Valentine's guests at Oconomowoc during next week's gayety will be Mr. and Mrs. John J. Mitchell and Mr. and Mrs. William J. Chalmers, while another house party to be entertained by Mr. and Mrs. John Dupee includes Mr. and Mrs. John C. King and Mr. and Mrs. Orville Babcock.

Just what Oconomowoc will call collectively the many events to take place there next Friday and Saturday has not been decided. The feature of the two days' entertainment will be a dance to begin with on Friday evening at Draper hall, which will be a fancy dress affair, a luncheon on Saturday at the Country club, to be followed in the afternoon by a baseball game by teams composed of Oconomowoc residents; a golf tournament for a cup to be presented by Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Valentine; an automobile parade in charge of Mrs. Lawrence Fitch, the cars to be trimmed with flowers; a vaudeville entertainment at the opera house, and possibly a water carnival, when all of the many electric and naphtha launches at the lake will turn out in a parade, each to be decorated with varicolored lights and to have music aboard. It was thought for a time that the Ben Greet players and the Damrosch Symphony orchestra would be extra features, but the plan was abandoned since both organizations have engagements for both days.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank R. McMullin of Highland Park gave a dinner last night at their home, House in the Wood. The affair was in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Blackinship of Baltimore, who are guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Sampsell of Highland Park.

At the Onwentsia club this evening dinner parties will be entertained by Mrs. John Hannah, who will have ten guests; Mrs. W. E. Clow, who will have five; and Mr. Walter Kirk. In the evening, there will be an informal dance at the club. The Marquette club will take its annual lake excursion on Saturday, July 29. About 150 members will go to Ottawa beach to witness the interstate regatta, returning the following Monday morning.

At the wedding on Monday of Miss Florence Amberg, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Amberg, 3433 Michigan avenue, to Mr. Edward Hurley, there will be but two attendants, Miss Charlotte Plamondon, and Mr. Albert Amberg, brother of the bride. The wedding will be celebrated in the afternoon, with only the immediate families present.

Mrs. Alice Bradford announces the marriage of her daughter, Clementine Maud, to Mr. Ramon Fernandez Nater, son of Manuel Fernandez Juncos of Porto Rico. The wedding took place at Arecibo, Porto Rico, on July 3. Mrs. Bradford, who was long a resident of the north side, sailed from San Juan last Tuesday to visit friends and relatives in Chicago. Mr. and Mrs. Nater will reside in Porto Rico.

From San Francisco comes the announcement of the marriage of William E. Davis, formerly of Chicago, to Miss Dorothy Hufschmidt, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hufschmidt of San Francisco. Mr. and Mrs. Davis will reside in that city.

Mrs. Henry Page Guyton, 1447 Michigan avenue, has gone to Europe to spend the summer.

Dr. and Mrs. H. W. Thomas, 535 Monroe street, left last night for Yellowstone park, where they will remain until Sept. 1.

Mr. and Mrs. George A. Stewart and their daughters, Mary and Gladys of Austin, will leave today for Green Lake, Wis., to spend the rest of the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. James B. Forgan of Dearborn avenue, left yesterday for a lake trip to northern Michigan.

CAMPERS READY TO GREET EPWORTH LEAGUE MEMBERS.

Preparations Are Made by Methodists at Desplaines to Entertain More than 1,500 Visitors Today.

The cottagers at the Methodist campmeeting grounds at Desplaines have made preparations to entertain more than 1,500 members of the Epworth league today. They will arrive on the early trains, and nearly every church in Chicago will send a delegation.

James L. Loar, president of the Illinois State Epworth league, will preside during the day, and the special program will be opened by the Rev. P. H. Swift. The Rev. Stephen J. Herben will speak in the afternoon.

Last night marked the opening of Swedish services at the grounds. The Swedish church is in the southern part of the grounds. The services were presided over by the Rev. A. J. Lofgren.

Joseph H. Smith of California spoke at the regular meeting in the afternoon, when the Methodist ministers also met. Dr. John Thompson said he believed it would be a distinct advantage to the church "if all croakers, grumblers, and those afflicted with melancholia were translated."

A policeman has been detailed to aid Gustav Hansen, the "janitor," in guarding the grounds and enforcing the 10 o'clock curfew rule.

PRIEST TELLS OF BLACKMAIL.

Father Erhard Testifies Against Justice Hartman, Lawyer Maloney, and Detective Harry Nye.

The Rev. Lawrence A. Erhard, pastor of the Roman Catholic Church of the Epiphany, testified before the grand jury yesterday against Justice Isaac Hartman, Lawyer Michael J. Maloney, and Private Detective Harry Nye, who he says extorted $2,000 from him by blackmail. It is said Maloney has confessed his part in the blackmailing scheme.

Six true bills were voted against William McBride, who is said to have swindled fifteen women by offering to sell them coal at $3 a ton, and failing to deliver the fuel after taking their money.

Indictments were asked against Michael Monaghan and Scotty McDonald, accused of having held up Edward Gireaux and Mrs. Daisy Gilmore, and taking from the latter diamonds valued at $2,800. They are said to have committed many other robberies.

AGED MAN REPORTED MISSING.

Charles Randolph, 77 Years Old, Leaves House on Errand and Fails to Return.

Charles Randolph, 77 years of age, a long time resident of Chicago, has been missing from his house since last Tuesday morning. He left the house on an errand before breakfast, and, although the police and his family have conducted an energetic search, they have been unable to discover a trace of him.

It is believed that soon after leaving his home he was affected by the heat and wandered off. When last seen he wore a dark blue serge suit, sack coat, black derby hat, and carried a cane. He is of stout build, about five feet five inches tall, has white chin whiskers, and light brown hair.

His son-in-law is Malcolm McDowell, assistant secretary of the Central Trust Company of Illinois.

END-OF-THE-WEEK-RATES.

Chicago and Northwestern Railway.

To nearby summer resorts. Tickets at special low rates on sale Friday, Saturday, and Sunday, good until the following Monday to return. Other low rates in effect daily. Illustrated folder, "Short Jaunts for Busy People," free on application at ticket offices, 212 Clark street and Wells Street Station (Tel. Cent. 721).

AMONG THE NEW BOOKS.

By George C. Howland, Jeannette L. Gilder, Ella W. Peattie.

REVIEWS OF CURRENT PUBLICATIONS.

THE FLUTE OF PAN.

Reviewed by Jeannette L. Gilder, Editor of the Critic.

ONE of the forthcoming season's novels that is sure to be read, if only for the controversy that accompanies it, is Mrs. Craigie's "The Flute of Pan." The book is now published in England, and it is the English copy that I have before me. Later in the season it will be published here by Messrs. Appleton.

Those who follow such matters with any degree of interest will remember that some months ago Mrs. Craigie wrote a play by this name, which was produced in London by Miss Olga Nethersole. It was not received with favor; indeed, the British gallery disgraced itself by its discourtesy to both actress and author. Mrs. Craigie, unwisely, perhaps, but not unnaturally, replied to her abusers, and Miss Nethersole took the play off the boards. It was not nice treatment that either of these women received. If the public and the critics did not like the play it was easy enough to say so without being rude.

Curiously enough, the retirement of the play did not end the controversy. I am not qualified to speak with authority, but I can only say that Mrs. Craigie had good reason to believe that "The Prince Consort," played in this country by Miss Ellis Jeffries and an admirable company, bore a strong likeness to "The Flute of Pan." It is a dangerous thing to accuse an author of plagiarism, and I should hesitate to do so until I was sure of my facts, and, even then, I should be willing to think that there was a mistake somewhere.

No one, however, who saw "The Prince Consort" and who reads "The Flute of Pan" can fail to see the similarity between the play and the novel, while the dissimilarity is equally plain. Mrs. Craigie contends that her play is more like "The Prince Consort" than the novel that she made from it. On that point I cannot speak, as I did not have the pleasure of seeing Mrs. Craigie's play, which was only produced in London, and for a short time.

In both stories, that of the play and that of the novel, a commoner marries a princess, and many of the characters are the same, and many of the incidents, but the motives are different. The suggestion is there, but it would take a clever lawyer to prove a legal case for Mrs. Craigie, whatever the moral case may be. As a matter of fact, Mrs. Craigie has retained a clever young lawyer in New York to look after her interests in the matter—Mr. Selden Bacon, the husband of the amusing Josephine Dodge Daskam.

Forgetting the play and just reading "The Flute of Pan" for entertainment, one will find that it fills the bill, so far as that goes, though it is not one of Mrs. Craigie's best. It is on the Zenda-Graustark order. The romance of a throne, the charming princess and the fascinating commoner. Like all such stories, it is impossible, but none the less entertaining.

Mrs. Craigie, however, claims for her story what neither Mr. Hope nor Mr. McCutcheon claims for theirs—that it is true, or mainly so. In an introduction, printed all in italics, possibly to emphasize her statements, Mrs. Craigie says:

> A friend of mine, who holds a distinguished position at one of the foreign courts, keeps in his combre bureau at the war office a beautiful miniature statuette of the god Pan. The exquisite ornament seemed more than ordinarily striking in such grim surroundings, and I begged my friend to tell me its history. It was a gift, he informed me, from the hereditary princess of a country which I must call Siguria. Then, as he was well aware of my psychological interests, he proceeded to tell me a tale which pleased me so much that I made it into a romance, and also into a comedy. There are things in the romance which are omitted from the comedy, and there are things in the comedy which are omitted from the romance, and each must be regarded as a work quite independent of the other. An artist may paint any number of views of the same object, and a writer is allowed the same liberty. Thus little essays are worked out into long histories, an anecdote may grow into a drama, and one passage from a biography may easily become an epic in many volumes. The letters and journals and documents—placed by my friend at my disposal—the actual facts of the story, have been as little tampered with as possible, and although I hope that no one will attempt to penetrate the necessary disguise of the characters represented, I also hope that no one will question the intrinsic truthfulness of the narrative as set down.
>
> The tale is mainly a love tale, and it is notoriously difficult to ascertain what conversations really pass between lovers. Either they do not remember what they say, or they do not know what they say, or—which is likely enough—they do not choose to take the world into their confidence. In this instance, however, I submitted my dialogue to the principal speakers, and they agreed, separately, and, to the best of my knowledge, without any secret understanding, that although they possibly said more than I have attributed to them they did not say less.

Boris, Viscount Berkele, the hero of this tale, is the fifteenth earl of Feldersbey, but notwithstanding his noble descent he is a disciple of Tolstoi, and renouncing the world into which he was born, he takes a studio in Venice, where he paints a picture called "The Flute of Pan," and lectures in a Russian blouse to admiring young women of various nationalities and equally various views on art, politics, and other vital questions. Boris is a young man of high temper as well as high birth, and a suspicious nature that well nigh wrecked his happiness. It seems that he had proposed from time to time to Margaret, hereditary princess of Siguria, a country bordering on Zenda, and Graustark, and had in each instance been refused. The friendship between Margaret and Boris was begun when the latter, with his mother, rented Berkele abbey during a temporary exile—according to Mrs. Craigie.

Women liked Berkele because he was known to have been susceptible to beauty once, and to have led an amorous life as a guardsman before the war. Rumor had associated his name with that of the prettiest princess in Europe—an exceedingly attractive, dashing, imprudent, brilliant princess, who broke hearts and disregarded etiquette merely because she wanted to enjoy herself. She lived for pleasure. Women who heard the story expected, with the sentimental optimism of their sex, that the lovelorn Feldersbey would marry eventually some dear, darling girl and modify his reactionary ideas. He had now reached the moment in a man's career, between the ages of 35 and 40, when he shows his mettle, and takes the step, in some secret or open way, which leads to his ultimate place among the weak or the strong—a truer division of humanity than the ordinary distinctions which classify them as the good and the bad, or the rich and the poor, or the happy and the unhappy. Whereupon Mrs. Craigie reflects that "many of the rich are good and happy, many of the poor are bad and strong; many of the rich are strong and wretched, many of the poor are weak and happy; the play on these conditions is as various as the combinations of notes in the musical scale, but strong or weak one must be."

In Venice at the same time is the Princess Margaret and suite, also a rich young Englishman by the name of Baverstock, who had amalgamated his father's jam business with his uncle's pickle factory, and enriched himself beyond the dreams of avarice thereby. This Baverstock was enamored of a foolish married woman, a cousin of the princess, and arranges to meet her at the studio of Boris. Instead of the cousin Margaret keeps the tryst, not because she cares for the manufacturer of the fifty-seven varieties, but to save her cousin's reputation. She does not explain her action to Boris, who is convinced that she is interested in the young man herself. However, he is gracious enough to overlook this, and when Margaret, finding that he will not propose again, takes a leap year privilege and asks for his hand in marriage, he gives it, though grudgingly.

They are married in Florence, where he talks to her vaguely of his suspicions, and when she expresses surprise, replies sententiously, "I can face life and I can face death, but I will not bear an insult to my intelligence," which goes to show what a high price he put upon his brain. Boris could not down his suspicion of the pickle maker. Things almost came to a climax when the latter offered $80,000 to Margaret for her best pearl necklace. It was for Bertha that he wanted it, and as the princess was hard up, after the manner of princesses, she sold it without telling her husband.

Boris was not the only thing that worried Margaret. There was a revolution in Siguria, and only for the wonderful military knowledge of Boris and the experience he had gained in South Africa there might have been serious trouble. The duties of a reigning princess became tiresome to Margaret, who had imbibed Tolstoian ideas from Boris, and she determined to abdicate and live with her husband in the Venetian studio. Before deciding upon this final move the princess had a talk on the subject of matrimony with the Baroness Mopsie.

"I don't wish you to think me unhappy," said Margaret; "I am worried, but I regret nothing. Men, after all, were born to be companions to women. The men who have charming, thoughtful ways are either effeminate or more fastidious than nine women out of ten. Such men make better friends and lovers than husbands. As husbands, I have often heard, they are moody and uncertain—if not actually invalidish. One cannot have everything, Mopsie!"

"True," replied Mopsie; "I remember my sister saying that she fell in love with her first husband when he was dangerously ill, and he was never again so fascinating. She found it impossible to love him in health as well as she did in sickness, but she was too sensible to fret over it. As she said, when a man is at death's door he is, to all intents and purposes, a spirit, and the poor creature is not to be blamed when he recovers and becomes to all intents and purposes a brute."

"According to you and your sister, Mopsie," said the princess, "women are all angels and men are a kind of hog. That doesn't seem fair or true. Many women are every bit as detestably selfish as men."

"Such women get on well with them and suit them," replied Mopsie; "you have too much feeling, too much imagination, and you are far too sensitive to be happy, for long, with any man."

"You make me out a fool, Mopsie. I could be as robust, if I chose, as Sophia and Amelia in Fielding's novels. Whenever they were puzzled, or at a loss for the right word, they fainted. I wish I could have fainted today when Boris left. It would have been so much pleasanter for both of us. I must try to revive some of these old customs."

I cannot say truly that Mrs. Craigie is at her best in this story. The play has undoubtedly hampered her. She has written epigrams for the pit rather than for the stalls, and they are not of her usual cleverness. I do not think as harshly of the book as the reviewer who, in the London Academy, condemns the epigrams as machine made and the wit as "mere pertness." It must, by the way, have been hard for Mrs. Craigie to have the Academy, for so long owned by her father, suddenly turn and rend her. The new owner evidently wants to prove his ownership with a vengeance. JEANNETTE L. GILDER.

BOOK GOSSIP OF LONDON.

One of the Most Popular Novelists of England Is Mrs. Beynon Puddicombe, Better Known as Allan Rayne—Other New Publications to Be Issued.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
[Copyright: 1905: By the New York Herald.]

LONDON, July 21.—It may surprise many to know that one of the most popular English novelists is Mrs. Beynon Puddicombe, better known as Allan Rayne. She can challenge numerical supremacy with even Hall Caine or Marie Correli. Little is ever heard of Rayne through the medium of the reviewers. Her books when reviewed are classed among those of the more obscure novelists, but the Hutchinsons, who have been making a careful revision of their records, estimate that during the last year they had sold in Britain alone a quarter of a million copies of her books. Her new book will be a romance of old Wales, entitled "The Hearts of Wales."

Helen Mathers has written a novel, "The Ferryman," which Methuen is to issue during the next few weeks. The ferryman is Paul Vravanel, who ferries across the Styx all those broken hearted and afflicted ones to whom life is a long drawn out agony. Incidentally, death is presented not as a specter but as a strong, beautiful man who promises something better than the earthly state of death.

Lawrence Houseman has finished a new novel entitled "All Hallows," which Murray is to publish. It long has been known that he wrote "An English Woman's Love Letters." On the other hand, the authorship of the second anonymous book which Murray published, "The House of Quiet," is still a secret. A further story, "The Thread of Gold," from the same pen, is announced.

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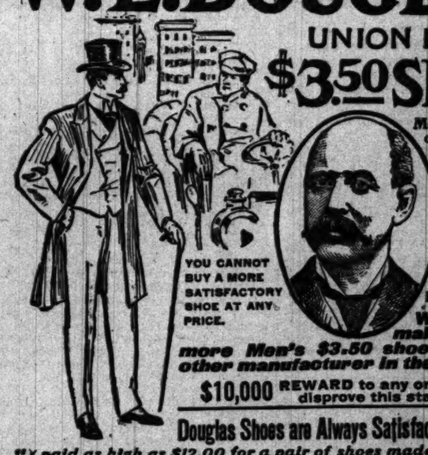

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THE MACMILLAN COMPANY, Publishers, N. Y.

MIDSUMMER HOLIDAY NUMBER

Rudyard Kipling is at his very best in "An Habitation Enforced" in The August Century Magazine. There are also clever pictures of the Summer Girl in color by Christy.

CENTURY

Vacation Guide
To Vacation-Land

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GREAT VICTORY FOR COMISKEY.

White Sox, Under "Old Roman's" Coaching, Beat New York in 12 Innings.

COUNT AT END IS 2 TO 1.

Locals Tie Score in Ninth After Two Outs; Altrock Pitches Fine Contest.

Just when the White Stockings seemed destined to meet the hardest kind of a hard luck defeat yesterday at the hands of the combination New York-Philadelphia team, President Comiskey went to their rescue. With the inspiration of his indomitable pluck and fighting spirit the game was tied up in the last half of the ninth and won out in the twelfth by a score of 2 to 1.

Robbed of any number of runs by a horseshoe stab by Elberfeld in the first inning, which missed becoming a triple play by inches only, outlucked at every point, with New York leading by one run secured on a fluke, the Sox seemed effectually buffaloed by Orth, and the frantic fans were losing their nerve when the ninth came without a Chicago run. Right there the gray haired hero of many a diamond battle, who had fought, won, and lost hundreds of games just as desperate as that, took his place quietly on the bench among his men.

"Now, boys," he said, "we want just one run and we can't lose. They'll never make another run off Nick the way he is pitching, and with one to tie it up the worst we can get is an even break at dark."

"Issy" Responds with Triple.

Davis was first up and banged a fly to Keeler. Donohue was next and was killed off on a hot grounder to short. It looked to be all over, but Comiskey knew better. "Now, Issy, one of the old kind just for old times' sake," he urged as Isbell strode to the plate. With back straightened by memories of other days "Issy" squared away and smote one far out to right center. While Keeler and Fultz went in hot pursuit he legged it to third in safety.

"There he is on third, Fielder. Cut loose at the first one that comes over and the game is won," prompted Commy, as the manager went to the firing spot. And Jones cut loose. The first one he whacked into the first base bleachers, but the next one sailed straight over "Philadelphia," and, landing fair by a foot only, banged against the fence. Whirlwind work by Keeler, relayed perfectly by Williams, nipped Jones just as he slid into third base. But Isbell's run had tied it up.

Comiskey rushed to third, and, while the multitude roared its applause, grasped the manager by the hands and led him back to the bench. Amid a storm of vociferous congratulation nothing went deeper into Jones' heart than Comiskey's "I knew you'd do it, Fielder." And that was how Comiskey added one more victory to his long forgotten laurels.

True to predictions, Altrock pitched the enemy to a standstill until his team mates could win out. Not a visitor reached first alive in the tenth, eleventh, or twelfth. Only once did there seem to be even a chance for the Highlanders, and that was when Williams hit a mighty fly in the twelfth far out toward the center bleachers. Holmes dashed back for it as a die, stopped and turned just at the right point to capture the winged messenger of defeat.

Fultz as a "Robber."

In the tenth Tannehill was robbed of a clean hit when both umpires agreed that Fultz had caught his liner before it touched the ground. The eleventh passed without a break, still there wasn't a chance to lose with Comiskey on the bench.

Donohue led off in the twelfth with a bounder toward first, which shot over Powers' head. The cute chance had come. Isbell accomplished "Jiggs" to second. Jones could have made himself a double hero, but passed the honor along to McFarland, going out himself, "Mac" delivered with a screaming drive to center. Fultz tore in on it and tried to scoop the ball up to bluff the umpires into another out, but it went through his hands and the game was won. The crowd, which already had shrieked itself hoarse, did not stop shouting until it was half way home.

Elberfeld's Great Stunt.

The game ought to have been Chicago's in the first round. Green was passed, and, when Holmes hunted, McGuire hurled the ball high over Powers' head, but Williams caught it. Davis bunted and no one chased it. The bases were full and none out. Donohue's bat crashed against a curve and sent it on a line over short, but Elberfeld jumped and speared the hit with one hand. Holmes was half way home and was doubled off second. Davis was half way to second, but just got back to first ahead of Williams' throw, preventing a triple play. Then Davis and Green tried a double steal and "D." was cut down at the plate. And that was the way things broke against the Sox until Commy took to the bench.

New York's one run in the sixth was the result of Green's excusable muff of Orth's pop back of first base, which let Al to second. Conroy sacrificed him to third and Keeler "squeesed" him home with another bunt. Only in one other inning did the syndicate have even a chance to score. That was in the third, but Tannehill cut off McGuire at the plate. Score:

NEW YORK.

	AB	R	BH	TB	BB	SH	SB	PO	A	E
Conroy, lf	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	0
Keeler, rf	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	0	0
Elberfeld, ss	5	0	1	1	0	0	0	3	3	1
Williams, 1b	4	0	0	1	1	0	0	9	1	0
Yeager, 3b	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	4	1
Fultz, cf	4	0	1	1	0	0	0	3	0	0
McGuire, c	4	0	1	1	0	0	0	3	0	0
Powers, 1b	4	0	2	2	0	0	0	6	1	1
Orth, p	3	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	0
Totals	38	1	5	7	1	2	1	*35	10	3

*Winning run scored with two out.

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	BH	TB	BB	SH	SB	PO	A	E
Green, rf	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
Holmes, lf	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0
Davis, ss	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	3	3	0
Donohue, 1b	4	0	1	1	0	0	0	10	0	0
Isbell, 2b	3	1	1	1	1	0	0	3	3	0
Jones, cf	4	0	1	2	0	1	0	1	0	0
McFarland, rf	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Tannehill, 3b	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0
Altrock, p	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	37	2	4	5	3	1	0	36	8	0

New York	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—1
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—1

Two base hits—Isbell, Jones. Three base hit—Isbell. Struck out—By Altrock, Elberfeld, Yeager; by Orth, Tannehill, Davis, McFarland [2], Donohue. Double play—Elberfeld, Williams. Left on bases—Chicago, 9; New York, 4. Wild pitch—Orth. Time—2:06. Umpires—Sheridan and McCarthy. Attendance—3,912.

Notes of the White Sox Game.

New York today for the last of the series.

Nick caught two runners asleep at first. He was as steady as a clock, never giving a pass in the entire twelve rounds.

President Cass of the Memphis Southern league club was the grand stand checker of the game. He occupied one of the boxes and never quit rooting for the Sox from the start.

Holmes made two great catches. He stole a hit from Keeler in the ninth by another dive like Thursday's, landing on his ear, but holding the ball, then captured Williams' awful rap in the twelfth.

Isbell slept a bit in the eighth when he failed to cover second on Orth's grounder to Davis, with Powers on first. George had to jump to the bag himself to get the out and missed a chance for a double play for that reason.

From the roof it was plain that Fultz scooped Tannehill's liner on the ground in the tenth instead of taking it on the fly, but both umpires motioned "out" simultaneously, which shows how hard it is to get everything right.

One fan was thoroughly imbued with the "Ladies' day" hoodoo idea. When the crowd rushed for the exits after two were out in the last half of the ninth he jumped out ungallantly, "There go the ladies, now we'll win out."

If Mike Powers had been true to Connie Mack he would have played Donohue's grounder better in the seventh and might have saved off defeat. It was just punishment on Griffith that his Philadelphia helper helped to lose the game.

Orth wore a deep path from the slab to the plate, kicking on Sheridan's judgment of balls and strikes. Apparently he wanted everything which came near the plate. In the tenth Griffith started a fuss over a ball which was a foot on foul ground when Altrock stopped it. Griff wanted it called fair, but got chased to the bench for his ridiculous lounges.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.
Cleveland	50	29	.633
CHICAGO	48	30	.615
Philadelphia	45	31	.592
Detroit	40	38	.513
Boston	35	40	.467
New York	34	40	.459
St. Louis	30	46	.395
Washington	28	49	.363

NATIONAL LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	49	25	.662
Pittsburg	54	33	.621
CHICAGO	50	35	.588
Philadelphia	49	39	.557
Cincinnati	44	40	.524
St. Louis	31	55	.360
Boston	27	56	.318
Brooklyn	24	58	.293

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago, 2; New York, 1. Twelve innings.
St. Louis, 3; Philadelphia, 2. Thirteenth innings.
Detroit, 8; Washington, 7.
Boston, 6; Cleveland, 0.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago, 3; Boston, 2. Eleven innings.
New York, 14; St. Louis, 2.
Cincinnati, 5; Brooklyn, 1. Twelve innings.
Pittsburg, 7; Philadelphia, 3. First game.
Philadelphia, 5; Pittsburg, 11. Second game.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Columbus, 8; Minneapolis, 5. Ten innings.
St. Paul, 8; Toledo, 5.
Milwaukee, 6; Indianapolis, 2.
Louisville, 10; Kansas City, 4.

THREE EYES LEAGUE.

Davenport, 6; Rock Island, 0.
Springfield, 9; Bloomington, 5.
Cedar Rapids, 8; Dubuque, 2.
Decatur, 6; Peoria, 3.

CENTRAL LEAGUE.

Wheeling, 6; Grand Rapids, 1.
South Bend, 4; Dayton, 1.
Springfield, 5; Terre Haute, 0.
Canton, 3; Evansville, 0.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

St. Joseph, 2; Denver, 1.
Omaha, 5; Des Moines, 0.

IOWA LEAGUE.

Oskaloosa, 7; Marshalltown, 5.
Fort Dodge, 2; Burlington, 1.
Keokuk, 3; Boone, 1.
Ottumwa, 4; Waterloo, 0.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

New Orleans, 5; Atlanta, 0.
Memphis, 4; Nashville, 2.
Little Rock, 4; Birmingham, 1. First game.
Birmingham, 8; Little Rock, 4. Second game.

NORTHERN LEAGUE.

Winnipeg, 4; Crookston, 2.
Grand Forks, 6; Superior, 1.
Duluth, 7; Fargo, 1.

K. I. T. LEAGUE.

Vincennes, 3; Princeton, 0. First game.
Princeton, 8; Vincennes, 2. Second game.

SOO LEAGUE.

Lake Linden, 7; Hancock, 1.
Soo, 4; Calumet, 3.

Games Today.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Chicago.
Philadelphia at St. Louis.
Washington at Detroit.
Boston at Cleveland.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago at Boston.
St. Louis at New York.
Pittsburg at Philadelphia.
Cincinnati at Brooklyn.

BROWNS WIN A LONG BATTLE.

Defeat the Philadelphia Athletics in Thirteen Inning Contest, the Score Being Three to Two.

St. Louis, Mo., July 21.—Glade and Coakley had a pitching duel today, and after thirteen innings the St. Louis pitcher was the winner, 3 to 2. The fielding of both teams was brilliant. The winning run came through a batting rally in the thirteenth, and the only out in that inning was on a sacrifice.

St. Louis.	R	H	P	A	E	Ph'delphia.	R	H	P	A	E
Stone, rf	0	0	3	4	0	0	Hartsel, lf	1	1	0	2	0
Starr, 2b	1	1	5	6	0	0	Hoffman, cf	1	2	6	0	0
Twin Kane, rf	0	0	0	0	0	0	Davis, 1b	0	0	16	0	1
Wallace, ss	0	0	1	2	0	0	Barry, 2b	0	1	2	3	0
Koehler, cf	0	1	2	0	0	0	Seybold, rf	0	1	0	0	0
Jones, 1b	0	1	22	1	0	0	Murphy, 2b	0	2	3	4	1
Niles, lf	0	0	1	0	0	0	Knight, ss	0	1	1	3	0
Roth, c	1	1	5	2	0	0	Schreck, c	0	0	7	3	0
Glade, p	0	0	0	7	0	0	Coakley, p	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	2	3	39	24	0	Totals	2	5	37	19	3

St. Louis	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—3
Philadelphia	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Two base hits—Hoffman, Stone, Murphy. Sacrifice hits—Davis, Hoffman, Hartsel. Double plays—Glade-Wallace-Jones. Passed ball—Roth. Bases on balls—Off Glade, 3; off Coakley, 1. Struck out—By Glade, 5; by Coakley, 3. Time—1:55. Umpire—O'Loughlin. Attendance—1,800.

Boston, 6; Cleveland, 0.

Cleveland, O., July 21.—Cleveland made nine hits, and secured three bases on balls off Tannehill, yet could not score. Boston made all hits count. Score:

Cleveland.	R	H	P	A	E	Boston.	R	H	P	A	E
Jackson, lf	0	0	2	0	0	Selbach, rf	1	2	1	0	0
Bay, cf	0	0	3	0	0	Parent, ss	2	1	0	3	0
Flick, rf	0	2	1	0	0	Burkett, lf	0	1	0	0	0
Kahl, 2b	0	0	2	3	0	Ferris, 2b	0	0	2	3	0
Bradley, 3b	0	2	1	6	0	Stahl, cf	0	0	2	0	0
Turner, ss	0	2	2	3	0	Freeman, 1b	1	1	14	0	0
Carr, 1b	0	1	14	1	0	Carrigan, c	0	0	6	3	0
Bemis, c	0	0	5	3	0	Criger, c	1	0	4	2	1
Bernhard, p	0	0	0	2	0	Tannehill, p	1	1	0	1	0
Totals	0	9	27	16	0	Totals	6	8	27	15	1

Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0
Boston	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	2	—3

Two base hits—Jackson, Collins. Sacrifice hits—Turner, Carr, Parent, Hoffman, Ferris. Stolen bases—Turner. Double play—Selbach-Criger. Bases on balls—Off Bernhard, 4; off Tannehill, 2. Struck out—By Bernhard, 3; by Tannehill, 3. Wild pitch—Bernhard. Time—1:40. Umpire—Connor. Attendance—3,653.

ADMIT OUTLAWS TO AGREEMENT

Protective Association of Ohio and Pennsylvania Is Taken Into the National Commission.

Cleveland, O., July 21.—[Special.]—The Protective association of independent baseball clubs is no longer an "outlaw," having been admitted to membership in the National association of Professional baseball clubs today. When the executive board of the association adjourned on Thursday the matter was left to Secretary J. H. Farrell with power to act, the necessary compromises having been agreed upon.

The only thing upon which the admission hinged was the consent of Barney Dreyfuss to national agreement clubs located in his Homestead and Braddock, Pa., which towns are contiguous to Pittsburg. Under the national agreement no clubs could be placed within the five mile limit without his permission. The necessary permission was secured this noon and Mr. Farrell at once informed President Charles Morton of the protective association that his league was now enjoying the privileges of organized baseball.

No ratification by the protective association is necessary, as the clubs composing the association met at Canton on June 16 and then and there decided in favor of climbing in the minor league band wagon. The independents will be allowed to retain the jumpers now on their pay roll, and Billy Phyle, the blacklisted third baseman with Youngstown, will go before the Southern league and make a retraction of the statements that involved him in so much difficulty.

The clubs forming the Independent association are Akron, Massillon, Kent, Mount Vernon, Newark, Zanesville, Lancaster, Steubenville, Niles, and Youngstown, O.; Sharon, Homestead, Braddock, and McKeesport, Pa.

In all probability the complexion of several minor leagues will be changed before another season rolls around. At present there are four leagues which geographically conflict. Three are the Iowa, Three Eyes, Central, and the new league which was admitted to membership by the executive board of the National association yesterday.

Wanderers Beat the Johnnies.

The Wanderers Cricket club yesterday defeated the baseball team of the Johnny Jones company at Parkside, 16 to 5, in a seven inning game. "Broadway" Alec Smith, the ex-National leaguer, was at short for the thespians. Batteries—Wanderers, Hughes, B. Elgin, J. Elgin; Johnny Jones, Ringadorf, Smith, and McArthur.

Today's Yacht Events.

The second race in the series for the National Sportsmen's league cup will be held at the Columbian Yacht club today among the boats of the thirty foot class. The start will be at 2:30 o'clock and the race will be over the course from the gap around the four mile and Harrison cribs. Privateer, by winning the first race, has five points; Nymph, four; Columbia, three, and Smuggler, two. At the Chicago Yacht club a race will be held between the new eighteen footers, Sioux and Pequod, providing the last named can be fitted out in time. A "Venetian night" celebration will be held at the clubhouse in the evening.

Today's Cricket Games.

Pullman and Wanderers, at Pullman, will be the main attraction in the local cricket matches this afternoon. Other fixtures are Metropolitans and Calumets at Sixty-ninth street and Ashland avenue, and Hyde Park and Douglas Park A at Sixty-first street and Champlain avenue.

Detroit, 8; Washington, 7.

Detroit, Mich., July 21.—Detroit made it three in a row from Washington through Mullin's effective pitching today. His wildness in the opening and closing innings, however, nearly lost him the game. Washington scored four in the first and three in the last, all gifts. None was out in the ninth, when Killian was substituted, and retired the side one, man, three. Coughlin was knocked senseless by a pitched ball and had to retire. He will be out of the game several days.

Detroit.	R	H	P	A	E	Wash'gton.	R	H	P	A	E
Cooley, rf	0	3	2	0	0	Cassidy, ss	1	0	2	3	2
Coughlin, 3b	2	0	1	2	0	Foster, 3b	2	2	1	2	0
McIntyre, lf	0	2	1	0	0	Hickman, 2b	2	2	1	5	0
Crawford, rf	0	1	1	0	0	Anderson, rf	0	1	2	0	0
O'Leary, ss	1	1	0	2	0	Conroy, lf	0	0	1	0	0
Coughlin, 3b	0	0	0	0	0	Stahl, 1b	1	0	10	2	0
Lowe, 3b	2	2	0	1	0	Jones, cf	0	1	0	0	0
Lindsay, 1b	1	2	11	0	0	Kittredge, c	0	1	10	0	0
Doyle, c	1	0	5	2	0	Townsend, p	0	0	0	2	0
Doran, c	0	1	0	0	0	*Knoll	0	1	0	0	0
Mullin, p	0	0	0	2	0						
Killian, p	0	0	0	0	0						
Totals	8	14	27	15	2	Totals	7	5	24	16	3

*Batted for Townsend in ninth.

Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	*—8
Washington	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	—7

Hits—Off Mullin, 5 in eight innings. Two base hits—Cooley, Lowe, Hickman. Three base hit—Cooley. Home run—Hustleman. Sacrifice hits—Cooley, Doran, Hill, Townsend. Stolen bases—Hickman [2], Foster, Townsend, 2. Bases on balls—Off Mullin, 3; off Townsend, 2. Hit by pitched ball—Coughlin, Lindsay, Cassidy, Anderson. Struck out—By Mullin, 2; by Townsend, 2. Double play—Mullin-O'Leary-Lindsay. Time—2:05. Umpire—Connolly.

BROWNS WIN A LONG BATTLE.

Defeat the Philadelphia Athletics in Thirteen Inning Contest, the Score Being Three to Two.

St. Louis, Mo., July 21.—Glade and Coakley had a pitching duel today, and after thirteen innings the St. Louis pitcher was the winner, 3 to 2. The fielding of both teams was brilliant. The winning run came through a batting rally in the thirteenth, and the only out in that inning was on a sacrifice.

St. Louis.	R	H	P	A	E	Ph'delphia.	R	H	P	A	E
Stone, rf	0	0	3	4	0	0	Hartsel, lf	1	1	0	2	0
Starr, 2b	1	1	5	6	0	0	Hoffman, cf	1	2	6	0	0
Twin Kane, rf	0	0	0	0	0	0	Davis, 1b	0	0	16	0	1
Wallace, ss	0	0	1	2	0	0	Barry, 2b	0	1	2	3	0
Koehler, cf	0	1	2	0	0	0	Seybold, rf	0	1	0	0	0
Jones, 1b	0	1	22	1	0	0	Murphy, 2b	0	2	3	4	1
Niles, lf	0	0	1	0	0	0	Knight, ss	0	1	1	3	0
Roth, c	1	1	5	2	0	0	Schreck, c	0	0	7	3	0
Glade, p	0	0	0	7	0	0	Coakley, p	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	2	3	39	24	0	Totals	2	5	37	19	3

St. Louis	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—3
Philadelphia	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Two base hits—Hoffman, Stone, Murphy. Sacrifice hits—Davis, Hoffman, Hartsel. Double plays—Glade-Wallace-Jones. Passed ball—Roth. Bases on balls—Off Glade, 3; off Coakley, 1. Struck out—By Glade, 5; by Coakley, 3. Time—1:55. Umpire—O'Loughlin. Attendance—1,800.

EVEN BREAK AT PHILADELPHIA.

Pittsburg Wins First Game of Double Header, but Phillies Take Second—Scores 7 to 3 and 5 to 1.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 21.—Philadelphia and Pittsburg broke even today in a double header. Sutthoff was batted hard in the first game. Nichols officiated for the home team in the second contest and pitched good ball. Scores:

Pittsburg.	R	H	P	A	E	Philad'p'a.	R	H	P	A	E
Clymer, rf	0	1	1	0	0	Hunt, rf	0	1	2	0	0
Clarke, lf	0	1	0	0	0	Gleason, 2b	1	2	4	2	0
Beaum't'y, cf	0	0	2	0	0	Courtn'y, 3b	0	1	3	1	0
Leach, c	0	1	7	0	0	Titus, rf	0	1	1	0	0
Wagner, ss	2	2	2	2	0	Mage, lf	1	0	1	0	1
Howard, 1b	2	2	7	0	0	Brans'd, 1b	0	1	7	1	1
Brain, 3b	0	1	1	2	0	Doolin, c	0	0	5	2	0
Ritchey, 2b	1	2	4	2	0	Doolin, c	0	0	5	2	0
Gibson, c	0	2	10	1	0	Sutthoff, p	0	0	0	5	1
Hilldeb'd, p	0	1	0	2	0	Thomson, p	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	7	11	27	10	1	Totals	3	6	27	13	3

Pittsburg	0	3	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	—7
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	—3

Stolen bases—Howard, Brain. Two base hits—Gleason, Clymer, Doolin. Sacrifice hits—Brain, Leach, Titus. Ritchey, Courtney. Double plays—Brain-Howard, Mage-Abbott. Struck out—By Nichols, 2. Bases on balls—Off Nichols, 1; off Case, 2. Time—1:40. Umpire—Klein. Attendance—6,035.

New York, 14; St. Louis, 2.

New York, July 21.—The New York Nationals made a runaway game of it against the St. Louis team today. At no time were the visitors a factor in the scoring, and Taylor was hit at all times. Mathewson gave way to Elliott, McGraw sending in the new pitcher after the game had practically been won. Score:

St. Louis.	R	H	P	A	E	New York.	R	H	P	A	E
Shannon, lf	0	0	2	0	0	Browne, rf	1	0	0	0	0
Arndt, 2b	0	0	3	0	0	Strang, rf	1	2	3	0	0
Smoot, cf	0	1	1	0	1	Donlin, cf	4	2	2	0	0
Beckley, 1b	0	1	7	0	0	McGann, 1b	1	2	10	3	0
Dunleavy, rf	0	0	1	0	0	Mertes, lf	1	1	1	0	0
McBride, ss	1	2	2	2	1	Dahlen, ss	1	3	2	1	1
Burke, 3b	1	1	1	1	1	Devlin, 3b	1	1	3	2	0
Grady, c	0	1	3	1	0	Gilbert, 2b	1	1	3	2	0
Taylor, p	0	0	0	3	0	Bowerm'n, c	0	1	3	0	0
						Clarke, c	0	0	1	0	0
						Mathew'n, p	0	0	0	1	0
						Elliott, p	1	1	2	0	0
Totals	2	7	24	13	4	Totals	14	16	27	13	1

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0—2
New York	1	6	0	0	3	0	4	0	*	—14

Bases on balls—Off Taylor, 6. Struck out—By Mathewson, 3; by Elliott, 2. Hits—Off Mathewson, 8 in five innings. Home runs—Mertes, Dahlen. Three base hit—Smoot. Two base hit—Donlin. Sacrifice hit—Clarke. Stolen bases—Strang [2], Donlin [2], Mertes, Dahlen, Gilbert, Elliott. Double plays—Dunleavy-Beckley. Hit by pitcher—By Taylor, 1. Umpire—Johnstone. Time—1:40. Attendance—2,500.

Cincinnati, 5; Brooklyn, 1.

Brooklyn, N. Y., July 21.—Brooklyn went down to defeat before Cincinnati today in the twelfth inning, when the visitors hit Scanlon's curves for four runs. It was a well played game up to the final inning, when Odwell let off with a single and was sent home on Steinfeldt's triple. Ritter's muff of Phelps' fly, a stolen base, and three singles netted four runs for Cincinnati and clinched the game. Score:

Brooklyn.	R	H	P	A	E	Cincinnati.	R	H	P	A	E
Hall, cf	0	0	1	0	0	Hummel, 2b	1	1	2	2	0
Sheckard, lf	0	1	4	0	0	Barry, 1b	0	2	18	0	0
Lumley, rf	0	0	0	0	0	Kelley, lf	0	2	0	0	0
Batch, 3b	0	1	2	0	0	Steinf'dt, 3b	1	2	0	2	0
Gessler, 1b	0	2	15	0	1	Corcoran, ss	1	2	4	9	0
Lewis, ss	0	2	3	4	1	Odwell, cf	1	1	1	1	0
Malay, 2b	0	0	1	3	0	Thomas, p	0	0	0	6	0
Ritter, c	0	0	6	3	1	Phelps, c	1	1	7	0	0
McIntyre, p	0	2	0	4	0	Harper, p	0	1	2	5	0
Scanlon, p	0	0	0	1	0						
Totals	1	9	36	14	3	Totals	5	12	36	27	0

Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—1
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4—5

Two base hits—Corcoran [2], Phelps. Three base hit—Steinfeldt. Double plays—Huggins-Corcoran-Barry; Huggins-Barry; Malay-Lewis-Gessler. Bases on balls—Off McIntyre, 2; off Harper, 2; off Scanlon, 1. Struck out—By McIntyre, 3; by Harper, 6; by Scanlon, 2. Passed balls—Phelps, Bergen. Time—3:27. Attendance—1,200. Umpire—Emslie.

Catcher Feits Suspended.

New York, July 21.—President Pulliam of the National league announced today that Catcher Feits of Pittsburg had been suspended for three days and fined $30 for bad conduct on July 15, when he delayed the game at the Polo grounds.

SELEE'S MEN WIN IN THE ELEVENTH

Defeat Boston Team in an Extra Inning Battle by a Score of 3 to 2.

BRIGGS AGAINST FRASER.

Both Pitchers Do Good Work, but Chicagoans' Hits Come at Right Time.

Boston, Mass., July 21.—[Special.]—It took the Chicago Nationals eleven innings of the hardest kind of playing to beat the Beaneaters this afternoon in the third game of the series. The score stood 2 to 2 from the seventh inning until the eleventh, when Capt. Chance got a pass, stole second, and scored on Evers' two base welt to center field, winning the game 3 to 2.

Fraser was pitted against "Buttons" Briggs, and the two were evenly matched, eight hits being made off "Chick" and seven off "Buttons." But the hits made by Selee's men counted for more bases than those by Boston, a home run, a three bagger, and two doubles figuring in the batting of the Chicago players, while four two base hits were made off Briggs.

Some pretty work was pulled off in the fielding line on both sides. Schulte made the most spectacular catch of the game when he speared Moran's hard liner to left field with one hand. Besides attracting attention in the field Schulte showed up well as a batter, getting three hits, one of them for an extra base. Evers also hit the ball hard, getting a home run and a two bagger, both of which cut a large figure in the victory.

Selee's Men Lead at Start.

The Selecites started out in the lead. After Slagle and Maloney had dropped in the first inning Schulte shot the ball to left and Chance laced out a screamer to center field that scored Schulte and landed the captain on third, where he died on Tinker's grounder. This lead held good until the fourth, when Tenney walked, scoring on a terrific drive by Dolan to left field. "Cozy" tried to stretch it into a triple, but was nailed by a relay from Schulte and Tinker. This was the first hit made off "Buttons."

Evers came to bat first for the visitors in the fifth, and he landed the second ball pitched over the right field fence and took his time trotting around the circuit. Casey followed this with a hit to center, but was out trying to steal, and Kling and Briggs went easy. Selee's men held the lead until the seventh. In that round Delehanty was developed a two bagger past third base and Wolverton beat out a bunt toward third base. Briggs dished up a couple of short flies from Lauterborn's and Raymer's bats, and then Moran scored Delehanty with the tying run. In the ninth Chicago had a chance to end it, but failed.

Win Out in Eleventh.

The tenth was without excitement, but in the eleventh Chance waited for a base, stole second, and after Tinker struck out scored with the winning run on Evers' two bagger. Score:

Boston.	R	H	P	A	E	Chicago.	R	H	P	A	E
Abbat'e, ss	0	1	4	5	1	Slagle, cf	0	0	0	0	0
Tenney, 1b	1	0	9	1	0	Maloney, rf	0	0	3	0	0
Dolan, lf	1	2	2	0	0	Double, lf	0	0	2	0	0
Delch'ty, rf	0	1	1	0	0	Chance, 1b	1	1	14	1	0
Wol'

SURPRISE NDSOR MEET

ch and Anidrosis
n Grattan, the Fa-
in 2:06 Pace.

PSET OF YEAR.

nd in Two Heats, but
Costly; Bolivar
a Winner.

T TEN EYCK WHITE.]
July 21.—[Special.]—The
e upset of the campaign en
came today at Windsor,
ttan, generally regarded by
best of the 2:07 class pacers,
e of the new fangled races
Wisconsin horse, Hazel
ad to take a position behind
r, Anidrosis, when the sum-
was made up. The time of
that were the limit of the
the conditions was 2:09¼.

art Baron Grattan was a
going to the post 50 to 30
About the only one of the
le of giving him a tussle for
Anidrosis. He was credited
30½ over the Buffalo track,
being done in :28, but this
e Baron Grattan people. In
sitions Grattan got fourth
starter gave the word when
ith his field, he had a long
last horse around the first
eighth of a mile from the

n. Shows Speed.
Winfield Stratton, Anidrosis,
h, in the front rank, had
er in that order. Down the
n Grattan moved up, show-
e burst of speed, and at the
ready to make a drive for
el Patch, however, was
gwag fashion that he was in
until the homestretch was
an the Geers horse got clear
late to overtake Anidrosis,
alf a length in 2:06¾, with
d Hazel Patch fourth.
econd heat Grattan got a bad
pelled him to go wide around
ite had paced the first half
in 2:08, and was good for
ile. But at no time did he
ge of being anywhere near
though Geers made a hard
ve, bringing his whip into
n beaten, this time by Hazel
e was a close third, but evi-
a factor.

s Prove Costly.
tan had two second positions
was possible for him to add
nly could come home first in
al heat, but he failed. Geers
r to see that he was in his
e word was given, and when
the wire Grattan was head
azel Patch. He had paced a
a jump into the air settled
when Geers got him settled,
ost to the outside fence on
e had to hustle to save his
Patch, a rough gamed horse
skyrocketing along, and he
t by more than a length in
a race for which he stood
than 20 to 1 in the betting

ible won another race today.
er Bolivar taking down the
11¾, 2:13, 2:13¼, after laying
mile while Paul and Regina
2:09¾. The other race of t
ephyr in straight heats o
Mack Mack, just from C
n this race and was an eas
time, his driver making s
of Chicago trotters, Gold
lash Lightning, were third
pectively.

ork by Clarita W.
hich probably will start se
he M. and M. next Wednes
moderately today by Geers
ing 2:19¾. Joe Gerrity, bes
Red," has gone east to join
stable of trotters owned by
of Montana. Ted Hayes,
ver, is laid up with a frac-

mary of Events.
pance:
Whalen A. [Dreyder].. 4 1 1
an 3 2 2
Fascination [Wheat].. 3 3 3
Redwing C [Stokes].. 2 4 4
Pine Bluff [Crawford].. dis
2:09¾; 2:11¾; 2:13¼.
pace, three heats:
by Hazel Patch [Flack].. 1 1 1
by St. Croix [Allen]..... 2 3 5
g., by Grattan [Geers].. 3 2 3
b. h., by Sarawa [Mc.. 4 4 2
g., by Sphinx [Saun-
r., by Alcymont [Castle].. 5 5 4
2:06¾; 2:06¾; 2:07¾.
trotters, three heats:
Combo [Geers]..... 1 1 1
by McKinney [Helman].. 2 3 2
g., by Count Louis [Car.. 3 2 3
b. g., by Highwood .. 4 4 4
2:13¼; 2:12½; 2:12¾.

MATINEES TODAY.

lubs Will Give Racing
—Seven Events at
shington Park.

usual Saturday afternoon har-
es today at Washington Park,
st, and Garfield park their track.
Driving Club will offer the
oncert in connection with its
at the Washington park track.
rded as follows:
Dee and Shell.
rite, Sandy McWhorter, Pluto,
and Carolyne C.
Harry S., Marigold, and Shan-

ine, Billy Jay, and Luson.
—Alderson and Bub O'Biel.
Directmess, Baby C., Elma O.,

d to beat 2:30 to wagon—Noma,
th street Hero Prince, Gypsy
n appear in a special trot; Gale
la, Prussia Pointer, Margaret,
pace; and Pinemarch, Maud H.,
Major Dacy, and Louise Allen

rogram enlists Leward Groves,
Suey, and George Onward in
ert M. Louise Patchen, Mattie
r, and Ned in a 2:20 trot; Pep-
ybelle, and Annie B. in a 2:25
Oh So, Classis, Dr. Jim, and
a free for all pace.

HORSE RESULTS.

MASON CITY, IA.
ersons attended the closing meet
city association today. Allegro,
vage of this city, fell dead upon
ace making a sensational finish
Driver Swift was hurt.
of Riley Willey, was thrown in
same race. Summary:
ord, won; Jean second; Gamma
st fourth. Best time, 2:18½.
—Lee Waterman won; Silk
t Croix third; Annie Woodlock
2:18¾.
Bodock, won; Babe Drake, sec-
Ruby, fourth.
3 miles—Dodge, Waverly, won;
second.
OIL CITY, PA.
oned from Thursday, won by
att M. second, Mathale E. third.

Bird won in straight heats.
Maudie Florence second. Lenzie
rth.
—Frank Yoakum won in straight
2:06¾. Lady Miller second.

e won in straight heats. Best
day Thistle second; third and
ided between Alla Acteal and

AT SAUGUS.
Wood won the third, fourth,
abell, won first and fifth heats;
Best time, 2:12¾.
division, six heats raced on
t, won fifth, sixth, and seventh
se, won third and fourth heats;
d. Best time, 2:19¾.
Lewis won in straight heats;
nsconomo, third. Best time,

won second, third, and sixth
won fourth and fifth heats;
st time, 2:11¼.
Kellar won in straight heats;
second place in all three heats;
st time, 2:16.

FRAMES NEW PLAN FOR TRACTION TAX

Corporation Counsel Lewis Would Assess Railways as on Leaseholds.

WOULD PAY ON STREETS.

Takes Position That Companies Are Not Operating Under Franchises.

Col. James Hamilton Lewis, corporation counsel, is building up, decorating, and polishing a street railway tax scheme, which he will carry to the board of review at its next meeting—this morning—if he can get an audience. He labored with it last night and was convinced that he had succeeded in creating a tax "idea" which promised endless litigation, and which might produce taxes to the amount of $648,000 if it could be applied like a jimmie to the street railway strong boxes.

Mr. Lewis holds that the street space occupied by the street railways should be taxed as real estate. He holds that the car companies are operating under a lease, and not under a franchise, and they should be taxed on their leasehold.

After he had the proposition partly rounded out yesterday afternoon, the corporation counsel called Controller McGann into his office and advised him that he proposed to adopt this new policy, and that he proposed to force it on the board of review in one way or another.

Talks of Mandamus Proceedings.

Mr. Lewis announced that as a first step he would approach the board through Attorney John O'Shaughnessy, his assistant, who represents the city before the reviewers, or personally, and attempt persuasion. This failing, he intimated a mandamus suit would be begun to force the adoption of his idea.

Mr. Lewis sees the complications which will result, and gloats over them. In the first place, there is the question whether, the schems being adopted, the taxing authorities could collect for three years or six years. In the one case the amount would be $312,000; in the other, $648,000. If the statute of limitations works against the city as it would against private individuals, the former would be the figures.

Then it is Mr. Lewis' idea that the value of the leasehold should be computed as is the value of adjoining real estate. At the same time he confesses that the street railway companies, although they may agree with his tax idea in general, may insist that such a scheme of valuation would be entirely wrong. They might hold—as he admits and takes a legal delight in the admission—that the value of their leashold is not to be computed on the basis of adjacent real estate, but on the earning power.

Illustrates Possible Viewpoint.

To illustrate this possible viewpoint which might be taken by the companies it might be proved that 200 passengers take the Madison street cable train at the west end of the Washington tunnel every hour and only 185 take it every hour at Fifth avenue and Madison street. Still, the value of the land at the latter corner exceeds the value of that at the west end of the tunnel. Or, to make the problem more confusing, twice the number of passengers might take the train at the transfer station at the barns as take it at Ashland avenue and Madison street.

It was suggested that in case the probable attitude of the street car companies be accepted as the proper method of applying the tax idea, that the assessors should control the street railway lines and count the number of passengers taking the cars at given points, thus establishing the earning value of that particular section to the city.

Mr. Lewis Explains His Plan.

"I have adopted this policy," said Mr. Lewis, "in spite of the fact that my distinguished predecessors in the office of corporation counsel have maintained that the street railways operate under a franchise. If I am right then the tax should be on their leasehold and not on their franchises.

"I have examined the authorities on this line and find only one decision. This is to the contrary. It was a New Jersey case, and the difference lies in the fact that the New Jersey Supreme court found that under the New Jersey law leases are held specifically to be franchises. Therefore the main question was not decided."

Traction Expert Dupont Arrives.

A. B. Dupont, Mayor Dunne's traction expert, arrived in Chicago in the morning from Detroit, and began his work with a conference with Clarence Darrow. He will start today to inspect the 240 miles of proposed municipal railway, with the expectation that it will require three weeks before he will have gathered material for a report to the mayor.

"I shall investigate the subject of through routes and connected lines," he said, "going over the entire proposed system. I should not care to say anything about the system at present, except that I feel at liberty to confess Chicago appears to need improvement more than any city I ever saw."

Mr. Dupont denied a report which had preceded him that he had completed only two years of a three year contract to reorganize the St. Louis system, it being asserted that he had been discharged before the completion of his work.

NAGGED BY BEER PEDDLERS.

Evanston Policemen Annoyed by Drivers Who Wear White Gloves and Give Military Salutes.

Members of the new "beer squadron" of the Evanston police force were angered yesterday by the appearance of the drivers of the different beer wagons wearing white gloves in imitation of the regalia of the police force ordered by the new chief of police.

Each of the drivers of the twenty-five wagons of the town had on white gloves and greeted each policeman with the military salute, which has become the conventional greeting in the department since the new chief took charge. The policemen say they are insulted and threaten to square accounts with the disrespectful purveyors of beer if they can catch them.

Six beer wagons passed several times in front of the police station yesterday, as if inviting pursuit by the policemen. Several men on reserve, with two men in plain clothes, were sent out to follow the wagons. The elusive caravan easily kept out of reach of the pursuers.

ARE AT LAW OVER A TRANSFER.

Union Traction Company Will Fight Case of a Passenger Who Paid Two Fares.

The Union Traction company, it was announced yesterday, will fight the suit brought by Roland Backman to recover 5 cents which he was obliged to pay because a conductor refused him a transfer.

Backman, who is manager of a furnishing goods store, boarded a Wells street cable car at Monroe street and paid his fare going through the tunnel, neglecting to ask for a transfer until the conductor had made his rounds. Then he was refused.

The case, which is set for July 27, will be heard in Justice Martin's court.

The traction company will admit the fare was collected on both cars, but contends the sign posted proclaiming that transfers will be issued only when the fare is paid relieves the corporation of any responsibility.

Port of Chicago.

Arrived—Lumber, etc.—A. Soper, Traverse City; Soper, Cheboygan, Cheboygan; M. Dall, Egg Harbor; Resumedich, Ford River. Merchandise—Munising, Buffalo; Gov. Smith, Ogdensburg. Light—A. Marshall, Sheboygan; Montesqie, South Chicago.

Cleared—Merchandise—Ramapo, Seneca, Buffalo; Grain—A. M. Marshall, Montreal, Que.; Ned, A. Soper, City of Sheboygan, Cheboygan; F. W. Fletcher, South Arm; Resumption, Ford River; M. Dall, Monument Point; Osceola, City of Chicago, Manistique; P. Sawyer, Duluth.

ROADS MAY MAKE $8 RATE TO NEW YORK THIS WEEK.

Michigan Central Serves Notice It Will Meet Terms of Differential Lines—Reduction Applies Only Eastward.

Before the end of next week the Chicagoan desiring to go to New York or Boston can purchase his ticket for $8. What the price will be the week following remains to be seen, but the probabilities are that it will be cheaper still.

The Michigan Central served notice yesterday that it would take advantage of that clause in the finding of the board of arbitrators giving it the privilege of using as low a rate as that enjoyed by any other line between Chicago, Buffalo, New York, or Boston, and on Monday it will reduce fares to $16 to meet the cut of the other differential roads. The effect of this announcement on the other roads was to set their rate clerks at work figuring out a tariff sheet where the rate to New York and Boston will be $14, and the rate to intermediate points proportionately low. These rates will go into effect on Tuesday, it being necessary to give three full days' notice to the interstate commerce commission before any cut can be made.

The next cut by the differential lines will be in the form of a common rate sheet issued by the Grand Trunk, Erie, Nickel Plate, and Wabash, and the Panhandle and Baltimore and Ohio promise not to be behindhand in meeting all reductions.

Forecast of the Reductions.

On the other hand, the Michigan Central will meet the reductions as fast as they are made, so that the program for next week will figure out as follows:

Monday, Michigan Central meets cut, all fares $16.

Tuesday, Grand Trunk and Erie reduce fares to $14, other differential roads follow suit.

Wednesday, Michigan Central meets cut, all fares $14.

Thursday, other differential roads reduce fares to $12.

Friday, Michigan Central reduces to $12; other roads anticipate this action by reducing to $10.

Saturday, all fares $8, with the Grand Trunk and other roads promising to take off another $2 on the following Monday.

As soon as the rate between Chicago and New York falls below $10, it will affect rates clear into the interior of New York state. The rates from Virginia and Maryland points will be affected as soon as the Baltimore and Ohio gets its rate below the $14 mark, and it would surprise no one if before the end of next week the defection had spread to the trunk lines, and affected western territory. Passenger men say it is to be a war to the finish, and no peace is in sight.

Western Rates Not Affected.

The fight is something of an anomaly, in that it affects east bound rates only, the west bound rates from New York or Boston to Chicago remaining just as they have always been, $18 first class and $17 second class.

E. A. Ford, traffic manager of the Pennsylvania lines, has written a letter to the chairman of the Chicago Railroad association explaining the position of the Pennsylvania in the matter. He says he has no objection to the Michigan Central applying differential rates on its twenty-eight hour trains, but he does protest against any construction of the decision which will permit the Central to enjoy a differential fare on trains making the distance between Chicago and New York in less than twenty-seven hours and twenty-five minutes.

Michigan Central officials call attention to the fact that this position is not in accord with the finding of the arbitration board in the Panhandle case, where it was held that earnings must be the governing basis for all differential awards, and that speed, equipment, or any other incident should not be considered.

Anxious to End Sugar War.

The war between the east and west and the gulf lines on sugar and coffee rates has reached a point where all parties are anxious to call it off. Sugar and coffee rates from the gulf to Chicago and also to Missouri river points have been reduced to 10 cents, and the eastern roads have been compelled to meet this rate. All the usual differentials between Chicago and Missouri river points have been wiped out, and the railroads say the business is done at a loss.

There is to be a conference of the eastern roads with the western and gulf roads, probably next Tuesday, at which it is hoped to settle the question and restore rates. The place of meeting has not been definitely decided on, but probably it will be at Niagara Falls or some other eastern city. Since the war began the roads have been carrying an enormous quantity of sugar and coffee, and it is thought jobbers have taken the limit of their capacity.

LAKE SHIPPING NEWS.

Vessel Movements.

RACINE, Wis.—Arrived—Argonaut.

FAIRPORT, O.—Cleared: Light—Watson, Gladstone.

MARQUETTE, Mich.—Arrived—Saxon. Cleared—Carnegie, Buffalo.

SANDUSKY, O.—Cleared with coal—Nye, Duluth; Siberia, Milwaukee.

MANITOWOC, Wis.—Departed—Duncan, Baltic, Buffalo; Davidson, Escanaba.

CONNEAUT, O.—Arrived—Livingstone. Cleared: Light—Frank Peavey, Rees, Duluth.

ERIE, Pa.—Arrived—Iosco, Business. Cleared—Coal—Whitney, Soo; Saturn, light, Superior.

ASHLAND, Wis.—Arrived—Cofinberry, Chocotah. Cleared—Ora Wells, Erie ports. Light—Runnells, Manitee, Duluth.

SOUTH CHICAGO—Arrived—Phenix, Wilkesbarre. Cleared with grain—Topeka, Buffalo. Light—Norgandie, Manistee; Corsica, Gary, J. J. Hill, Superior.

CLEVELAND, O.—Arrived—Gayley, Hayward. Cleared with coal—Chisholm, Adriatic, Duluth; Midland King, Fort William. Light—Alva, J. C. Gilchrist, Duluth.

TWO HARBORS, Minn.—Arrived—Morse, Lasalle, Neebing, Adams, Linn. Cleared—Harvard, Magna, Maritana, Hundred Thirty, Jenney, Matafa, Smith, Perkins, Lake Erie.

TOLEDO, O. Arrived — Cumberland, Clint, Olympia. Cleared—Coal—Douglas, St. Clair, R. R. Rhodes, Duluth; Garibaldi, New Baltimore; Holmes, Sheboygan. Light—Sachem, Manitou, Lake Superior; Hundred and Thirty-two, Superior.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Arrived—Case. Cleared with coal—Meyer, Duluth; A. P. Wright, Helvetia, Superior; Majestic, Milwaukee; Brazil, Sheboygan; schooner Buffalo, Racine; Aberdeen, Milwaukee. Light—Kerr, Superior; Pickands, Ashtabula.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR—Arrived—Schuck, Roehling, Bunsen, Wallace, Wells, Moore, Manitowoc, Mystic, F. Gilchrist, Heffelfinger. Departed—Gettysburg, Warren, Exile, White & Friant, Corporation, Helvetia, Lumber Trader, Monarch, Cranage, Ireland, Rensselaer, Augustus Wolvin, Robbins, Yuma, Hart, Tyrone, Baroness, City of Bangor, ore, Lake Erie; Dutch, mdse., Buffalo; T. Adams, light. Two Harbors.

MACKINAW CITY, Mich.—Up—Kalkaska and consorts, 11:15 Thursday night; large steamer, 1:15 Friday morning; Ada Medora, 3:50; Uranus, 5:15; Mariposa, 5:40; Spencer, 6:20; Starucca, Record, 6:40; Wade, 10:20; Langdon, 10:40; Strathcona, 11:15; Northland, noon; Black Hawk, 1:30; p. m.; Mohawk, 2; Chemung, 2:40; Egan, 6; Black Rock, 6:40. Down—Albright, 10:40 Thursday night; Schlesinger, midnight; Charles Smith, 20 Friday morning; Orion, 2:20; Vance, 3:40; Mueller, Niko and consort, Niagara, 7:40; Merrimac, 7:50; Boston, 11; Mauch Chunk, 3:15 p. m.; Fablow and consorts, 4; Arthur Orr, 4:40; Griffin, 5:20; Warner, 6:20; Chicago, 6:40; John Duncan and consort, 7; Three Brothers, 7:30; Rochester, 7:40. Calm; clear.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich.—Up—Goodyear, 10:30 Thursday night; Fulton, Marcia, 1:30 Friday morning; Louisiana, 4; Peshtigo, 5; Caledonia, W. L. Brown, Pansy, 6:30; Colgate, 7:20; Pos, Carrington, Cambria, Flint, Vinland, 10; Caledonia, J. M. Hutchinson, Yale, Peshtigo, 5; Caledonia, 11; Wayne, Jackson, J. L. Ketchum, noon; W. L. Smith, Gilbert, 12:30 p. m.; Sawyer, Tuxbury, Redfern, 1; Tacoma, Pere Marquette, 2; Athabasca, 2:30; Angeline, 3:30; Umbria, Vega, Niagara, 4:30; Myron, Peshtigo, Delaware, Jenness, 5; Stephenson, Bryn Mawr, 7:30; Nevona, Albright, 9. Down—M. F. Sullivan, 10 Thursday night; Christopher, Masaba, midnight; Edenburn and whaleback, 2 Friday morning; Saxona, Deacon, 5; Northern Wave, 5:30; Edenborn, Minnedosa, Widlar, 4:30; Steinbrenner, Ericson, 5; Kalkaska, Oak Leaf, Fryer, Wisconsin; 6; Maunalos, Thomas, 7:30; Lyman Smith, Emerson, 8; Mariska, 9:30; Wawatam, 10:30; Scocas, Branford, noon; Schoolcraft, Nester, Bourke, Keweenaw, 1:30 p. m.; Coralie, Manda, Kirby Hartnell, Jupiter, 2; Donnaconna, Monarch, 5; L. C. Hanna, 6; Gates, Penobscot, 8.

DETROIT, Mich.—Up—Wotan, Mary Elphicke, 9:15 Thursday night; Tempest and consorts, 4:30; W. W. Brown, Sill, 10:15; Murphy, Corliss, 10:30; Lewiston, 11:30; Commodore, 1 Friday morning; Reis, Reiss C., 2:30; St. Matthew, 3; Hall, 4; McWilliams, Walsh, 5:40; Empire City, Marsala, S. C. Hall, Pontiac, Shenandoah and consort, 6:20; Andaste, Weeks, Saginaw, 7; Ira Owen, 7:10; Owen, 7; Ira Owen, 7:50; Oliver, 8:15; Sahara, Dalton, 8:30; Frank Peavey, Corona, 9:30; Mullen, 9:40; Fairbairn, Krupp, 1:30 p. m.; Marlska, Mahoning, 2; Fisk, 2:30; Minneapolis [cleared], 3:15; Manchester, 4:20; Kerr, 4:40; Squire, 5; Choctaw, 5:30; Andaste [cleared], 6; Ira Owen, 7; Mordis, 7:30; Britannic, Marubs, Malta, 7:40; Arizona and consort, 8:30.

Down—Devereux, Syracuse, 9:15 Thursday night; McOland King, Gayley, 10:30; Mallstoa, Holley, Ball Brothers, 11:40; Lackawanna, Falk, 2 Friday morning; Pioneer, Chattanooga, 3:30; Mariska, 5; Ploga, 5:20; Neptune, 6:30; Amasonas, Pretoria, 6:40; Averell, Ames, 7; Grecian, 8:40; Ionia, 10; Mercer, 10:15; Small Wolvin, 11:20; United Lambert and barges, noon; Mariposa, American Eagle, Three Brothers, 12:30 p. m.; Taylor, 2; Neshoto, 2:15; Parks Foster, 5:15; Bethlehem, 6; Maurice Gilchrist, 4:30; Uranus, Parker, 6; Onoko, Sonoma, 6:40 James Davidson, 8; Sylvania, 8:30; George Stone, 8:40; Venezuela and consort, 9.

Open Until Ten Tonight.

Come and select your diamond. Convenient payments. Call. Loftis Bros. & Co., 92 State-st.

SHOWS TRADE IS ACTIVE.

DUN & CO. REPORT INDICATES FAVORABLE CONDITIONS.

Business in Chicago District Makes Good Progress Notwithstanding the Hindrance Due to Hot Weather—Better Demand for Seasonable Necessities Apparent—Formal Abandonment of the Teamsters' Strike Is Regarded as Strong Factor.

The weekly review of trade in the Chicago district, published by the R. G. Dun & Co. mercantile agency, will say:

Measured by another increased volume of bank exchanges, business activity has made good progress, notwithstanding hindrances due to hot weather. Local trade conditions were much improved in the better demand for seasonable apparel, causing rapid reduction of stocks in leading retail lines, and the formal abandonment of the teamsters' strike. The week brought with it other developments of direct importance, notably the revival in buying of basic iron, together with a higher average cost in metals, lumber, building material, hides, and grain. In none of these commodities is the supply under normal and advanced prices reflect expanding consumption. Deliveries of heavy manufactures are seen to be of enormous volume, but at the same time finished steel shapes are not to be obtained promptly and urgent needs command a premium.

Disposition of Necessities Widens.

Interior advices show that the disposition of necessaries has widened and the indications are encouraging for enlarging business in general merchandise. Collections remain good on both city and country bills. Financial conditions are without disturbing features, but the money market exhibits a distinctly firmer tone.

The freight movement was lower than for last week in grain and live stock, owing mainly to activity on the farms, but no diminution appears in the forwarding of mill and factory products. Railroad earnings throughout the west show sustained increase, and lake traffic is heavier in ore, lumber, and coal. The position in iron and steel inspires further confidence in the outlook. Rail mills added to the tonnage booked for 1906, and augmented demand calls for greater production of plates, wire, and structural forms. Receipts of lumber were 48,369,000 feet, against 34,448,000 feet a year ago, and the buying here and of other building material is strong.

Factories Are Kept Busy.

Factory work maintains a good volume in hardware, machinery, and brass. Receipts of hides were 3,533,993 pounds, against 2,822,663 pounds of a year ago. The market was buoyant on heavy dealings, and prices reached their highest this season. Leather sales were large, shipments gaining in sole, upper, and belting varieties. New demands for output bulked satisfactorily in footwear, harness, and leather novelties.

Grain transactions were lessened in cash divisions, but futures invited more activity from the conflicting nature of crop reports, and strong manipulation controlled the current options in wheat. Dealings in flour have been limited, and millers defer definite plans to increase production. The total quantity of grain handled reached 6,754,272 bushels, of which the receipts aggregated 3,882,390, against 2,526,615 for the corresponding week last year. The shipments were 2,871,882 bushels, against 2,484,479. The demand for provisions was well maintained, and prices advanced.

Live Stock Receipts Larger.

Receipts of live stock, 272,562 head, compared with 133,631 head a year ago, when the packing houses were affected by the strike trouble. Compared with the closings a week ago prices are higher, in wheat 2⅝ cents a bushel, corn 1⅞ cents, oats ¼ cent, pork 25 cents a barrel, ribs 20 cents, and lard 2½ cents, and a decline in hogs of 2½ cents a hundredweight, cattle 30 cents, and sheep 40 cents.

Bank clearings, $190,563,124, exceed those of the corresponding week in 1904 by 17.3 per cent.

Failures in the Chicago district were eighteen, against twenty-six last week and twenty-eight a year ago.

Hot Weather Helps Crops.

New York, July 21.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade tomorrow will say:

"Hot weather tended to retard activity in many productive undertakings, and to postpone forward business that could be delayed without loss, but accelerated the consumption of seasonable merchandise and advanced the crops much nearer maturity. Confidence in the future increases with each day favorable for harvesting, and much of the winter wheat is now beyond danger, while late corn is rapidly regaining lost ground. Some improvement is noted in demand for pig iron. Failures this week numbered 193 in the United States, against 231 last year, and 23 in Canada, compared with 20 a year ago.

Fall Trade Prospect Good.

Bradstreet's tomorrow will say: Confidence in fall trade is unimpaired, and there is a more liberal tendency in placing fall orders. The quieting in industry is merely of a temporary character. Manufacturing is really more active than usual at this time. Money has been remarkably easy for this season of the year. Railway earnings are favorable.

Bank Clearings.

The following table compiled by Bradstreet shows the bank clearings at the principal cities for the week ended July 20 with the percentage of increase and decrease as compared with the corresponding week last year:

		Percentage	
		Inc.	Dec.
*New York	$1,821,052,528	15.1	....
*Chicago	190,448,341	16.5	....
*Boston	149,334,456	10.7	....
*Philadelphia	127,070,858	....	20.1
St. Louis	54,143,461	9.4	....
Pittsburg	48,062,795	22.7	....
*San Francisco	36,468,778	12.6	....
Cincinnati	23,622,150	....	19.8
*Baltimore	23,644,132	18.9	....
*Kansas City	22,833,776	39.8	....
New Orleans	17,989,576	31.9	....
*Minneapolis	15,854,610	6.2	....
*Cleveland	15,667,474	15.8	....
Louisville	9,888,676	....	12.2
Detroit	11,361,943	....	.1
*Milwaukee	8,110,498	10.5	....
Omaha	8,943,627	38.3	....
*Providence	7,758,700	18.8	....
Los Angeles	6,761,400	48.9	....
*Buffalo	6,459,750	6.4	....
Indianapolis	7,027,935	.7	....
*St. Paul	6,525,920	13.3	....
Memphis	3,701,974	25.9	....
St. Joseph	4,190,225	33.4	....
Richmond	5,625,089	28.4	....
Denver	6,368,534	34.8	....
Columbus	4,376,400	5.9	....
Seattle	6,770,523	52.8	....
Washington	5,353,045	....	5.3
Savannah	4,619,628	67.9	....
Albany	4,148,387	10.7	....
*Portland, Ore.	4,471,438	30.1	....
Fort Worth	5,010,845	150.1	....
*Toledo, O.	3,279,445	10.8	....
Atlanta	3,849,891	10.8	....
Salt Lake City	3,825,654	19.8	....
Rochester	3,151,992	20.4	....
Peoria	2,854,945	30.2	....
Hartford	2,857,162	....	4.1
Nashville	2,710,704	7.2	....
Spokane, Wash.	3,630,434	59.2	....
Des Moines	2,413,125	33.2	....
Tacoma	2,229,410	78.0	....
New Haven	2,277,496	....	1.4
Grand Rapids	1,982,911	5.8	....
Portland, Me.	1,906,825	19.8	....
Springfield, Mass.	1,603,371	1.0	....
Dayton	1,629,268	6.1	....
Portland, Ore.	1,587,741	3.0	....
Augusta, Ga.	1,965,718	109.0	....
Evansville	1,630,284	84.8	....
Sioux City	1,470,770	41.0	....
Birmingham	1,507,686	16.2	....
Syracuse	1,818,823	25.1	....
Worcester	1,143,917	....	15.7
Knoxville	1,259,480	33.5	....
Charleston, S. C.	1,140,838	7.4	....
Wilmington, Del.	1,168,801	1.5	....
Wichita	1,367,610	1.7	....
Wilkesbarre	940,305	....	5.8
Davenport	920,645	42.2	....
Little Rock	454,475	....	45.2
Topeka	992,381	37.4	....
Headland, Ga.	1,091,873	28.9	....
Jacksonville, Fla.	729,948	9.4	....
Kalamazoo, Mich.	710,803	....	.2
Springfield, Ill.	721,821	21.3	....
Fall River	718,097	....	.8
Wheeling, W. Va.	554,096	79.4	....
Macon	767,320	....	1.2
Galesburg	575,249	1.2	....
Lexington	521,700	....	18.1
Akron	408,000	....	17.5
Canton, O.	462,356	16.6	....
Fargo, N. D.	414,488	....	5.6
Youngstown	514,296	18.7	....
New Bedford	466,000	....	.4
Rockford, Ill.	533,397	12.6	....
Lowell	420,743	....	8.2
Chester, Pa.	466,000	16.6	....
Binghamton	315,400	....	4.9
Bloomington, Ill.	393,566	15.8	....
Springfield, O.	470,935	31.1	....
Greensburg, Pa.	491,465	....	5.6
Quincy, Ill.	272,484	7.0	....
Decatur, Ill.	253,900	45.2	....
Sioux Falls, S. D.	240,924	47.2	....
Jacksonville, Ill.		....	....
Mansfield, O.	371,928	119.5	....
Fremont, Neb.	226,000	82.2	....
Grand Rapids	402,648	6.6	....
†Houston	12,227,674	33.9	....
†Galveston	11,590,000	74.6	....
Totals, U. S.	$2,450,044,820	12.8	....
Outside New York	629,592,292	9.4	....
CANADA.			
Montreal	$ 25,876,291	20.7	....
Toronto	20,525,190	27.9	....
Winnipeg	7,634,183	38.8	....
Ottawa	2,360,094	5.5	....
Halifax	1,726,646	....	5.3
Vancouver, B. C.	1,670,336	....	1.8
Quebec	1,870,043	22.4	....
Hamilton	1,232,544	10.4	....
St. John, N. B.	1,143,521	13.6	....
London, Ont.	925,554	17.5	....
Victoria, B. C.	799,373	6.1	....
Totals, Canada	$ 65,712,565	21.3	....

*Balances paid in cash. †Not included in totals because containing other items than clearings.

IN FOREIGN MONEY MARKETS.

LONDON, July 21.—Rates for money were easy. Discounts were steady. On the stock exchange business was almost at a standstill. Consols weakened and partly recovered. Home rails were flat. Americans opened dull. Union Pacific and Southern Pacific were specially weak. Trading generally was inactive. Prices hardened later and closed quiet. Japanese imperial 6s of 1904 were quoted at 103¾.

BERLIN, July 21.—Prices on the boerse today were firm. Iron shares were somewhat weaker.

PARIS, July 21.—Trading on the bourse today was inactive. There were some realizations, but at the close prices were firm. Russian imperial 4s were quoted at 86.95 and Russian bonds of 1904 at 498.00. The private rate of discount was 1⅝ per cent.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS OF AMERICAN SECURITIES IN LONDON.

	Thurs- day. 4 p.m.	Fri- day. 4 p.m.	Thursday's N. Y. equiv.	Fri- day's N. Y. close.
Atchison	89¾	89¾	89¾	89¾
Do pfd	105¾	105¾	102½	102
Balto. & Ohio	117¼	117¼	114¾	114¾
Can. Pacific	171¾	171¾	171¾	171¾
Ches. & Ohio	55	54½	53¾	53
Chi. Gt. Western	20¼	20¼	19¾	19¾
C., M. & St. Paul	186¼	185¼	180¾	180¾
Erie	45	47¾	46¾	46¾
Do 1st pfd	85¾	85¾	83½	83½
Do 2d pfd	73¾	73¾	72¾	72¾
Illinois Central	174¼	173¾	169	169
Louisville & Nash.	153¼	153¾	149¾	149¾
M., K. & T.	29	28¾	28¼	28¼
N. Y. Central	151½	151	147	146¾
Nor. & West.	89¼	88¾	86¼	86¼
Ont. & West.	54¾	53½	53¼	52¾
Pennsylvania	73¾	72¾	140	142¾
Reading	54	54	105¼	104¾
Do 1st pfd	88	88	85¾	85¾
Do 2d pfd	48	48	93¾	93¾
Southern Ry.	34¼	34¼	33¾	33¾
Do pfd	101	101	98¾	99
Southern Pacific	67¼	66¼	65¾	64¾
Union Pacific	135¾	132¾	129	128¾
Do pfd	100	100¼	97¾	....
U. S. Steel	35¾	35¾	34¼	34¼
Do pfd	105¾	105¾	102¼	102¼
Wabash	20	20	19½	....
Do pfd	41¼	41¾	40¾	....

Consols 90; New York equivalent 90.

POTATO PRICES ARE ADVANCED.

Potato prices advanced 10@20c. The cooler weather and the decrease in receipts caused the advance. The cooler weather also caused a firmer tone for veal. The demand was fair and offerings were of better quality. Berries met with good inquiry at higher prices.

DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Eggs, extra fine, 80 per cent fresh	19c
Do prime firsts	17c
Do at mark, general receipts, cases included	12@13½c
Southern stock	10@11c
Dairies, Cooley's	17c
Butter, creamery extras	19½c
Firsts	18@19c
Seconds	16@17c
Packing stock	14c
Cheese, Twins	9¼c
Do dairies	10¼c

FRUITS AND BERRIES.

Oranges, box	$3.00@4.50
Blackberries, 24 qts	$1.00@1.50
Red raspberries, 24 qts	60c@$1.25
Blueberries, 16 qts	75c@$1.50
Apples, 1 bu	$1.00@2.25
Apples, brls	$1.60@4.50
Cherries, 24 qts	75c@$1.50
Bananas, per bunch	50c@$1.75
Lemons, boxes	$3.00@6.50
Pineapples, cases	$2.00@2.50

VEGETABLES.

Turnips, bu	25c
Asparagus, 1-3 bu	75c@

ANOTHER THREE CENT ADVANCE.

Wheat Market Continues to Feel the Deluge of Claims of Black Rust.

MINNEAPOLIS IS UP 5 5-8C.

Northwest Traders Buy Here and the Enthusiasm of Bulls Grows Apace.

A growing number of messages reporting black rust in the spring wheat states, a growing disposition to put confidence in claims so heavily backed by buying orders, and a growing although mainly professional trade, tell the wheat story of yesterday. Prices moved up fully as fast as they did the day before, and finally closed with net advances of 3c in July and December and of 2¾c in September. The market at the end was 8@9¾c higher than the low point Tuesday, the bottom price on the recent decline. The close in all deliveries was at best prices, the market being rallied from a dip of 1c from top by the quick upturn in the last half hour at Minneapolis, where the deferred deliveries finally rested 5¼@5¾c over the close of the day before.

Rapid fire buying began at the opening, with advances of ¾@¾c in initial trades induced by the bulge of 2¼c at the outset in the Minneapolis market. Trade grew steadily all day, practically all the local houses having big buying orders to fill, orders for 500,000 bu to over 1,000,000 bu not uncommon. As pit traders were nervous over the passing around of blue chips, and ran from the orders, fluctuations of ¼c between trades was the rule rather than the exception. The total volume of business was the heaviest in months, and a good part of the buying could be traced to professional traders in the northwest.

The July price movement was the most spectacular, although trade in that option was small. Opening with sales from 90c to 91c it rose quickly to 92¼c, reacted and advanced several times, and finally shot up near the close from 91¾c to 96¼c on the buying of perhaps 100,000 bu by scattered shorts. September and December came within ¼c of the top early in the day and the former finally reached 90¾c and the latter 90½c. Sales on the advance were almost entirely profit taking except for early selling by local bears who thought the advance over, few daring to sell what they did not have when the northwest is in control of the situation.

Big Buying Orders from Northwest.

Houses with northwest connections were heavy buyers early and late, some of them disposing of respectable lines in midsession, however. Wrenn, Love, Logan-Bryan, Dagget, Bartlett-Frazier, and Kneeland-Clement-Curtis were in the forefront on the buying side, the last two taking September and the others December. Whenever prices were disposed to droop, fresh buying came into the market. Rankin in person and the Pringle house sold perhaps 1,500,000 bu from 88¾c up, but were buyers at the close. Armour sold at times, and at the close Barrell, Ware-Leland, and Bartlett-Frazier had wheat for sale.

The northwest markets sent claims of black rust about as fast as buying orders. A number of new localities were reported to have discovered wheat infected with rust, and the sensational rise in prices at Minneapolis, which was at one time within ½-¾c of 6c over the previous close, lent weight to the news from that direction. Not only were points in the American northwest heard from, but the scourge, which last year barely crossed the Canadian border, was claimed to have appeared already at more northerly points in Manitoba. Denials of the present seriousness of the visitation, unless weather continues hot and sultry, and conflicting claims from the same localities still were heard. Jones and Snow joined forces of those reporting the prevalence of rust.

There were receipts of 563,000 bu at the two southwest markets, compared with 209,000 bu last year, and all the primary markets received 814,000 bu, compared with 414,000 bu. Northwest receipts were 100 cars, against 168 cars last year. Reports of prospective receipts in the southwest were at odds. Cash prices in that direction failed to keep quite up with futures, but local differences were about unchanged. Minneapolis stock decreased 525,000 bu for the week, and a sale of 250,000 bu to Duluth was reported. Argentine shipments were 2,304,000 bu, and estimated Indian shipments 1,736,000. Clearances at the seaboard were 747,000 bu, and 706,000 bu for the week. Liverpool closed ⅝d higher, Paris 1¼c higher, and Berlin and Budapest ½c up.

Corn Bulls Triumph Also.

Corn futures made a fair advance, with the greatest strength in the July, in which there is the smallest trade. A few buying orders ran old July up to 58¾c, with new only ¼c behind at the top, and the old and new closed together at 58¼c, 1c up for the day. Old September closed ⅞c up, at 56c. Weather was so perfect over the entire corn belt that there was no enthusiasm on the buying side of deferred months, May closing at ¼c gain, at 48c. The higher July price reflected the cash advance of ¾@¾c. The small acceptances are beginning to be reflected in the receipts, the run for the day 226 cars and the estimate 182 cars.

Although futures at Liverpool were lower, there was a sharp upturn in the price of American spot, probably reflecting short supplies. Shipping sales here were 160,000 bu. The seaboard reported 60,000 bu sold for export. Clearances were 6,000 bu. Primary markets received 415,000 bu and shipped 544,000 bu. Bartlett brokers were early buyers of old September. The later buying, which started the sharp advance, was by Parker, Pringle, Farnum, and other brokers with Patten orders. La Valley bought May. At the advance Valentine and Harris-Scotten sold old September.

Corn and Rains Help Oats.

In oats local traders made an attempt to fight the advance during the morning. When the bull turn came in corn shorts were forced to cover. There were some rains over the country, which may cause some delay in marketing the new crop. The local shipments were large, at 448,000 bu. Shipping sales were reported at 190,000 bu. All months acted fairly firm at the close at a reaction of about ¼c from best point. The top price for July was 32¾c, for May 32¾c. Receipts were 125 cars, and the estimate 117 cars. Buying of July was led by Hutchinson-Shaw, Bartlett-Frazier were the best buyers of May, and Wrenn was a seller.

Less Pressure on Provisions.

Brokers in provisions did not credit packers with taking active part in the trade. The exception to this was the early bidding for pork by Swift brokers. The inactivity of the packers removed the selling pressure, which has been felt so persistently of late, and covering caused a recovery. The yellow fever rumor of the day before was denied positively by messages from New Orleans. Strength in grain helped the buying of all products. Pork closed 17½c up, ribs were 10c up, and lard 5@7½c up. The advance was in the face of a liberal run of 24,600 hogs at the yards, where prices were 5c to 10c lower. Hogs are estimated for today at 14,000. The western markets received 67,500 hogs, against 51,000 last year.

Rye Price Is Bid Up.

Rye was stronger for the July delivery, but only steady at 62½c for September. July rose 3c to 75c, with wheat strength and the concentrated holding by a miller the factors. No. 2 sold at 72@73c. Receipts, nothing.

Barley was steady. Malting grades were 43@61c, feed 40@42c, and screenings 30@42½c. Receipts were 3 cars.

Flaxseed ruled firm; No. 1 northwestern was $1.40, and No. 1, $1.24. There were receipts of 2 cars at Minneapolis, 2 at Duluth, and none here. Northwest markets were 1c higher.

Timothy seed was unchanged. September was $3.30, and March $3.40. Country lots ranged from $2.50@3.15. July clover seed was $12.75@13.00.

Range of Active Futures.

WHEAT.

	Opening.	High.	Low.	Closing. July 21	July 20
July ...	90-1	96¼	90	95¾	90¼

INTERESTING TRADE GOSSIP ON 'CHANGE.

There were charters for 60,000 bu oats to Georgian bay.

Estimated receipts for today are: wheat, 116 cars; corn, 182 cars; oats, 117 cars; rye, 9 cars; barley, 6 cars; hogs, 14,000 head.

Deliveries on July contracts were, 25,000 bu wheat, by Nye-Jenks, Rosenbaum and Knight-McDougal, and 265,000 bu corn.

"It is not so much what has happened that is bulling wheat," said R. W. McKinnon, "as it is the possibility of a repetition of last year's disaster, at least that is the way I regard it."

About 20 cars of new oats were on the tables yesterday, and the quality was no better, all damp and heating. Some uneasiness was felt over rains in the oats territory tributary to Chicago.

Demand for corn was fair, shipping sales 160,000 bu, including 16,000 bu sold for direct export. Sample prices were ¼c-⅜c higher. Shipping sales of oats were 190,000 bu, including 25,000 bu standard, afloat, sold c. i. f. Buffalo.

"Wall street is scoffing at the rust talk, and is buying no wheat. They say unkindly that the rust is in the Chicago wheat pit. Apparently it has spread to Minneapolis and Duluth at least, those markets advancing 5¾c yesterday.

Exports from both coasts and Canada, as reported by Bradstreet's are:

	Wheat and flour, bu.	Corn, bu.
This week	706,000	1,193,000
Last week	852,000	834,000
Last year	1,281,000	707,000

The weather man seems to be favoring the wheat bulls. Messages received late yesterday reported rains extending from Hillsboro to Winnipeg. At Hillsboro the rainfall was said to be four inches during the afternoon, and a cloudburst was reported at St. Cloud. Rain, if followed by heat, will favor the development and spread of rust.

A new rust feature was the news from Manitoba. Winnipeg wired: "Caseberry is sending buying orders for October wheat, with rust reports attached." Another said: "Heavy rains over Manitoba; dark and cloudy; ideal rust weather. Unless it clears up there will be trouble." Winnipeg advanced 1⅝c for July and 2¾c for October, the latter to 90¾c and the former to $1.11. Last year black rust infection barely crossed the Canadian line, and was heard from much later.

A few denials of damage to wheat by rust follow: Minneapolis to Shearson-Hammill: "Lincoln of Aberdeen, whom I consider one of the best judges of crops in the northwest, is in here today with about thirty samples taken from as many fields, covering a section fifteen miles square, with Aberdeen the center. He says he picked the poorest he could find, and a thorough examination of them does not show any rust. He considers the crop all right, except considerable smut." Another said: "An elevator manager, whose elevators, about thirty in number, cover a good part of section which Jones says is rust infected, says no black rust." Another man owning 160 elevators in southern Minnesota and South Dakota said there was no rust.

Poehler of Minneapolis says of the rust outlook: "People who saw last year how quickly black rust makes its appearance and how quickly it kills the wheat are not surprised at its sudden appearance and quick spread. People who are not acquainted with the nature of black rust cannot believe that the spores can develop and spread so quickly. The fact is it spreads nearly as fast as the wind blows. Weather conditions all season have been perfect for its development. Black rust is in evidence every year, but the reason why it does not affect wheat every year is because the wheat crop in former years has generally matured before black rust had developed."

Trade in wheat the last three days has shown remarkable growth. Logan-Bryan yesterday traded in close to 10,000,000 bu grain, largely wheat, and other leading houses came close to this total. While there is some socalled outside trade the bulk of the orders are coming from big local and northwestern professionals, who think nothing of trading in 500,000 bu or more a day when the market is active. Some traders called business yesterday the largest since the rust scare last August, not excepting the palmy days of the Gates deal, and according to Manager Williams of the floor service of the Postal Telegraph company, the wire trade has been about as large the last three days as for the whole three weeks preceding.

Cash prices in the southwest markets were 1@2c higher, not quite following to the full the advance in futures. Local premiums were about the same as the day before. No. 2 red was 1@1½c over July, and No. 2 hard 1@2c over for turkey and July price to ¼c under yellow. The offerings were taken by elevators, no milling demand being in advance. Kansas City reported sales of No. 2 red at 84¾@85½c, and 35,000 bu No. 2 hard to a Missouri miller at 85½c, 6c over July. St. Louis No. 2 red sold at 89@90c. News of acceptances southwest were conflicting. One Kansas City message reported sales by the country light and elevators and mills in Kansas dry of wheat, insuring a lighter movement, and another said purchases were large. Advices from St. Louis showed the same variety. Minneapolis quoted No. 1 northern at $1.14¼, 2c higher, and reported sales of 250,000 bu of that grade to Duluth for immediate shipment. Duluth No. 1 was $1.15.

"The wheat of southern Minnesota and southern South Dakota," says H. V. Jones of the Commercial West, "is generally infected on the main stalk and in some localities has progressed so rapidly as to insure loss of the wheat. The infection has crossed the Minnesota river and is working apparently toward northern Minnesota. We announce this only after five days of personal investigation by John Inglis. The only black rust we have feared is the main stem infection. That is now reached with the wheat coming into the milk. The disease is starting in exact parallel to last year. Fields that were infected last Monday were much worse yesterday. If the rust spreads as it did last year the southern districts will have only small yield. Faribault county, a large producer, is generally infected, some just beginning, others well started. Blue Earth county is a day or two behind in the infection, but one field of 25 bu stand is already badly diseased with rust, smut, and blight. The best wheat is being hurt first."

Apparently everybody in the northwest who is interested in wheat, except those who were busy buying in the Minneapolis and Duluth markets, was out in the fields looking for black rust. The number of messages reporting its discovery was appalling to those who tried to keep up with the output. Nor were denials of rust or conflicting reports from the same localities wanting. Those who found the rust were worried over the fact the pest has appeared ten days earlier than last year, while the crop is two weeks later, giving it more time to develop and spread. A number of new localities were heard from. R. W. Snow wired Bartlett-Frazier from Hillsboro, N. D.: "Yesterday I found full developed black rust in straw at Fargo, Hardwood, Argusville, and Kelson. This morning, at Hillsboro, and in Case and Trail counties. Usually it is just appearing, but in a few fields pistules are ruptured and spores are liberated for new infection. It is a month to harvest, and weather conditions favor spread. Fog and heavy dew last night; hot and showers today." Morfield wired Robert McDougall: "My advices indicate black rust damage will be a duplicate of last year." One farmer at Fargo had the temerity to estimate the damage already done on his farm at 30 per cent. Elevator people who would not believe previous reports were said to be getting advices of rust from their own correspondents. Even Iowa was heard from in a message from Omaha to Pringle-Fitch-Rankin, saying: "A friend of mine just brought in some spring wheat from western Iowa. It had the genuine black rust, but is matured, so it will not be damaged." One to Bartlett-Frazier from Minneapolis: "McMillan has a dozen samples of wheat from that many stations on Soo lines showing black rust." Woodworth wired: "Black rust reports in this morning from fourteen points in Minnesota and the Dakotas." Spencer-Moore wired: "Our advices say black rust developed in southern Minnesota and South Dakota, but further damage depends upon the weather from now on."

Sept ...	87¾-8	90¾	87⅞	90¼	87¼
Dec ...	90-¾	93¼	87⅞	90½	87½
May ...	90-¾	92	90	92½	89¼

CORN.

†July ..	57⅞	58¾	57¼	58½	57¼
*July ..	57⅞	58¾	57¼	58½	57¼
†Sept ..	55¾	56	55¼	56	55¼
*Sept ..	56	56	54⅞	55⅝	54⅝
†Dec ..	50¾-¾	50¾	50¾-¼	50⅝	50¼
*Dec ..	50¾	50¾	50¾	48¼	48¼
May ...	47¾	48¼	47¾-¾	48	47⅝

†Old. *New.

OATS.

July ...	32¾	32¼	32¼	32¾-¼	32¼
Sept ...	29¾	30	29¼	29¾-⅜	29¾
Dec ...	30¼	30¼	30-¼	30⅜-⅜	30¼
May ...	31¾	32¼	31¾	32¼	31¾

MESS PORK.

July ...	....	....	....	12.90	12.02½
Sept ...	12.87½	13.00	12.87½	12.97½	12.80
Oct ...	12.90	13.00	12.97½	13.00	12.87½

LARD.

July ...	....	....	....	7.07½	7.05
Sept ...	7.15	7.22½	7.15	7.22½	7.07½
Oct ...	7.25@	7.32½	7.22½	7.32½	7.22½

SHORT RIBS.

July ...	....	....	....	7.75	7.65
Sept ...	7.77½	7.87½	7.75	7.87½	7.77½
Oct ...	7.82½	7.92½	7.80	7.92½	7.82½

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	Standard.	No. 3.	Low grade.	Total.
Winter wheat.	49	..	57	9	115
Spring wheat.	..	..	..	..	2
Corn	39	..	111	76	226
Oats	9	24	56	36	125
Rye	..	..	..	..	..
Barley	..	..	1	2	3
Totals	97	24	226	124	471

Inspected out: Oats—Standard, 1,675 bu. Rye—No. 3, 2,000 bu. Loaded from unlicensed elevators: Wheat—No. 2 hard, new, 3 cars; No. 3 hard, 1 car; No. 2 red, new, 27 cars and 29,000 bu. Corn—No. 2 yellow, 21 cars and 28,100 bu; No. 3 yellow, 3 cars; No. 3 white, 1 car; No. 2, 132 cars and 165,700 bu; No. 3, 1 car. Oats—No. 2, 2 cars. Oats—No. 2 white, 4 cars; No. 3 white, 8 cars; No. 2, 8 cars; standard, 41 cars; white clipped, 11 cars.

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Easy; hard spring [favorite brands], $6.00@6.20; hard patents [in wood], $5.50@5.60; straight [export bags], $4.90@5.00; clear [export bags], $3.60@4.00; soft winter patents [export bags], $4.20@4.30; straight, $4.00@4.10; hard winter patents [export bags], $4.20@4.30; clear [export bags], $3.50@3.90; rye flour, brls, $4.00@4.25; sacks, $3.50@2.90.

BRAN—Steady. Sales on track: Sacks, $15.00.

WINTER WHEAT—2@3c higher. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 red, 93¼c; No. 3 red, 91¼@92¼c; No. 2 hard, 91c; No. 3 hard, 91c. On track: No. 3 red, 92¾c; No. 2 red, 93c; No. 3 hard, 91c. Free on board: No. grade hard, 87¼c; No. 4 red, 81c; No. 3 red, 91@92¾c; No. 2 red, 92¾@93c; No. 3 hard, 90¼@92c; No. 2 hard, 93½@93¾c. Billed through: No. 2 red, 91½@92c; No. 2 hard, 90¼@91c.

SPRING WHEAT—Quiet. Sales, free on board: No. 4, 73@77c.

CORN—½@¾c higher. Sales in store and to go: No. 2, 58c; No. 3 yellow, 56c; No. 3, 160,000 bu for shipment on p. t.; No. 3 yellow, 58¾@59c; No. 3 white, 58¾@59c. Sales on track and free on board: No grade, 54½@57c; No. 4, 56¾@58¾c; No. 3, 58½@58¾c; No. 3 yellow, 58½@58¾c; No. 2, 58¾@59c; No. 2 yellow, 58¾@59c; No. 2 white, 58¾c; No. 3 white, 58c. Billed through: No grade, 55@58¾c; No. 4, 57¾c; No. 3, 57½@58c; No. 3 yellow, 57½@58c; No. 2, 57½c; No. 2 yellow, 57¾@58c; No. 3 white, 57¾c.

OATS—¼@¾c higher. Sales in store and to go: No. 3 white, 32¾c; white clipped, 125,000 bu on p. t.; standard, 65,000 bu on p. t. Sales on track and free on board: No grade, new, 30c; old, 31c; No. 4 white, new, 30¾c; old, 31@32½c; No. 3, new, 32c; old, 31@33c; No. 3 white, 32@34c; standard, 33@34½c; No. 2, 31c; No. 2 white, 34¼@34½c. Billed through: No grade, new, 28@31c; No. 4 white, new, 31¼c; old, 32¼c; No. 3 white, 31@33¾c; standard, 32¾@33¾c.

RYE—Strong. Sales on track: No. 2, 73c. Free on board: No. 2, 72@73c.

BARLEY—Dull. Sales free on board: Skinnings, 36c; screenings, 43@45¼c; barley, 44c.

PROVISIONS—Firm. Cash lots: Mess pork, $12.90@12.95; lard, $7.05@7.07½; ribs, $7.75@7.85, according to weight.

BEEF PRODUCTS—Quiet and steady. Beef hams, $18.50@18.75; extra mess beef, $8.75@9.00; plate beef, $9.00@9.50; extra plate beef, $9.50@10.00. Tallow steady at 5¼@5¾c for edible, 5c@5¼c for prime packers, 4¾@4¾c for No. 1 do and 3½@3¾c for No. 2 do. 4¼@4½c for city renderers, 4¾@4¾c for prime country, 3¾@3¾c for No. 2 do. Oleo-stearine in moderate demand and quotably steady at 7¾@7¾c.

GREASE—Quiet and steady at 5¼@5¾c for browns, 6¼@6¾c for yellow, 5¾@6¼c for house, 6¼@6¼c for B white, and 4¾@4¾c for A white.

HAY—Firm. Receipts, 535 tons. Shipments, 68 tons. Sales on track: Not graded timothy, $9.00@11.00. Free on board: Not graded prairie, Iowa, $9.00.

STRAW—Rye straw quotable at $9.00@9.50, wheat straw at $6.50@7.00, and oat straw at $6.50@7.00. Sales on track: Tangled rye, $6.00.

DOMESTIC PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, July 21.—Wheat—Exports, 22,915 bu; sales, 5,600,000 bu; futures, spot firm; No. 2 red nominal, elevator, 90c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 northern Duluth, $1.21¼ f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 northern Manitoba, $1.16 f. o. b. afloat. After a day of activity the market closed strong at 2¾@2¾c net advance. July closed 93½c; September closed 94¼c.

Corn—Receipts, 24,400 bu; exports, 5,652 bu; sales, 24,000 bu. Spot firm; No. 2, 65½c elevator and 62¾c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 yellow, 63¼c; No. 3 white, 62¾c. Option market was firm, but without transactions, closing ⅝@1¼c net higher.

Oats—Receipts, 64,500 bu; exports, 9,375 bu; spot steady; mixed oats, 26@32 lbs, 33½@36¼c.

Cotton seed oil—Irregular. Prime crude, nominal; do yellow, 28½@28¾c.

Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining, 3¾c; centrifugal, 96 test, 4c; molasses sugar, 3¼c; refined steady.

Quotations on Coffee.

Coffee—Spot Rio steady; No. 7 invoice, 8c; mild steady; Cordova, 10@13c. Futures opened steady at unchanged prices to a decline of 5 points. The close was steady, net unchanged to 5 points higher. Sales, 27,750 bags.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous close.
July	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.60
September	6.70	6.70	6.70	6.70	6.75
October	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80
December	7.00	7.05	7.00	7.05	7.00
January	7.05	7.05	7.05	7.05	7.10

Quotations on Cotton.

Cotton—Spot closed quiet. Middling uplands, 11c; middling gulf, 11.25c. Sales, 1,952 bales. Futures opened weak and closed steady.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous close.
July	10.80	10.70	10.59	10.65	10.72
August	10.68	10.73	10.67	10.69	10.72
September	10.70	10.69	10.70	10.75	10.80
October	10.78	10.91	10.75	10.81	10.90
November	10.78	....	....	10.75	10.91
December	10.83	10.99	10.82	10.97	10.97

Cotton in Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, July 21.—Cotton—Spot in limited demand; prices 8 points lower; American middling fair, 6.37d; good middling, 6.07d; middling, 5.91d; low middling, 5.75d; good ordinary, 5.57d; ordinary, 5.41d. Sales, 5,000 bales, including 4,500 American. Receipts, 4,000 bales, including 100 American. Futures opened quiet and steady and closed quiet and steady.

Western Grain Markets.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 21.—Close: Wheat—Higher; No. 2 red, cash, elevator, nominal; track, 88@90c; September, 87c; December, 86¼c. Corn—Higher; No. 2 cash, 56c; September, 53¾c; December, 45¼c. Oats—Futures firm; cash, heavy; No. 2 cash nominal; track, 30c new, 33½c old; July 29¾c; September, 28¾c. Lead—Dull; $4.50. Spelter—Higher, $5.30.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 21.—Wheat—September closed at 91¾c and December at 94¼c. Cash stronger today. No. 1 hard closed $1.16¼; No. 1 northern, $1.14¼; to arrive, $1.13¾; No. 2 northern, $1.11¼; to arrive, $1.00¼. Flour—First patents, $6.10@6.20; first clears, $4.00@4.10. Flax—Cash, $1.47¾. Bran—In bulk, $12.75@13.00.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 21.—Close: Wheat—July, 81¾@82c; September, 84¾@84½c; December, 81¾c; cash, No. 1 hard, 85c@87½c. Corn—July, 51¾c; September, 48¼c; December, 42¾@42¼c; cash, No. 2 mixed, 52@53¼c; No. 3, 51¾c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 32c; No. 2 white, old, 33½@35c. Receipts—Wheat, 420 cars.

DULUTH, Minn., July 21.—Close: Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 northern, $1.13; on track, No. 1 northern, $1.15; No. 2 northern, $1.07. Oats—To arrive, 31¾c; on track, 32½c. Receipts—Wheat, 8,054 bu; shipments, 13,517 bu.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 21.—Flour—10c higher. Wheat, 1c higher; No. 1 northern, $1.12½; September, 90¾c bid. Oats—Firmer; standard, 34½c. Corn—Firm; No. 3, 57½@58c; September, 56c asked.

PEORIA, Ill., July 21.—Corn—Firm; No. 3 yellow, 57c; No. 3, 57c; No. 4, 56c; no grade, 55c. Oats—Steady; No. 3 white, 32½c; No. 4 white, 31½c. Whisky—On the basis of $1.27 for finished goods.

TOLEDO, O., July 21.—Clover seed—Cash, $7.70 asked; October, $5.75; December, $5.72½; August alsike, $7.10 bid. Prime timothy, $1.60.

Foreign Produce Market.

LIVERPOOL, July 21.—Closing: Wheat—Spot, nominal; futures, steady; July, nominal; September, 6s 9¼d; December, 6s 8d. Corn—Spot, firm; American mixed, 5s 2¾d; futures, quiet; July, nominal; September, 4s 10¾d.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, N. C., July 21.—Spirits turpentine—Nothing doing. Rosin—Firm, $2.00 bid. Tar—Firm, $2.00 bid. Crude turpentine—Firm, $2.50, $4.15, and $4.40.

NEW YORK, July 21.—Rosin—Steady; strained, common to good, $2.60. Turpentine—Dull, 61¾@61¾c.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 21.—Turpentine—Steady, 57c. Rosin—Steady; A, E, C, $5.25.

SAVANNAH, Ga., July 21.—Turpentine—Quiet, 56½c. Rosin—Firm; A, B, C, $3.35@3.40.

Oil and Oil Certificates.

TOLEDO, O., July 21.—Oil—North Lima, 86c; South Lima and Indiana, 81c.

NEW YORK, July 21.—Petroleum—Quiet.

OIL CITY, Pa., July 21.—Credit balances, $1.27. Certificates, no bid. Shipments, 86,636 brls; average, 66,327 brls. Shipments—Lima, 63,875 brls; average, 58,969 brls.

NEW RECORD FOR SUBWAY

STOCK TOUCHES 79¼, BUT BUYING IS ALL FROM INSIDE.

Biscuit Shares Sell Freely and Common Declines—Preferred, However, Holds Well—Warner Glucose Refinery Closes for Repairs and Enlargement—Harriman & Co. Predict Big Rise in Prices After New York Insurance Investigation.

Chicago Subway stock made a new high record yesterday at 79¼. There is still no outside demand of consequence for the shares, and this fact allows the insiders to accumulate freely whatever may be offered or to make the price active and firm.

National Biscuit common was freely sold and declined to 55. The close was ¼ better. The preferred, on the other hand, was firm, closing at 115-½. Although the common has dropped from 60 and the preferred from 117 these prices are still pool prices, being made by the usual market methods. The common stock was advanced some time ago from 45 to the 60s and the preferred was advanced from around 107 to above 120. Up to 107 and up to 45 the stocks rose on what the general public believed to be their value. If the shares should go to where they were before being artificially advanced they would only lose what they have not earned.

American Shipbuilding sold at 54. This is 1 point lower than the price just before the dividend declaration. However, there appears to be no disappointment over the distribution.

Waukegan Glucose Shuts Down.

The Warner glucose sugar refinery at Waukegan has been closed down. It is announced that new boilers are being installed and that the plant is to be enlarged to 30,000 bu capacity daily. Its present capacity is 25,000 bu. This is the dull season in the glucose business, and this fact, together with the high price of corn, combines to make the present a desirable time to close.

The Winterman plant at Granite City is also closed. It is reported that repairs are being made, but there is some reason to believe the closing is the result of low prices, dullness in trade, and high priced corn. This concern has a capacity of 8,000 bu daily.

A glucose plant has just been opened at New Orleans, with a capacity of 8,000 bu daily. The New York Glucose company is enlarging its plant and is expected to have a capacity of 30,000 bu. It now has 25,000.

Equitable Hurts Market.

What was regarded as a good summing up of the situation in Wall street was contained in the following message yesterday from Harriman & Co. to King, Hodenpyl & Co.:

"I think I understand why the market has not responded to the good news of the last fortnight, such as increased dividends, growing traffic, expansion in getting business, lower money rates, and the good crop reports.

"The lassitude of the market has disheartened a good many bulls, has brought out a good many stocks, and increased the short interest. My opinion is that the insurance situation has been the cause of it all. The Equitable scandal which from day to day has developed new phases reflecting upon the integrity of men who stand high in the financial world, has caused the general public to suspect every insurance company. The other insurance companies, seeing and understanding the situation, have been cleaning house preparing for a government investigation. It is true that the Mutual and New York Life have invited and assisted a special investigation committee to go through their business affairs, and these committees have been at work for some weeks. Now comes the investigation by the state committee. Meantime, everything is being adjusted as far as possible in anticipation of what the public will demand of them.

"While the immediate effect of this business is to depress prices and influence the large interest in the market to discourage speculation at this time, the ultimate effect of it all cannot be otherwise than beneficial for values throughout the country, and I believe there will be a great revulsion of feeling after these committees get earnestly at work, and the stock market will respond to the exceptionally fine conditions which prevail throughout the United States today. People are not going to be told when it will start, and, therefore, one should never be without his line of stocks, but come it will and to a degree which few people realize."

Bank Statement Forecast.

Known movements of money for the week indicated a small loss by the banks in cash. The gain in net from the interior was $2,182,656, but the loss to the subtreasury was $2,658,000, an apparent net loss of $173,344.

Steel Foundries' Plan.

The financial plan of the American Steel Foundries company was announced yesterday. It is proposed to issue $3,500,000 6 per cent bonds, secured by a first lien on the plants of the company and the stocks of the subsidiary companies. These bonds will be offered to stockholders at 80, and the proceeds will be applied to the liquidation of the floating debt and to the working capital of the company. The price at which the bonds are offered has been underwritten by a syndicate.

The foregoing conditions indicate the bad financial straits in which the company finds itself. A 6 per cent bond at 80 is an anomaly.

Dividends Declared.

The Trenton Potteries company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 2 per cent on preferred stock, payable July 25 to holders of record yesterday.

The American Chicle company declared the customary monthly dividend of 1 per cent on its common stock, payable Aug. 21. Books close Aug. 8, reopen Aug. 22.

Directors of the Page Woven Wire Fence company have declared a semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent on preferred stock, payable Aug. 1. Books are already closed and will reopen Aug. 16.

Railway Earnings.

PITTSBURG, CHICAGO, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS.

	Earnings.	Increase.
June—Gross	$ 2,241,241	$220,092
Operating expenses	1,654,974	197,236
Net	586,368	23,157
From Jan. 1:		
Gross	122,838,924	920,764
Operating expenses	2,912,764	766,340
Net	2,626,159	154,270

TOLEDO RAILWAYS AND LIGHT.

June—Gross	163,226	14,591
Operat. expenses and taxes	80,846	3,905
Net	82,380	10,686
Charges	41,771	129
Surplus	40,609	10,557
From Jan. 1:		
Gross	895,793	69,935
Operat. expenses and taxes	463,736	6,772
Net	432,057	63,163
Charges	263,815	3,468
Surplus	178,242	59,697

New York Curb Transactions.

	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Am. W. Pap. pfd..	100	29¼	29¼	29¼	29¼
Beth. Steel	300	31½	31½	31½	31½
Do pfd	510	87¼	88	87	88
B. C. Copper	1,900	7¼	7¼	7	7
Chi. Sub	8,200	78¾	79¼	78	78¾
G. Copper	2,200	22¾	22¾	22¼	22¼
G. Gold	1,300	4¼	4¼	4	4
Int. Marine	200	12	12	11¾	11¾
do pfd	2,100	27¾	28¼	27½	27½
Interboro	1,200	207	207	205	205
MacKay Co	2,100	41¾	41¾	41¼	41¾
do pfd	100	74¾	74¾	74¼	74¼
Stand Oil	10	617	617	617	617
Nev. Con	900	175	176¼	172¼	172¾
Untied Cop	6,600	31¾	31¾	30½	31½
do pfd	700	75	75	74¾	74¾
U. S. Hub. 2d W. I.	100	72	72	72	72

BONDS

$10,000 D.-H. 3½s	W. L.	107	107	107	107
$4,900 Jap. new 4½s	W. I	88¼	88¼	88	88¼

*And interest.

Closing Bid and Asked Prices.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Can	11¾	11¾
Do pfd	68	68¼
Compressed Air	⅛	¼
Electric Boat	20	30
Do pfd	60	70
Electro Pneumatic	⅛	¼
Electric Vehicle	17	20
Do pfd	23	28
Havana Tobacco	24	28
Do pfd	84	88
Manhattan Transit	3	3
Montreal and Boston	11-32	13-32
N. Y. El. Veh. Trans	⅝	⅞
Otis Elevator	53	58
Do pfd	103	106
Pittsburg and Bessemer	33	38
Do pfd	68	75
Royal Baking Powder pfd	107	109
Standard Coupler	20	30
Do pfd	120	135
Tenn. Copper	27	30
Am. Tobacco	275	285
Tonopah	13¾	14
Safety	257	270

Foreign Exchange.

The market recovered fractionally from Thursday's decline, but was extremely quiet throughout the day. Business was comparatively light. Actual rates for bankers' sixty day sterling bills were 4.8480@4.8490; demand, 4.8645@4.8655; cable transfers, 4.8665@4.8675; sight francs, 5.16⅛@5.16¼ plus 1-32; short marks, 95 1-16@95⅛ plus 1-32.

Following are the posted rates of the principal drawers of foreign exchange:

London	4.87½
Berlin, reichsmarks	95⅝
Paris, francs	5.15⅝
Amsterdam, florins	40.40
Zurich, francs	5.15¼
Genoa, lire	5.16¼
Antwerp, francs	5.16¼
Vienna, crowns	20.35
St. Petersburg, rubles	51¾
Stockholm

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DEATHS.

IN MEMORIAM.

DE LANG—In loving memory of Blanchard De Lang, who passed away July 22, 1902.

BERGER—Henry C., husband of Catherine. Funeral 708 N. Halsted-st. Sunday at 2 p. m., to Wunders. Kenosha papers please copy.

BOWEN—James F., funeral 314 N. Wood-st. Sunday at 9 a. m., to St. Columbkill's church, carriages to Calvary.

CINQUENIE—Adrian F., beloved husband of Agnes Cinquenie, nee Wheelen. Funeral, from his late residence, 6854 Normandy-av. Sunday, at 9 a. m., to Holy Cross church, thence by carriages to Mount Olivet.

FAEHSE—William, July 21, husband of Mary. Funeral 1:30 p. m., 152 Racine-av., to St. Luke's cemetery.

FEAGEANS—The funeral of Fea Feageans will take place at 3714 Ellis-av., Saturday, July 22, at 10:30 a. m. Friends are invited. Interment Oakwoods cemetery.

FISTLER—Herman A. Fistler. Funeral at 10 a. m. Saturday, July 22, at chapel of J. W. Buffum, 1722 Wabash-av. Interment at Elks' Rest.

FORY—Stella Blanche, beloved daughter of Mrs. A. B. Fory and sister of A. M. Fory, at her late residence, 536 E. 50th-st. Funeral services 10:30 a. m. Sunday. Burial private, at Mount Hope.

FRANK—July 20, John N., husband of Emilie. Funeral 4462 Princeton-av., Sunday at 2 p. m., to Holy Cross church, thence by carriages to Mount Olivet.

GOETZ—R. Goetz, beloved father of Edward, Fred, and Emmeran, brother of Fred, Charles, August, Oscar, and Henry Goetz, residence 165 W. 22d-st. Burial Sunday, 1 p. m., at Forest Home.

HENDERSON—Osias L., of heart failure, in San Francisco, July 20. Funeral at Boynton Bros.' chapel, 4227 Cottage Grove-av., at 3 p. m., Saturday. Burial at Oakwoods.

HITCHCOCK—Joseph, July 19. Funeral Saturday at 2 p. m., 4915 N. Clark-st. Interment Rosehill.

IGGLIS—Helen Mary Inglis, nee Brookes, July 21. Funeral Saturday, July 22, from Morgan Park to Oakwoods.

IRVIN—Jennie, daughter of Mrs. L. H. Irvin, Atlantic City, N. J., July 20.

KENNEDY—John A., July 20, 458 McLean-av. Funeral Saturday, 1 p. m.

LANE—Harry Lane, July 21. Funeral from the residence of his mother, Mrs. H. A. Lane, 233 S. California-av., Monday, July 24, at 11 a. m.; carriages to Oakwoods cemetery.

MILLER—Elizabeth, wife of J. P. Funeral Sunday at 1 p. m., 2167 Archer-av., carriages to Oakwoods.

MUTTER—Peter, at residence, 435 Cornelia-st., beloved husband of Nellie B. Barning and brother of Mrs. Martin. Member of fire department company No. 12. Funeral notice later.

MURRAY—Mrs. Laura Keefer, daughter of late Capt. C. R. Manning. Services 553 S. 41st-ct., 9 a. m. Saturday. Interment at Sterling, Ill.

M'CARTHY—Winifred, aged 75 years, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. K. F. Bennett, 90 S. 21st-st. Funeral and interment at Kalamazoo, Mich.

ODLIN—Peter, July 19. Funeral 3115 State-st., Sunday, 1 p. m. Interment Mount Greenwood cemetery.

O'NEILL—Redmond Joseph, July 20, son of Thomas and Mary. Funeral Saturday at 10 a. m., 5617 May-st., carriages to Mount Olivet.

PETERSON—Edw. C., July 19, son of Mathilda. Funeral July 22, 8532 Princeton-av., at 1:30 p. m., to Oakwoods.

REDPENNING—Bernhard A. F. Redepenning, suddenly, July 19. Services at his late residence, 732 W. Madison-st., Sunday, July 23, at 1 p. m., under the auspices of De Molay Lodge No. 13, K. of P. Interment at Mount Olive cemetery.

ROMER—Julius, husband of Mary. Thursday, July 20. Funeral Sunday, 511 North-av., by carriages to Waldheim.

SCHROEDER—Emma, wife of Henry, Thursday, July 20, 14th-st. Funeral 2:30 Saturday, Emanuel church, carriages to Concordia.

SERGEANT—James Young Sergeant, July 21, aged 61 years, husband of Barbara and father of William H. Sergeant, at his residence, 351 W. Adams-st. Services at Centenary M. E. church Sunday at 2:30 p. m. Carriages to Forest Home cemetery.

SCOTT—William J. Scott, July 21, aged 67 years, father of W. H. Scott, at his residence, 954 E. Spaulding-av. Funeral Sunday, July 23, at 4 p. m. Burial at Delavan, Ill.

STAFFORD—George, July 20, husband of Annie. Funeral Sunday at 1 p. m., from 210 Roscoe-st. Interment Rosehill.

FUNERAL TRAINS.

MOUNT HOPE CEMETERY FUNERAL TRAIN by Grand Trunk R. R.; leaves Polk-st. depot (Polk and Dearborn-sts.) daily at 12 m.

MONUMENTS.

CRAIG BLAKE & CO., 3rd WOMAN'S TEMPLE, reliable makers of monuments and mausoleums.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., July 21.—Forecast for Saturday and Sunday:

Illinois and Indiana—Fair and warmer Saturday, Sunday fair, light variable winds.

North Dakota and South Dakota—Fair and warmer Saturday, Sunday fair.

Upper Michigan—Showers Saturday and Sunday, light west winds.

Wisconsin—Showers Saturday, warmer in east portion, Sunday fair, fresh southwest winds.

Minnesota—Showers Saturday, Sunday fair and warmer, fresh southwest winds.

Iowa—Fair and warmer Saturday, Sunday fair.

Lower Michigan—Fair in south, showers in north portion, warmer Saturday, Sunday showers, light southwest to south winds.

Place of observation. Time taken: July 21, 7 p. m.	Thermometer.	Max. temp.	Direction of wind.	Precipitation 24 hours.	State of weather.
Abilene	78	92	N.	Tr.	Cl'dy
Albany	70	78	N.W.		Clear
Alpena	64	72	S.E.		Clear
Atlanta	78	88	S.W.	Tr.	Fair
Amarillo	68	78	S.	.86	Cl'dy
Bismarck	78	82	N.W.		Clear
Buffalo	70	72	N.E.		Clear
Boston	66	74	E.		Clear
Cairo	72	72	N.W.	.80	Cl'dy
Calgary	78	84	E.		Cl'dy
Charles City	72	78	N.		Cl'dy
Charlotte	74	92	E.	.18	Cl'dy
Cheyenne	74	84	N.E.	.12	Clear
Chicago	66	76	E.		Clear
Cincinnati	72	74	N.E.	.10	Cl'dy
Cleveland	66	70	N.E.		Fair
Concordia	76	92	E.	Tr.	Cl'dy
Davenport	78	80	E.		Clear
Denver	76	92	N.		Clear
Des Moines	72	78	N.	.02	Cl'dy
Detroit	78	78	N.		Clear
Devils Lake	76	76	N.E.	.40	Cl'dy
Dodge	76	74	N.	Tr.	Fair
Dubuque	78	78	N.	.40	Clear
Duluth	62	80	S.E.	.12	Cl'dy
El Paso	82	92	N.E.	.30	Rain
Escanaba	56	68	S.W.		Clear
Galveston	82	86	S.W.		Clear
Grand Rapids	72	76	N.		Clear
Green Bay	68	74	S.E.		Clear
Havre	90	92	E.		Clear
Helena	90	92	S.W.		Clear
Huron	78	90	S.W.		Clear
Indianapolis	74	76	N.		Cl'dy
Jacksonville	88	94	S.W.		Clear
Kansas City	82	86	E.		Fair
Lander	74	82	N.E.		Clear
Little Rock	86	96	N.		Clear
Los Angeles	68	74	W.		Clear
Madison	72	76	N.E.		Clear
Marquette	58	70	E.		Cl'dy
Memphis	88	94	E.		Clear
Medicine Hat	84	86	E.	.06	Clear
Milwaukee	66	70	N.E.		Clear
Minnedosa	66	76	N.		Cl'dy
Montgomery	86	94	W.	.44	Cl'dy
Montreal	66	78	N.W.		Clear
Moorhead	70	86	N.W.	.52	Clear
Nashville	70	88	S.W.	.06	Clear
New Orleans	76	88	N.E.	.04	Cl'dy
New York City	76	82	S.		Fair
Norfolk	78	86	E.		Clear
North Platte	76	78	N.E.	.40	Fair
Oklahoma	80	88	N.	Tr.	Cl'dy
Omaha	76	86	N.	Tr.	Clear
Oswego	64	66	N.W.	Tr.	Clear
Palestine	76	90	N.E.	Tr.	Cl'dy
Parkersburg	74	90	E.	Tr.	Cl'dy
Philadelphia	76	82	S.		Cl'dy
Pittsburg	72	76	N.		Cl'dy
Pueblo	94	96	N.	.28	Cl'dy
Qu'Appelle	88	72	N.W.	.24	Cl'dy
Rapid City	76	78	S.E.	.06	Clear
San Francisco	54	58	W.		Fair
St. Louis	78	90	N.E.	.34	Cl'dy
St. Paul	74	82	N.W.		Clear
Salt Lake City	78	92	S.W.		Clear
San Antonio	90	92	S.W.		Clear
San Diego	66	68	N.W.		Clear
Ste. Marie	70	72	N.W.		Clear
Springfield, Ill.	70	80	N.	Tr.	Clear
Springfield, Mo.	78	80	N.	Tr.	Clear
Vicksburg	78	86	W.	Tr.	Fair
Washington	76	82	E.		Cl'dy
White River	64	72	S.W.		Cl'dy
Wichita	70	90	W.	.22	Rain
Williston	66	76	N.	.06	Clear
Winnipeg	64	76	N.	.78	Cl'dy

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature as observed yesterday by L. Manasse, optician, 58 Madison street, Illinois building, was as follows: 7 a. m., 68 degrees; 9 a. m., 69; 10 a. m., 69; 11 a. m., 69; 12 m., 69; 1 p. m., 70; 3 p. m., 70; 6 p. m., 69. Barometer, 8 a. m., 29.57; 6 p. m., 29.55.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

NEW CORPORATIONS WERE LICENSED BY the secretary of state in Springfield yesterday as follows:

Farmers' Elevator company, Somonauk; capital, $12,000; grain, fuel, building material; incorporators, William George, Edward Bumpf, H. Dannewitz.

Litchfield Grocer company, Litchfield; capital, $20,000; general merchandise; incorporators, William T. Thorp, William J. King, and H. H. Vanboreen.

Nanoni Gold Mining company, Marissa; capital, $100,000; mining; incorporators, George W. Nevin, Louis Miller, and Charles Stewart.

Milledgeville Mutual Telephone company, Milledgeville; capital, $10,000; telephone system; incorporators, F. H. Fleming, A. B. Puterbaugh, and A. M. Pike.

George T. Mickle Lumber company, Chicago; capital, $25,000; lumber; incorporators, M. B. Hinton, A. C. List, and W. T. Stapleman.

Not for profit.

Lakewood club, Chicago; social; incorporators, Otto H. Wescheft, Louis A. Gathmann, and Chester H. Brune.

Edinburg Cemetery association, Edinburg; maintain cemetery; incorporators, T. A. Hart, George A. Wacker, and L. C. Carlin.

Krause-Breyer company, Chicago; name changed to the Breyer Printing company.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued yesterday by the health department:

Adams, Willis, 64; 3712 Armour-av., July 19.
Arthur, Martha, 46; 4336 Wentworth-av., July 19.
Bennett, Fremont O., 50; Cook County hospital, July 19.
Berger, Nahhtalan, 1; 235 Orchard-st., July 20.
Blakesley, Mathew, 59; 464 Wells-st., July 19.
Brooks, Emma, 66; 409 State-st., July 20.
Brooks, Roverna, 4 months; 2112 Dearborn-st., July 14.
Brooks, James W., 54; 5400 Wentworth-av., July 19.
Brunell, Edith, 26; 147 Western-av., July 19.
Budi, Vlasta, 4 months; 372 W. 18th-st., July 20.
Curtis, George, 46; Cook County hospital, July 19.
Deegan, Margaret, 41; 22 Almond-st., July 19.
De Steffano, Tob, 9 months; 2111 Clark-st., July 20.
Deming, Emily, 64; 503 Dearborn-av., July 20.
Devine, Thomas, 65; 5155 Wabash-av., July 18.
Dullinghan, Owen, 16; 1734 Clark-st., July 19.
Dudzinski, John, 20; 1004 N. Leavitt-st., July 20.
Evans, Thomas, 21; 2110 Armour-av., July 9.
Farrell, John J., 22; 459 12th-st., July 17.
Foley, Cornelius, 26; 1018 Throop-st., July 19.
Frank, John N., 54; 4462 Princeton-av., July 20.
Freinark, John, 72; 8809 State-st., July 20.
Gascon, Irwin, 1; 382 Lincoln-av., July 19.
Gast, Edward, 23; 40 Edgemont-av., July 19.
Galligan, Andrew, 27; 54 Blue Island-av., July 19.
Gerhelt, Matilda, 41; Jewish hospital, July 19.
Gill, James, 38; Cook county hospital, July 20.
Glyn, Mary B., 6 months; 4718 Loomis-st., July 19.
Goetz, Reinhold, 57; 165 W. 22d-st., July 20.
Gronnan, Emma, 82; 5909 Indiana-av., July 18.
Grim, Elizabeth, 21; 595 N. Wood-st., July 20.
Griffin, Girtie, 8; 4550 Lowe-av., July 19.
Gunhouse, Mary, 5 months; 4550 Wallace-st.,
Guglielitte, Caterina, 1; 140 W. Taylor-st., July 21.
Halpin, Mildred, 1; 70 Eugenie-st., July 19.
Hanson, Marie, 60; 811 N. Western-av., July 20.
Hancke, Albert, 29; 327 Wells-st., July 10.
July 19.
Hanlon, Patrick J., 35; 3604 Emerald-av., July 19.
Haynie, Dorothy, 5 months; 1065 Tripp-av., July 19
Hegarty, Dinnis J., 19; 1805 93d-st., July 19.
Herman, H. J., 37; 1083 W. Monroe-st., July 14.
Hitchcock, Joseph, 53; 4915 N. Clark-st., July 19.
Homstrom, Ruth, 10; 3551 Seeley-av., July 19.
Inglis, Helen M., 36; Woman's hospital, July 20.
Jiracek, John, 55; 989 Washtenaw-av., July 20.
Johnson, Leroy, 1; 6101 Stewart-av., July 19.
Johnson, George, 32; 1178 Fifty-first-st., July 19.
Kane, Mary F., 6; 621 Mildred-st., July 20.
Kennedy, John A., 39; 458 McLean-av., July 20.
Kirkham, John W., 47; Lexington-st., near Homan-av., July 19.
Krenck, John, 63; 727 Morgan-st., July 19.
Krueger, Louisa, 4; 1054 Irving-av., July 19.
Levin, Annie, 9; 155 Clybourn-av., July 19.
Lunch, Patrick, 65; 212 23d-pl., July 19.
Lyons, Joseph, 43; 141 W. Huron-st., July 18.
Maloney, S. P., 50; 1 N. Leavitt-st., July 19.
Maher, Martin B., 31; 5910 Michigan-av., July 19.
Malek, Annie, 25; Grace-st., July 18.
McGinnis, John, 34; 3806 Langley-av., July 14.
Meisner, James, 42; 2816 Groveland-av., July 18.
Messmann, Martha, 4 months; 2567 Emerald-av., July 19.
Milacek, Eliska, 4 mo.; 716 W. 18th-pl., July 21.
Miller, John, 30; 552 Wolfram-st., July 19.
Miller, Eliza, 38; 2567 Emerald-av., July 20.
Milter, Fannie, 21; 3114 Groveland-av., July 19.
Molano, Domenica, 1; 195 Forquer-st., July 21.
Monis, George W., 31; 780 Carroll-av., July 17.
Moore, Lawrence, 4 months; 2802 Princeton-av., July 19.
Murphy, Michael, 56; 177 Gault-ct., July 20.
Murray, Michael, 13; 140 String-st., July 12.
Nathan, David, 26; 330 W. 12th-st., July 20.
Naryal, Ernst, 16 days; 2546 N. May-st., July 19.
Odlin, Peter, 67; 276 31st-st., July 19.
Omeland, Louise, 8 days; 617 N. Irving-av., July 19
Ostrowski, Josef, 10 months; 916 W. 18th-st., July 19.
Peterson, Charles E., 22; 3522 Princeton-av., July 19.
Pope, Frances, 31; 147 Green-st., July 18.
Polzin, Josephine, 63; 912 N. Winchester-av., July 20.
Prebola, Mike, 27; 4 Emma-st., July 12.
Prendergast, Annie, 50; 2238 Hillock-av., July 19.
Quinn, William, 43; 641 Root-st., July 18.
Ravenbyne, Clara, 40; 43 N. Hamlin-av., July 19.
Rusk, John, 72; 128 Fifty-first-st., July 19.
Sach, Peral P., 45; 258 Frankfort-av., July 20.
Sanders, Frances, 4 months; 4527 Paulina-st., July 20.
Schuda, Mary, 8 months; 71 Churchill-st., July 20.
Schlass, Anna, 52; 90 Cornelia-st., July 19.
Sheehan, Peter, 18; 2043 Bonfield-st., July 18.
Spinallo, Rosa, 35; 4925 Armour-av., July 20.
Stadter, Mary, 74; 628 Racine-av., July 19.
Stewart, Henry, 1; 226 28th-st., July 20.
Stroecke, Arthur, 3; 15 Johns-ct., July 17.
Taroe, Tom, 2 days; 696 Milwaukee-av., July 20.
Tomlinson, Josephine, 44; 5468 Kimbark-av., July 20.
Tryba, Jacob, 30; 388 W. 25th-st., July 17.
Unidentified man, 50; Cook County morgue, July 10.
Weber, Minnie, 60; 6018 Princeton-av., July 19.
Williams, Agnes, 9 months; 5001 Armour-av., July 19.
Zachrowski, Joseph, 68; 182 De Koven-st., July 16.

UNDERTAKERS.

J. WHITTIER BUFFUM, (20 YEARS WITH THE late C. H. Jordan), undertaker. 1722 Wabash-av. Tel. South 953.

POSTLEWAIT, UNDERTAKER 322 OGDEN-AV. We don't say much; we just do business; 5 stores.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—MARSHALL FIELD'S TOILET ROOM, 3D floor, 1 round silver chain bag, containing 2 handkerchiefs, 1 pair gloves, 1 small purse, and knife; reward for return. Address L E 600 Tribune office.

LOST—BLACK FEATHER BOA ON 51ST-ST. or Drexel-blvd. Return to MRS. GEORGE COHAN, Illinois Theater. Liberal reward.

LOST—POCKETBOOK CONTAINING TWO R. R. passes. Return to J. HERFORT, 3657 Ellis Park. Reward.

LOST—SILVER CIGARET CASE; INITIALS A. S. Return to R. L. H. BROWN, 202 Jackson-blvd. and receive reward.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—PRESUMABLY ON ELEVATED LOOP, July 11th, package containing knitting machine needles and other parts. Finder return to FRIEDLANDER, BRADY & CO., 223 S. Green-st., corner Congress, and receive suitable reward.

LOST—WEDNESDAY, ON C. & N. W. TRAIN leaving at 5 p. m., between Chicago and Highland Park, brown pocketbook with $54 currency and $20 gold piece. Liberal reward. Address Box 402, Highland Park.

LOST—SOLITAIRE DIAMOND RING AND ONE 3 stone diamond ring, wedding ring, engraved "C. V. E. to G. M. F., May 27, '05." Liberal reward if returned to 7146 Evans-av.

LOST—GENT'S GOLD WATCH AND CHAIN with inscription on inside of case; liberal reward on return to HENRY LESCH, 134 Dearborn-st., Room 27.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Mrs. Laura Haines, from July 19, 1905. A. C. HAINES.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

DIAMONDS ON TIME

We are selling fine Diamond Rings on extraordinarily easy terms—$1 payment when you take the ring, balance $1 per week. Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Cut Glass, Leather Goods, Umbrellas, Opera Glasses, Guns, Kodaks, Cameras, Fishing Tackle, Baseball Goods, Sporting Goods, Musical Instruments, Sewing Machines, Typewriters, Bicycles, Pianos, Organs, Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, Ranges, Refrigerators, Baby Carriages, Go-Carts, Trunks, Valises, Bags, Suit Cases, Rugs, Curtains, Draperies, Portieres, Lace Curtains, Couches, Davenports, Divans, Chiffoniers, Dressers, Chairs, Rockers, Tables, Desks, Bookcases, Sideboards, China Closets, Kitchen Cabinets, Dishes, Glassware, Silverware, Cutlery, Kitchen Utensils, Bedding, Blankets, Comforts, Pillows, Mattresses, Springs, Iron Beds, Brass Beds, Couch Hammocks, Lawn Swings, Porch Rockers, Refrigerators, Ice Boxes, Gasoline Stoves, Oil Stoves, Gas Stoves, Coal Stoves, Wood Stoves, Ranges, Heaters, Grates, Fenders, Andirons, Fire Sets, Screens, Clocks, Lamps, Shades, Globes, Chandeliers, Gas Logs, Vases, Statuary, Pictures, Frames, Mirrors, Rugs, Linoleums, Oilcloths, Matting, Hammocks, Lawn Mowers, Garden Hose, Sprinklers, Tools, Wheelbarrows, Ladders, Step Ladders, Clothes Lines, Clothes Reels, Clothes Wringers, Washing Machines, Tubs, Boilers, Irons, Ironing Boards, Sad Irons, Gas Irons, Gasoline Irons, Alcohol Irons, Electric Irons, Vacuum Cleaners, Carpet Sweepers, Brooms, Dustpans, Brushes, Mops, Pails, Dippers, Cuspidors, Spittoons, Shovels, Coal Hods, Coal Vases, Wood Boxes, Kindling Boxes, Ash Sifters, Ash Cans, Garbage Cans, Refuse Cans, Paper Cans, Waste Cans, Paper Baskets, Waste Baskets, Clothes Baskets, Market Baskets, Fruit Baskets, Work Baskets, Sewing Baskets, Fancy Baskets, Wicker Baskets, Reed Baskets, Rattan Baskets, Willow Baskets, Splint Baskets, Straw Baskets, Grass Baskets, Fiber Baskets, Cane Baskets, Wicker Furniture, Reed Furniture, Rattan Furniture, Willow Furniture, Splint Furniture, Straw Furniture, Grass Furniture, Fiber Furniture, Cane Furniture, Bamboo Furniture, Mission Furniture, Arts and Crafts Furniture, Colonial Furniture, Antique Furniture, Modern Furniture, Sanitary Furniture, Enamel Furniture, Iron Furniture, Brass Furniture, Steel Furniture, Aluminum Furniture, Nickel Furniture, Silver Furniture, Gold Furniture, Platinum Furniture, Diamond Furniture, Ruby Furniture, Sapphire Furniture, Emerald Furniture, Opal Furniture, Pearl Furniture, Turquoise Furniture, Amethyst Furniture, Topaz Furniture, Garnet Furniture, Jade Furniture, Agate Furniture, Onyx Furniture, Moonstone Furniture, Bloodstone Furniture, Tiger Eye Furniture, Lapis Lazuli Furniture, Malachite Furniture, Chrysoprase Furniture, Carnelian Furniture, Sardonyx Furniture, Cameo Furniture, Intaglio Furniture, Mosaic Furniture, Ivory Furniture, Bone Furniture, Horn Furniture, Shell Furniture, Tortoise Shell Furniture, Mother of Pearl Furniture, Abalone Furniture, Coral Furniture, Amber Furniture, Jet Furniture, Obsidian Furniture, Flint Furniture, Quartz Furniture, Crystal Furniture, Rock Crystal Furniture, Glass Furniture, Porcelain Furniture, Earthenware Furniture, Stoneware Furniture, Terra Cotta Furniture, Clay Furniture, Mud Furniture, Dirt Furniture, Sand Furniture, Gravel Furniture, Stone Furniture, Brick Furniture, Cement Furniture, Concrete Furniture, Mortar Furniture, Lime Furniture, Plaster Furniture, Wood Furniture, Timber Furniture, Lumber Furniture, Boards Furniture, Planks Furniture, Shingles Furniture, Laths Furniture, Posts Furniture, Beams Furniture, Joists Furniture, Rafters Furniture, Studding Furniture, Sills Furniture, Floors Furniture, Roofs Furniture, Walls Furniture, Partitions Furniture, Doors Furniture, Windows Furniture, Stairs Furniture, Steps Furniture, Railings Furniture, Balusters Furniture, Newels Furniture, Posts Furniture, Caps Furniture, Bases Furniture, Columns Furniture, Pilasters Furniture, Arches Furniture, Domes Furniture, Towers Furniture, Spires Furniture, Steeples Furniture, Belfries Furniture, Bells Furniture, Chimes Furniture, Carillons Furniture, Organs Furniture, Pianos Furniture, Violins Furniture, Violas Furniture, Violoncellos Furniture, Double Basses Furniture, Flutes Furniture, Piccolos Furniture, Clarinets Furniture, Oboes Furniture, Bassoons Furniture, Saxophones Furniture, Cornets Furniture, Trumpets Furniture, Horns Furniture, Trombones Furniture, Tubas Furniture, Euphoniums Furniture, Baritones Furniture, Alto Horns Furniture, Tenor Horns Furniture, Bass Horns Furniture, Drums Furniture, Tympani Furniture, Cymbals Furniture, Triangles Furniture, Xylophones Furniture, Glockenspiels Furniture, Chimes Furniture, Bells Furniture, Whistles Furniture, Sirens Furniture, Fog Horns Furniture, Steam Whistles Furniture, Locomotives Furniture, Cars Furniture, Trucks Furniture, Wagons Furniture, Carts Furniture, Automobiles Furniture, Motor Cycles Furniture, Bicycles Furniture, Tricycles Furniture, Motors Furniture, Engines Furniture, Boilers Furniture, Dynamos Furniture, Generators Furniture, Batteries Furniture, Wires Furniture, Cables Furniture, Switches Furniture, Lights Furniture, Arc Lights Furniture, Incandescent Lights Furniture, Gas Lights Furniture, Electric Lights Furniture, Acetylene Lights Furniture, Gasoline Lights Furniture, Alcohol Lights Furniture, Oil Lights Furniture, Candles Furniture, Tallow Furniture, Wax Furniture, Paraffine Furniture, Spermaceti Furniture, Vegetable Wax Furniture, Mineral Wax Furniture, Animal Wax Furniture, Insect Wax Furniture, Petroleum Furniture, Kerosene Furniture, Naphtha Furniture, Benzine Furniture, Gasoline Furniture, Alcohol Furniture, Ether Furniture, Chloroform Furniture, Morphine Furniture, Opium Furniture, Cocaine Furniture, Quinine Furniture, Strychnine Furniture, Arsenic Furniture, Poisons Furniture, Drugs Furniture, Medicines Furniture, Remedies Furniture, Cures Furniture, Doctors Furniture, Nurses Furniture, Hospitals Furniture, Sanitariums Furniture, Asylums Furniture, Prisons Furniture, Jails Furniture, Police Stations Furniture, Courts Furniture, Judges Furniture, Lawyers Furniture, Juries Furniture, Witnesses Furniture, Prisoners Furniture, Criminals Furniture, Thieves Furniture, Burglars Furniture, Robbers Furniture, Murderers Furniture, Executioners Furniture, Electric Chairs Furniture, Gallows Furniture, Graves Furniture, Tombstones Furniture, Monuments Furniture, Mausoleums Furniture, Undertakers Furniture, Embalmers Furniture, Coffins Furniture, Caskets Furniture, Shrouds Furniture, Dead Furniture, Corpses Furniture, Ghosts Furniture, Spirits Furniture, Mediums Furniture, Clairvoyants Furniture, Fortune Tellers Furniture, Astrologers Furniture, Palmists Furniture, Crystal Gazers Furniture, Hypnotists Fur

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South Side.

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TO RENT—2929 GROVELAND-AV., BEAUTIfully furnished rooms in private home; gentlemen preferred.

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107 E. 49TH-ST.—FRONT ROOM, BOARD; KENwood house; I. C. Phone Blue 7173.

3949 MICHIGAN-AV.—ROOMS WITH BOARD; single or en suite. Douglass 3070. Modern.

3323 INDIANA-AV.—ONLY GERMAN GENTLEman with son; furnished room with board.

3860 LAKE-AV.—ROOMS WITH BOARD; MOD.; block L. and cable. Doug. 2180.

3500 MICHIGAN-AV.—ROOMS, WITH BOARD, $4.50 upwards; walking distance; references.

West Side.

447 WASHINGTON-BLVD.—2 SUITES, ONE SINgle room; board optional; home cooking.

North Side.

26 ASTOR-ST., NEAR DIVISION AND LAKE SHORE DRIVE—MAISON DU NORD. FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL; QUIET; BEST NEIGHBORHOOD; NEAR BUSINESS CENTER; EXCELLENT TABLE. PHONE NORTH 2906.

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870 DEARBORN-AV.—THE OLD M'CORMICK mansion; beautiful veranda, trees, lawn; excellent board; ideal home. Phone 2180 North.

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508 DEARBORN-AV.—DELIGHTFUL LARGE cool rooms, elegantly furnished; superior board; phone.

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409 DEARBORN-AV.—LARGE FRONT ROOM; light and airy; excellent table board; terms moderate. Phone North 1377.

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879 ONTARIO-ST.—MODERN DOUBLE ROOM; excellent board; desirable locality; walk. dist.

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619 LA SALLE-AV.—DETACHED RESIDENCE; elegant double and single front rooms; fine board.

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640 LA SALLE-AV.—REFINED FAMILY OWNing home will rent 3 rooms; excellent board.

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206 CASS, 1ST FLAT—ROOM, BOARD; HOT water; quiet home; walking distance.

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206 CASS-ST.—ROOMS WITH BOARD; MODerate prices; walking distance. Tel. 4481 Dearborn

Hotels.

HOTEL DEL PRADO—A SELECT FAMILY AND transient hotel (400 rooms), occupying the entire block of Michigan-av. Magnificent suites, fronting on Midway-blvd. We have parlor and bedroom with private bath and board for two people, $25 to $40 per week.

TRANSPORTATION—Illinois Central Express trains to 60th-st. station, 1¼ blocks away; only 12 minutes to city.

HOTEL WARNER, 823 A. AND WABASH-AV.—Without exception one of the nicest and best located family hotels on the South Side; rooms single or en suite; with or without private baths; electric elevator service; all modern improvements; convenient to elevated, Indiana, and State-st. car lines. Phone 408 Douglas.

HOTEL WARNER ANNEX — NEWLY COMpleted and ready for occupancy; finely located; 300 rooms in 2 and 3 room suites, with bath, at very attractive rates; unexcelled service; finely furnished. Groveland Park and Cottage Grove-av. Tel. 623 Douglas. McGUIRE & COBB, Props.

HOTEL HAYES, 64TH-ST. AND LEXINGTON-av., one block from Lexington-av. L. station, Jackson, 5 and 5 minutes' walk from I. C. and 63d-st. station—American and European plan; rooms single or en suite with and without private bath. Telephone 656-657 Hyde Park.

HOTEL HOLLAND, 53D AND LAKE-AV. — American plan; permanent single rooms $7.50 up; en suite, with private bath, for two, $16 up; ten minutes C. and A. suburban; 4 express. Phone Hyde Park 192.

HAYDEN HOTEL, 152 E. 56TH-ST.—A COMfortable home, near the lake; residential, and transient; meals and service in city style for the price; I. C. and other good transportation; suites and single rooms; homelike. Phone Douglas 1440.

THE CRESCENT HOTEL, 413T AND ELLIS—Elegant single rooms, $6 per week; rooms and bath, $6; fine meals optional; 1 block of lake; best residence district.

HOTEL BERTRAND—BUSINESS CENTER—252-256 Dearborn-st. Most modern and most desirable location in city; one block from Auditorium; residential rate by the week, on the American plan, $8 up.

DEARBORN-AV. HOTEL, DEARBORN AND Monroe-sts.—Rooms, $2 week up; elevator, phone, etc.; walking distance.

HOTEL WYCHMERE (EUROPEAN), INDIANA-av. and 18th-st.—150 elegant outside rooms; reasonable rates. Tel. Main 8. MARK H. YORK, Mgr.

CONTINENTAL HOTEL, WABASH-AV. AND Madison-st., Chicago—American plan, $2 per day. Special rates by the week to regulars.

HOTEL WARREN, 3427 MICHIGAN-AV.—DElightful location, rooms, single and en suite, good board, low rates for summer home. Phone Hyde Park 1.

WISCONSIN HOTEL, 22 WISCONSIN-ST., ¾ block from Lincoln Park; permanent and transient guests; ideal summer resort. Tel. N. 1345.

FOREST HOTEL, ROGERS PARK—1ST CLASS family hotel; delightful location; moderate rates.

Suburban.

PLEASANT ROOMS WITH BOARD FOR LAdies and children in private family, 14 miles out; plenty of fresh milk, eggs, vegetables, etc.; $7 per week. Special rates for children. Address C 490, Tribune office.

THE NETHERLANDS, 1554 ASBURY-AV., EVAnston. Tel. 344. Large cool rooms, single or en suite; best possible location; large piazza; ideal summer home; family table; all conveniences; best service.

Summer Resorts.

COOL, QUIET, COMFORTABLE, WHITE LAKE Villa, overlooking White Lake, Michigan; boating, bathing, fishing; unexcelled table. Illustrated folder free. MRS. ELIZABETH BLAKE, Montague, Mich.

BOARDERS—LAKE RESORT IN MICHIGAN; private family; fine fishing, bathing; etc. For particulars address or call G. L. L., 1 W. Calhoun-st., Chicago.

FERNWOOD, SPRING LAKE, MICH.—FINE boating, bathing, fishing, and baths; 30 acres of natural woods; $1 per day. C 245, Tribune.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD—YOUNG GENTLEMAN DESIRES GOOD room and board in private family, north of Diversey-blvd., near Northwestern Ry. Address C 396, Tribune office.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—MICHIGAN-BLVD. AND 15TH-ST. NEW SOUTHERN HOTEL. EUROPEAN.

Everything new and up to date.
Electric light, hot and cold water in every room.
Choice outside rooms, $5, $6, $7, and $8 per week.
Rooms with private bath, $10, $12, and $14 per week.
Our popular price cafe for ladies and gentlemen cannot be excelled.
Easy walking distance. Telephone South 262.

TO RENT—6714-16 WASHINGTON-AV., ROOMS furnished or unfurnished; front and rear; clean; very near park, golf and tennis grounds; 3 modern, cozy houses, annexes, east front; yards, porches; excellent house cooking; $6 to $10. Phone Hyde Park 1523.

TO RENT—$3 A WEEK AND UP—EDINBURGH HOTEL, 2124 MICHIGAN-AV. ELEVATOR; ROOMS AND COLD RUNNING WATER; SUITES AND SINGLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH.

TO RENT—ROOM, ON LAKE-AV., ONE MINUTE Illinois Central; outside; new; hot and cold water; large closet; steam heat; private family. Address COOK, 3742 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—BEST ROOMS IN THE CITY, $3 PER week; private baths; meals if desired. The Crescent, 41st and Ellis; 1 block lake.

TO RENT—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED MODern; big porch; shade. 2632 Indiana-av. Phone 2328 Green.

TO RENT—COOL ROOMS, HOT AND COLD running water. The Lafayette, 10 E. 22d and 14 E. Harrison-st., 1 block south of the Auditorium.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED FRONT PARlor; also light housekeeping room; reasonable. 2512 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—TWO SMALL ROOMS, GENTLEmen preferred; refs. 3106 Lake Park-av.

TO RENT—3740 ELLIS-AV., DOUBLE AND SINgle rooms; running water; nicely fur.; good trans.

TO RENT—3747 INDIANA-AV., FLAT 5, NICE; furnished rooms, modern.

TO RENT—3235 MICHIGAN-AV., ELEGANTLY furnished rooms; cool, modern; best trans.; refs.

TO RENT—AN ELEGANTLY FURNISHED connected front and back parlor. 2227 Michigan.

TO RENT—WOODLAWN—EL. FUR. FLAT, OR rooms; I. C. 6266 S. 66th. BEACH.

TO RENT—26 IN. 30TH-ST., NEW, FINE COOL rooms; every convenience; day, week; reasonable.

TO RENT—3 ROOMS FOR LIGHT HOUSEKEEPing; no children. 6444 Yale-av., 2d floor.

TO RENT—3136 GROVELAND-AV., NICELY furnished front room; I. C. ¾ block, cable 1 blk.

TO RENT—4804 INDIANA-AV., FURN. PARLOR with alcove bedroom; modern; first flat.

TO RENT—FURNISHED PLEASANT FRONT room; near L station. 5301 Prairie-av., first flat.

TO RENT—OUTSIDE ROOMS, HOT WATER; rent reasonable. 4500 Vincennes-av., 2d flat.

West Side.

TO RENT—MODERN FRONT ROOMS; KITCHen privileges; parties employed. 56 Wood-st., cor. Washington-blvd. Phone 2181 West.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR TWO people employed; breakfast optional; good transportation. 137 S. Sawyer-av.

TO RENT—49 HAMILTON, NEAR JACKSON, rooms; private; conveniences; choice location; housekeeping optional.

TO RENT — 290 ASHLAND-BLVD., LARGE front room; smaller room; modern conveniences.

TO RENT—5815 PRAIRIE-AV., 2D, LARGE front rm., or double parlors; piano; mod.; private.

North Side.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED PARLOR FOR 2; board or light housekeeping. 521 Webster-av.

TO RENT—74 MAPLE-ST., HIGH CLASS, MODern rooms.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

North Side.

TO RENT—743 CLARK-ST., OPP. LINCOLN Park, large double room, connecting room, single room; every convenience; first class board.

TO RENT—MODERN, NEWLY FURNISHED double rooms, with running water. 485 Dearborn-av.

TO RENT—TWO CONNECTING FRONT ROOMS, light housekeeping; one block Lincoln Pk.; telephone. 718 North Park-av.

TO RENT—COOL FRONT ROOMS, NEAR THE lake; running water. 56 St. Clair-st.

TO RENT—HUXMANN'S HOUSES, 172 ONTARio, 18 Wisconsin, op. park; new fur. light rooms.

TO RENT—547 LA SALLE-AV., 12 MOD. NEWly furnished rooms; board optional; references.

TO RENT—20 ROSLYN-PL.—DESIRABLE FR. room; private residence; ¼ block Lincoln Park.

TO RENT—LARGE COOL ROOM WITH PRIvate bath; gentleman only. 454 N. State-st.

TO RENT—66 RUSH, APT. 51—BEAUTIFUL Turkish rooms; lake breeze; walking dist.; $5.

TO RENT—142 MICHIGAN-ST., NEAR CLARK. nicely furnished rooms; $1.50 week and up.

TO RENT — 90 LINCOLN PARK-BLVD., 2D flat north, cor. Erie; front rooms; reasonable.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT — ROOMS [INFORMATION CLEARing House]—Growing bigger and better all the time; this is our history in brief; eight years since we became specialist in conducting the only business of its kind in the west; its marvelous growth is proof that we meet the exacting requirements of home, room, and flat seekers in and around Chicago, giving time as minutiae as to furniture, architecture, surroundings, both interior and exterior. Batah Co., 801, 171 La Salle-st. Cent. 4543.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY GENTLEMAN, NICEly furnished room, with use of bath, between North-av. and Schiller, east of Clark; no other lodgers. Address C 334, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—YOUNG MAN, EXCEPtional good habits, wants select room south of 42d. Answer Room 37 Great Northern Hotel, today only.

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FOR SALE—MILLIONS OF FEET OF 2D HAND lumber, practically new, free of nails; all sizes; also 5,000 doors, windows, sash, closets, bathtubs, radiators, piping, valves, boilers, and engines, etc. Main salesroom and yard, 35th and Wentworth-av. Phone South 1384.

167 Dearborn-st.

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THE PAGE WOVEN WIRE FENCE CO. MANUfactures nearly 100 varieties of fencing; prices from 2 to 9 cents per running foot for ornamental and 45 cents per square foot for wrought iron fence. Write for estimates. AUSTIN CLEMENT, V. P., 200 Monroe-st., Chicago.

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WANTED—50 GOOD SECOND HAND WHEELS at once. Send description, terms, and lowest cash offer. Mead Cycle Co., 1243 Wabash-av.

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BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, ETC.

FOR SALE—SECOND HAND BILLIARD AND pool tables; we rent tables with privilege of buying. The Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 263 and 265 Wabash-av.

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WHAT HAVE YOU TO EXCHANGE FOR REMington typewriter? Address C 130, Tribune office.

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WANTED—OLD BOOKS ON MAGIC; GOOD prices. Address A 100, Tribune office.

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BEST OFFER TAKES FINE 25 FT. GASOLINE launch; 5 h. p. 312 E. North-av.

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BUSINESS MAN WITH RELIABLE CREDENtials and $5,000 to invest, can secure equity partnership with responsible corporation manufacturing exclusive product; enormous demand; no competition; 500% profit; investment absolutely safe; soon be worth $50,000; salary consistent with position. Address K P 183, Tribune office.

$5 VERY BRIGHT YOUNG GENTLEMEN AND ladies, with some money, for local dramatic company; excellent opportunity and good money for right parties; average sized people desired. Call Mon., Tues., Sat., Chicago Dramatic Co., 72 Auditorium Bldg., also call Tues., Wed., Fri., 2124 Michigan-blvd., Edinburgh hotel.

HAVE MODERN BRICK STORAGE WAREhouse, over 17,000 square feet; business well established and consistently growing; with push could be made to pay $700 a month; owing to sickness will sacrifice; may consider real estate, improved, first class vacant, for part. Address O H 512, Tribune office.

IF YOU ARE SEEKING CAPITAL FOR ANY meritorious enterprise don't fail to get our free booklets and plan for successful financing and issues. Corporations organized; charters secured. American Corporation and Securities Co., 13th Fl. Exchange Bldg., Chicago.

INVENTION—BIG MONEY TO THOSE WILLing to put capital into company to manufacture the greatest facial massage device ever put on market; death and skin blackheads instantly. Address C 139, Tribune office.

LEGITIMATE ENTERPRISES FINANCED, corporations organized, charters procured in any state, stocks and bonds guaranteed, sold on commission. Federal Securities Co., 506, 84 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS PHOTOGRAPH studio in San Diego, Calif.; this city has an ideal all the year round climate and is having a boom. For particulars call on C. LYCKBERG, Kiserhoff Hotel, July 21 and 22, until 4 p. m.

PROSPEROUS FOUNDRY BUSINESS NEEDS young man as manager, superintendent, to invest $7,000; has all work can turn out; earning 6 per cent; good office man for treasurer or credit man. Address C 505, Tribune office.

EXTRA GOOD OPENING FOR STRICTLY RELiable and sober young man, light mfg. business; exp. not absolutely necessary; small investment required. Hartford Building.

GOOD BOOKKEEPER — YOUNG MAN NOT over 30 years, who can take entire charge of an office and finances. Will want a small investment, but must be a hustler. C C 200, Tribune office.

WE HAVE AN EXCEPTIONALLY FINE OPENing for a grocery and saloon attached in a strictly Norwegian and Swedish neighborhood. Apply Manager, 227 and 229 W. 12th-st.

WE BUY AND SELL STOCKS OR BONDS OF legitimate enterprises. We organize and finance new corporations on commission basis only.

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SICKNESS COMPELS ME TO SELL BEST CIgar, periodical, and stationery store in city; best location; moneymaker; established 4 years; a rare snap. 215 S. 51st-st.

YOU HAVE $1,000 TO $20,000, LET ME PROVE TO YOU HOW TO TREBLE IT WITHIN A YEAR LEGITIMATELY, WITH PERFECT SECURITY. ADDRESS BUSINESS, 547, TRIBUNE OFFICE.

WANTED—A GOOD CAPABLE MAN WITH some capital to take charge of the financial end of an established business. For particulars address L., Mail and-St., Oklahoma City, Okla.

ENERGETIC MEN—ANYWHERE IN UNITED States, can make $2,500 to $3,000 with $1,000 and services, invested in manufacturing business being extended. Address C 64, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE GROCERY AND MARket, West Side; exceptionally fine fixtures and location; must be sold at once. Inquire S. B. ROGERS, 229 Madison-st.

FOR SALE—CANDY KITCHEN AND CIGARS; good location; must sell on account of leaving city. 308 E. 60th-st.

$10 UPWARD LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE—NATIONAL FINANCE CO., R. 431, 108 La Salle-st. Open daily till 6 p. m. Sat. till 1 p. m. South Chicago Branch, 9215 Commercial-av.

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LOANS—TO EVERYBODY ON SALARIES; FURniture, cheap. Suite 40, 110 and 121 La Salle-st.

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FIRE! FIRE CLAY STOVE LININGS, 3 MOIST bricks 30c at THE FAIR. Right thickness, trimming edges only required. Reline your own stoves.

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FOR SALE CHEAP—GOING OUT OF BUSINESS —Entire stock Adams Teaming Co., 12 young mares, horses; all sizes; fit any purpose; $25 up. 174 Adams-st., near Halsted.

CALL UP MONROE 1763 IF YOU HAVE A horse to sell and will take first class horseshoeing for the same. DAN McCARTNEY, Expert Shoer, 201 W. Van Buren. Will do business with you.

FOR SALE—THOROUGHBRED SADDLE MARE, powerful, fine jumper; excellent for heavyweight or lady; afraid of nothing; cheap. GEORGE HOCKNEY, McCormick Farm, Lake Forest, Ill.

FOR SALE—CANOPY TOP SURREY. CALL AT 1563 Carroll-av., first flat.

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE UNdersigned, as trustee for the bondholders of HENRICI CATERING COMPANY, a corporation, will receive sealed bids for all of the assets, including stock on hand, furniture, fixtures, and good will of the restaurant and business heretofore carried on at 71 to 75 Jackson-st., Chicago, by the Henrici Catering Company.

Bids must be accompanied with a certified check for ten per cent (10%) of the bid, and all bids will be opened at the office of Castle, Williams & Smith, 1030 Chamber of Commerce Building, on the 24th day of July, A. D., 1905, at 3 o'clock p. m.

Bidders are requested to attend at the opening of the bids. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

SAMUEL T. WHITE, Trustee,
155 Fifth-av., Chicago.

LIMITED AMOUNT 7% PFD. STOCK FOR SALE in exceeding profitable mfg. business in Chicago. Assets $150,000; liabilities only $5,000. Cannot fill orders fast enough. To increase output this stock is offered for sale at par to safer or better investment can be made in this city.

We have three presidents of corporations as directors. Strictest investigation invited.

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WISH TO BORROW $200,000, 5 YEARS, 6%; NO commissions; security first mortgage 26,000 acres hardwood timber lands; saw mill now in operation and another to be erected soon; 12 miles standard gauge steel tram and equipment, together with battery of 5 locomotives; conservative value not worth $500,000. Write for detailed description or call on manager, DR. HALL, 113 Adams-st.

NEED HELP TO PLACE STOCKS OR BONDS? We plan, write, design, print sales-compelling prospectuses, devise selling plans; prepare every sort business literature.

MUNROE & SOUTHWORTH,
Phone South 311. 1322-1326 Wabash-av.

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A YOUNG MAN WANTS HALF INTEREST IN real estate business; best ref. R A 21, Tribune.

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50c—THIS WEEK—50c.
PAST. PRESENT. FUTURE.
PROF. CHARLES, the distinguished Palmist and Clairvoyant, may be consulted by any one in trouble or doubt of any character concerning any matter of importance. Reunites the separated. Who brings this notice and 50 cents this week. At a glance this great master of secrets knows all; tells you the making guesses; he tells you to the point just what you want to know, what to do and to expect, regarding lawsuits, business will make your dreams and happy marriages with the one of your choice; removes all evil influences, in fact, everything. This special fee of 50 cents for one week only to give people in moderate circumstances who are troubled, discontented, or unsuccessful a chance to consult this great seer. Parlors, 103 State-st., in all cases guaranteed, or no fee accepted. Regular fee $5.00 and up. Hours, 10 a. m. to 6 p. m. Tuesdays and Thursdays, 10 a. m. to 9 p. m. Take elevator, corner of Oakwood. Take Cottage Grove-av. cars to 39th-st.

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$5.00 READINGS FOR $1.00—PROF. LEON HAS REMOVED TO
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Clairvoyant, palmist. Advice on all affairs, love, courtship, family affairs. Phone Calumet 7029.

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MANHATTAN STEAM DYE WORKS.
ALBERT MUSIL, Cleaners and Dyers.
1373 W. Madison-st. Phone Seeley 704.

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DAVID WEBER, THE EXPERT.
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H. STARR, 367 S. STATE. PHONE 3686 HARRIson, pays highest cash price for ladies' and gents' castoff clothing, sealskins, and furs.

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PARROTS, GUARANTEED TO TALK, $3.50 each; canaries, $2, guaranteed singers; birds and dogs of all kinds. E. C. VAHLE & BRO., 45 State.

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FURS STORED, REMODELED, REPAIRED, made to order. P. Frankel, designer and furrier, formerly with Chas. Adams & Bros., 96 E. Washington-st. Tel. Market 1229. Will send for them.

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CONFECTIONERY, FINE BONBONS, AND chocolates, famous throughout the United States. Send for wholesale and retail catalogue.
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LEARN MILLINERY, DRESS CUTTING, dressmaking, and ladies' tailoring. Start now for fall work. Our cut to order coat, suit, shirtwaist, and skirt pattern will make your dressmaking easy. McDowell School, 78 State-st.

VALENTINE'S SELF-CALCULATING SYSTEM is the latest invention in cutting; do not fail to examine it before going anywhere; patterns cut to order. SCHOOL, 753 Wells-st.

MADAM HUNT'S MILLINERY SCHOOL—BEST in city; positions furnished; indorsed by leading wholesale houses. 1140 Masonic Temple.

CLASS NOW OPEN TO TEACH FINE MILLInery for parties wishing positions in fall. Ryan Parlors, Suite 1101 Stewart Bldg., 92 State-st.

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SALARY LOANS—
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MADE WITHOUT ANY SECURITY.
Every man and woman in Chicago can get all the money they want on their PLAIN NOTE. NO INDORSER. Become independent. Pay in part. STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. NO ONE REFUSED MONEY. MASON INVESTMENT CO., 134 Monroe. Room 503, corner Dearborn. Tel. 3916 Cent. PRESENT THIS AD. IT IS GOOD FOR MONEY.

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SALARY $10 TO $500 LOANS " $ CHATTEL, or on endorsement; good security; quick. NATIONAL GUARANTY CO., Room 212 Temple Court Bldg., 226 Dearborn-st.

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LAWYERS.

CREDITORS' AGENCY, ROOM 19, 69 DEARborn—Every laborer and clerk in city should be relieved for collection on commission; quick work; reasonable charges; prompt returns. Phones Central 4629, Auto. 5068.

WE QUICKLY COLLECT WAGES, NOTES, rents, bills or over-due accounts. NO ADVANCE CHARGES. THE WILSON AGENCY, 109 Randolph-st. [Schiller Bldg.] Tel. Central 4623.

BILLS AND ACCOUNTS OF EVERY DESCRIPtion COLLECTED on commission; no advance charges. The Calumet Agency, R. 211, 59 Dearborn-st. Central 4013.

RESPONSIBLE LAWYERS HANDLE ALL LEgal business promptly at reasonable charge of The Legal Aid Association, 62 North Clark-st. Telephone Central 4260.

R. H. BEATTIE, LAWYER—CONFIDENTIAL cases; no notoriety; counsel free. 1015 The La Salle-st., opposite Board of Trade Building.

LEASEHOLDS.

FOR SALE—$125 TAKES A COMPLETELY FURnished modern 4 room flat if sold at once; great bargain; rent $28 per month. The Cummings, 51st and Grand-blvd., 5068 Washington Park-pl.

FOR SALE—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOMing house; best location on Dearborn-av.; no agents. Address X 168, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—7 ROOM, STEAM HEATED, FURnished flat; roomers pay rent; reasonable. 191 E. 32d-st., near Parkway.

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384 W. ADAMS-ST., FINE 12 ROOM BOARDING house. Will sell at sacrifice.

FURNISHED 14 ROOM BOARDING OR ROOMing house; will sell at sacrifice. 588 Adams.

LEGAL NOTICES AND PROPOSALS.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE GLUCOSE Refining Company—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Glucose Sugar Refining Company will be held at the office of the company, No. 15 Exchange-pl., in the city of Jersey City, state of New Jersey, on Tuesday, the first day of August, 1905, at 12:00 o'clock noon, for the election of directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
P. H. MURPHY, Secretary.
Chicago, July 20th, 1905.

LIFE INSURANCE LOANS.

LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES PURCHASED—Loans on same 6 per cent; endowment, tontine, and distribution policies discounted at 6 per cent; and higher cash and loan value than companies. JOHN W. FOX, 108 Dearborn-st. Tel. Cent. 1121.

MACHINERY.

NEW ELECTRIC MOTORS—
¼ h. p. Wagner; ½ h. p. Wagner,
2, 2½, 3, 4, and 5 h. p. Northern.
7½ h. p. Wagner, 220 volts, 3 phase.
To be sold at very low prices.
Marshall & Huschart Machinery Co., 62 S. Canal.

MACHINERY FOR SALE—$450. COMPLETE laundry outfit; boiler, engine, shafting, pulleys, hangers, belting, washers, ironers, extractor, stretchers, dry room, tubs, tanks, etc. 181 E. Division-st.

FOR SALE—CORLISS ENGINES, 10X24 HAMilton, 12x36 Allis, 14x42 Allis, 16x36 Sioux, 16x42 Allis, 18x42 Lane and Bodley, WHITEHEAD MACHY. CO., Orchestra Bldg., Chicago.

SOME ROAD ROLLERS, BRAND NEW, AT second hand prices. Some more bargains. Write or call us up. Contractors' Supply & Equipment Co., 1041 Colony Bldg. Har. 1907.

BOILER, 125 H. P., 72 IN BY 16 FT., COMplete; will sell for $200 f. o. b. cars, Clinton, Mich., if taken at once. F. E. PFANNMUELLER & CO., 1134 First Natl. Bank Bldg.

WE BUY OLD OR NEW LEATHER BELTING or pieces; clean and repair oil soaked belts. Leather Preserver Mfg. Co., 31 W. Monroe-st.

BARGAINS—60 H. P. PORT. FIREBOX, 60 H. P. Scotch Internal Fire; other machinery. L. D. POLLARD, 44 S. Jefferson-st.

FOR SALE—AUTOMATIC ENGINES, 30 TO 150 h. p.; slide valve engines, 4 to 100 h. p. The E. H. WACHS CO., 158 Indiana-st.

BLACKSMITHING, STEAM FORGING, CHAIN, pipe, tongs repaired, wagon axles welded. GRANGER'S, 31 Washington-st.

IF IN NEED OF POWER SEE THE RELIABLE White engines, 2 to 40 h. p. Witte Gas & Gasoline Engine Co., 49 S. Canal-st.

JULY SPECIAL—10 H. P. WHITE & MIDDLEton gas or gasoline engine, $225. LENNOX, 10 S. Clinton-st.

PUNCH PRESS WORK A SPECIALTY. FORT Dearborn Mfg. Co., 63-65 Crossing-st., near Elston. Tel. Monroe 1581.

FOR SALE—HOR. TUBULAR STEEL BOILER, 42 in. x 12 ft., in good condition, 34 new charcoal iron flues. See ENGINEER, 87 Clark-st.

22X48 CORLISS ENGINE; FINE CONDITION; cheap if taken at once. 239 Lake-st., Milwaukee, Wis.

SPECIAL MACHINERY, TOOLS, DIES, AND general Jobbing. E. FRANKE, 128 S. Clinton-st.

WELL EQUIPPED SHOP—RENT BY DAY OR hour, reasonable. Address W 282, Tribune office.

METAL SPECIALTIES, DIES, MODELS,

REAL ESTATE—NORTH SIDE.

JUST OPENED UP

A SUBDIVISION AT RIDGE-BLVD. AND MULLIGAN-AV., NEAR CAR LINE, R. R., AND EXTENSION OF N. W. "L." 5 CENT FARE.

Lots Only $250. Easy Terms.

Evanston-av. car takes you to the property.

MONEY LOANED TO BUILD.

Call for plat and free transportation.

ARTHUR C. LUEDER,
108 Dearborn-st.

REAL ESTATE—NORTHWEST SIDE.

WALTER W. WILCOX.
THE REAL ESTATE SHOPS.
IRVING PARK.

Elston-av. and Irving Park-blvd.
Elegant new family homes on 50 ft. lots fronting park; superior finish, material, construction, and design; $2,500 to $6,500; easy terms; real estate values.

FOR SALE—SELLING CHOICE LOTS ON BELMONT—DOUBLE YOUR MONEY.
ELECTRIC LINES, 3 TRANSFER POINTS.
BELMONT, CALIFORNIA INVESTION.
THESE LOTS ARE GOLD MINES.
COME OUT AND SEE THEM.
W. McCORMICK, BELMONT, CALIFORNIA.
ELSTON.

FOR SALE—HERE IS AN ABSOLUTE BARgain. A good 2 story brick, stone front, 5 room flats, on Talman-av. 50 feet front; price only $6,000; bargain. Don't fail to investigate this. LEWIS & CO., 1105 Milwaukee-av.

FOR SALE—JUST THE PLACE FOR POULTRY Northwest; have acre of ground [corner]; will build house and buildings to suit and sell to you cheap on easy terms. Address
WM. H. BUSSEY, R. 209, 59 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—3 BEAUTIFUL NEW HOUSES AT Irving Park, 7 to 10 rooms; modern and up to date. Lots 125 ft. deep. $4,650, $4,800, $5,000. Easy terms. KOESTER & ZANDER, 69 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—IRVING PARK, MODERN 9 ROOM 40 ft. lot; paved street; only $4,800; easy terms. KOESTER & ZANDER, 69 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—HOUSE OF 8 ROOMS AND BATH on brick foundation; iron fence; $2,300 if taken soon. 2437 Eberly-av., owner.

REAL ESTATE—MFG. PROPERTY.

FOR SALE— WAREHOUSE SITE.

COR. OHIO AND KINGSBURY-STS.

Close to business center. Containing 20,700 sq. ft. and having 236 feet of street frontage. C., M. & St. P. switch.
EDGAR M. SNOW & CO., Sole Agents.
101 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—OR TO LEASE—VACANT IN A central manufacturing district adjoining Union Stockyards, west of Halsted-st., south of 35th; suitable for all classes of industries; switch track facilities; will erect suitable buildings on fair leases; terms reasonable. For particulars apply to
WINSTON & COMPANY,
1414 First National Bank Bldg.

FOR SALE—MFG. PLANT, CLOSE IN; RARE loc.; trunk ry. and ter. trans. switches and sidings. Power buildings, cover half grd.; sacrifice. Other vac. 284 ft., switch; 400 ft. dock, and ry.; 2 acres, 5 a., switch; 6 a. and 800 ft. dock and rail. A. J. MONTAGUE, 115 Dearborn. Cent. 5012.

FOR SALE—FACTORY, DOCK, AND WAREhouse property, vacant and improved; all parts of the city; switch track property a specialty. S. B. MILLS & CO., 172 Washington-st.

FOR SALE— OR RENT—STEEL FOUNDRY, 60 x200; 5 acres on R. R.; gas and oil; 14c rate to Chicago; brick building; new and modern. Address C 285, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, TO CLOSE AN Estate, 50 and 52 Newberry-av., 61x100 ft.; desirable location for warehouse or factory. Address X 279, Tribune office.

REAL ESTATE—SUBURBAN.

FOR SALE—
MAYWOOD; 5C FARE.
¼ BLOCKS; $750 TO $1,125.
$50 CASH; $10 MONTH.
High on Desplaines River; BEAUTIFUL TREES. F. C. WOOD, 92 La Salle-st., Room 45. Main 5164.

FOR SALE—CENTRAL OAK PARK; ARTISTIC elegant, HIGH GRADE HOMES; 6 bedrooms; MASSIVE FIREPLACES; large porches; head floors; fine fixtures; cement; ½ shingle, siding, exterior; large lots; best hill; ALL DIFFERENT; $7,000, $1,000 down. 240 Wesley-av. 231 N. Eastst.

FOR SALE—MAYWOOD—5C FARE.
¼ block, $1,000; $50 cash, $10 month.
High on Desplaines river. BEAUTIFUL TREES. F. C. WOOD, 92 La Salle. Room 45. Main 5164.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL, GLENCOE HOUSE, near lake; 10 large rooms, finest oak throughout; 2¼ acres, a. front, bordering ravine; large barn; shrubbery, gardens.
VANDERCOOK & MURRAY, 153 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—OAK PARK—BE A CLAM, AND own the house you live in; 6 of them, all built by Hoyt; elegant street, block west of north Austin-av. "L" station. "Ask the man" this afternoon.

FOR SALE—HAVE HOUSE AND SEVERAL BEloneing in Irvington, Oak Park, River Forest, Maywood; 5c fare; very reasonable prices and terms; might exchange; no com. W 98, Tribune.

FOR SALE—AUSTIN—NEW, MODERN MODEL homes, $4,250 and $4,500; $250 cash, $25 month. Will sell cheap. Owner on premises.

FOR SALE—50 FT. ON ASBURY-AV., EVANSton; price low; terms easy. WALTER J. DWIGHT & CO., 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—OAK PARK HOUSES AND LOTS; rents. THOS. H. GALE, 705 Tacoma Bldg., 131 La Salle-st., or opp. Oak Park sta. Lake-st. "L."

FOR SALE—WILMETTE. CHOICE SOUTH front 75x176; excellent location. $25 buys it. If sold this week. DRURY BROS., Tacoma Bldg.

FOR SALE—ONE ACRE TRACTS, HILLS, trees, streams, and springs, natural parks; good suburban service. MONSON CO., 134 La Salle.

FOR SALE—SOUTH MAYWOOD; OWNER GOing to California; modern, new house; shade; Aurora-Elgin electric. 1701 S. 3d-av.

FOR SALE—DOWNER'S GROVE—8 ROOM house, cheap; make offer. C 466, Tribune office.

REAL ESTATE—OTHER CITIES.

FOR SALE—ROOMING HOUSE, IN NEW YORK, half block from Pennsylvania Station; furnished rooms, earning $150 month above expenses. Write F. HOGINS, 53 W. 25th-st., New York.

REAL ESTATE—SUMMER RESORTS.

FOR SALE—
GO TO ROUND LAKE RESORT, THE POPULAR Michigan summer resort, for the rest and pleasure afford to go. Lots for sale from $15 to $40 each and on easy terms; also 20, 40, and 80 acre tracts of timber and fruit lands near the lake. Also cottage to rent or for sale. Write for booklets.
F. MARSH, Owner, Allegan, Mich., or E. J. SHAW, Round Lake Resort, R. F. D. No. 1, Bravo, Mich.

REAL ESTATE—FARM LANDS.

FOR SALE—40 ACRE FRUIT FARM, TOWNship of Gangea, Allegan Co., Mich.; 2½ miles from Dunkly Wms. pier; modern house, water heat; poultry yard and outbuildings; in first class condition; surrounded by beautiful grove; very desirable and reasonable for family resort. JULIUS THOMAS, R. R. 1, Fennville, Mich.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—FOR CLEAR IMproved property, 40 acres, three miles from Ind., overlooking the golf grounds and the lake; 7 room house, all underpinned, and good cellar; 2 barns, hennery, large orchard, small fruits; a bargain if taken at once. Address W. F. B., R. F. D. 1, Knox, Ind.

FOR SALE—STAKE OUT YOUR FORTUNE in North Dakota; garden spot of the Mississippi valley; grows anything with a little work and richest grasses without work; finest land for $12.50 an acre, for further particulars write to E. J. BOYD, 121 La Salle-st., Chicago, Ill., or Mandan, N. Dakota.

FOR SALE—A FREE HOUSE—
20 buyers of our farm and hardwood timber lands in Polk, Barron, and Clare counties, Wis. For particulars call or write Knoblauch Farm Land Co., 115 Dearborn-st., Suite 207.

FOR SALE—BUY DIRECT FROM OWNER—79 a. income fruit farm near Paw Paw Lake; 3,000 bushel peach crop, value $125 a.; great bargain if sold quick. Address Box 22, Coloma, Mich.

FOR SALE—IOWA FARM, 480 ACRES, TWO miles town, level, fine, heavy soil, fair improvements, price $42.50. Write A. T. WHERRY, cashier, Swea City, Ia.

REAL ESTATE—COUNTRY.

FOR SALE—A MONEY MAKING INVESTMENT —1,000 acres pine lands in Mississippi; near railroad town; about 12,000,000 ft. of good merchantable pine on portion; tract will make excellent farms when clear; well watered; pure running water; splendid stock farm. Write for particulars if you mean business. Price $5.00 per acre.
STEPHEN PECK & CO.
605 Commercial Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL VIRGINIA ESTATE on the James river, 20 miles from Richmond; finest estates in Virginia, to be sacrificed for $20,000; house alone worth more; land rich; magnificent trees; 1,000 acres; 3 miles Wanton, Va. Call for full particulars-address A. H. EWING, Moss D., Caroline Co., Va.

FOR SALE—40 ACRES, GOOD 7 ROOM HOUSE, variety of fruit bearing, spring in pasture, cows included; $1,000; part cash.
Chicago address, 84 Adams-st.
DOWNING & CASE, Paw Paw, Mich.

FOR SALE—SMALL FARM IN VILLAGE OF Lombard, twenty miles from Chicago; surrounded by magnificent large trees, abundance of fruit, running water, grand soil; a beautiful place; 38 trains daily. Address X 562, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—FINE 40 ACRES INDIANA, WITH buildings, orchard, stock, implements; price $1,600; terms. 624 W. 63d. Phone Went. 34.

FOR SALE—1,000 ACRES, TEXAS, $5.50 ACRE; timber will bed $10 per acre; near town.
THOMPSON, 739, 159 La Salle.

FOR SALE—TEXAS LAND; 640 ACRES; FOLEY county, on Rio Grande, at sacrifice. Address C 97, Tribune office.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—FOR CASH CUSTOMERS, 2 STORY and basement apartment buildings and farms in which we can make desirable exchanges.
F. BECHT, 304, 115 Dearborn-st., Cent. 3133.

WANTED—WEST SIDE IMPROVED PROPERty; we have cash buyers and can make quick sale; call at once. L. & COHEN, 513 Jefferson-st.

WANTED—WILL PAY CASH FOR BARGAIN IN 6 or 8 flat brick.
C. F. SCHULTZ,
Room 1208 Chamber of Commerce.

WANTED—WE ARE THE QUICKEST CASH buyers for improved or vacant city property.
HALLMANN & CO., 1204, 134 Washington-st.

WANTED—NORTH SHORE RESIDENCE; state lowest; $15,000; owners answer. Address C 84, Tribune office.

WANTED — MODERN RESIDENCE, SOUTH 50 foot lot; will pay $5,000 cash if cheap.
THOS. COOKE & BECK, 145 La Salle-st.

WANTED—TO BUY—MODERN COUNTRY RESIdence of from 10 to 12 rooms. House must be surrounded by not less than 20 acres of land; must be accessible to steam railroads and electric car lines, and not over 30 miles from courthouse. In answering give full particulars, exact location of premises, and lowest cash price. Address A 77, Tribune office.

WANTED—WE BUY AND SELL VACANT AND improved real estate at Beverly Hills, Longwood, Tracy, and Morgan Park; Blue Island ridge property our specialty. J. WM. HOWARD & CO., 160 Washington-st.

WANTED—WEST AND NORTH SIDE FLATS. We have a great demand for 2 and 3 story flats and believe we can sell your property if reasonable in price within one week after listing same.
OLIVER L. WATSON, 100 Washington-st.

WANTED—FROM OWNER, HOUSE OR FLAT building in West Side south; pay half cash; give price and full particulars; might buy vacant. Address W 95, Tribune office.

WANTED—WEST SIDE, 6 FLAT BLDG., FOR cash; client would consider business property showing good income.
WHITESIDE & WENTWORTH, 140 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE. WE pay cash for your property; quick action. SOUTHARD & TRAVERS, 3505 Cottage Grove-av. Telephone Douglas 704-705.

WANTED—10 ROOM HOUSE, SOUTH OF 43D, east of State, in exchange for cottage, with 25 ft. lot, north of 31st.
HOLTON, SEELYE & CO., 204 Dearborn.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

FOR EXCHANGE—SPECIAL—A FINELY IMproved 2,000 acre stock farm in South Dakota; Grant Co.; good land; $10,000 worth improvements; $10,000 worth of stock; price $50,000; clear; want good Chicago city property to exchange for.
J. V. MINK, Elgin, Ill., Exclusive Agent.

EXCHANGE—FOR CHICAGO PROPERTY, 200 acre imp. dairy farm, good buildings, and all, 3 miles from railroad town; Central Wisconsin, $6,000; clear.
JOSEPH ROSEPAL,
Necedah, Wis.

WANTED—A GOOD PIECE OF INCOME PROperty for clear farm in Indiana, near Chicago, worth $11,000.
WHITESIDE & WENTWORTH. 140 Dearborn-st.

CHOICE EQUITIES IN MODERN FLATS FROM $25,000 to $80,000 each; trade separately or together for farming lands; liberal deal.
HOLTON, SEELYE & CO., 204 Dearborn.

FOR EXCHANGE—45 ACRES IN NORTH SHORE district, north of Glencoe and east of Northwestern ry.; prefer clear improved. Address L E 545, Tribune office.

EXCHANGE—$2,500 EQUITY, FRAME FLATS. West Side, pay 10% net; will take vacant lots or choice vacant lightly incumbered.
WM. H. BUSSEY, R. 209, 59 Dearborn-st.

FOR EXCHANGE—HUMBOLDT-BLVD. CLEAR $4,000 corner lot for clear improved.
REGELIN, JENSON & CO., 105 Washington-st.

GOOD IMPROVED FARM FOR STOCK MERchandise.
OLE OLSON, Frankfort, Ind.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

WE LOAN ON VACANT AND IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.
Special inducements on building loans.
We have for sale first class mortgages from $1,000 to $10,000, secured on new brick and stone homes, in the best residence streets of Chicago; suitable for trust funds. Send for list.
JOHN P. MARSH & COMPANY,
1020 TRIBUNE BUILDING.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO AND CHOICE SUBURBAN real estate at lowest rates; no commission. BUILDING LOANS MADE. PREPAYMENT PRIVILEGES. NO DELAY. as WE pass upon security. SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS ON MODERN BRICK stores and residence property in sums of $5,000 to $10,000 at 5 per cent. Liberal terms to BROKERS. QUINLAN & TRESON, 79 Dearborn-st.

H. O. STONE & CO.,

10 phones, all Main 539. 206 La Salle-st.
NO COMMISSION. NO DELAY. LOANS ON CHICAGO and suburban real estate; lowest rates.

REAL ESTATE LOANS
WITHOUT COMMISSION
SPECIALLY ADVANTAGEOUS
PREPAYMENT PRIVILEGES.
BUILDING LOANS.
WM. C. HEINEMANN & CO.,
92 LA SALLE-ST.

WE MAKE 2D MORTGAGE REAL ESTATE loans on improved property.
CHICAGO LOAN & DISCOUNT CO., Suite 912, Fort Dearborn Bldg., 134 Monroe-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON VACANT AND IMproved, city or suburban, in small or large amounts, at lowest rates.
J. WM. HOWARD & CO., 160 Washington-st.

JENNINGS REAL ESTATE LOAN COMPANY,
First National Bank Building.
MAKES BUILDING LOANS IN 24 HOURS.

LOANS — NO COMMISSION; WE BUILD houses, flats, etc., to suit on your vacant, furnish money and plans free and complete; easy payments. BOWES & GARRIS CO. [BUILDERS], 91 Dearborn-st.; established 1879.

MONEY TO LOAN
ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY
from 4 to 6 per cent.
according to amount of security.
A. H. KINKAID & CO., 107 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN—
Prompt attention to all.
Building loans and special privileges.
MADLUNG & EIDMANN,
402 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR SALE—MORTGAGES WELL SECURED BY REAL ESTATE.
$1,000—6 years at 5¼ per cent.
$10,000—5 years at 5 per cent.
MADDEN BROS., 204 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—$7,500 LOAN; WILL GIVE FULL title to fine brick building in city now renting for $2,700, and will pay back on large monthly payments. Will make it worth while to lender. Address C 85, Tribune office.

LOW RATES IMPROVED PROPERTY—
Very favorable terms; exceptional facilities for building loans.
E. G. PAULING, 132 La Salle-st.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES
ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.
R. PRINDIVILLE, R. 710 Chi. Stock Exchange.

WE'LL PAY YOU INTEREST ON TAXES, OR debts and take 2d mortgage on income property to secure advances. Loans made in 24 hours.
U. S. INVESTMENT CO., 204 Unity Bldg.

WANTED—$1,500 ON 7 ROOM BRICK COTTAGE, stone foundation, lot 30x160 ft., for 5 years, 6%, no commission; private party preferred; property worth $5,000. Address K P 157, Tribune office.

REAL ESTATE LOANS—AMOUNTS TO AT lowest current rates; 6% to 4½% on central business property.
F. A. BARNES & CO., 145 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED REAL ESTate. SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS ON BUILDING LOANS. PROMPT ATTENTION.
S. W. STRAUSS & CO., 144 La Salle-st.

LOANS— LOWEST RATES.
HENRY H. WALKER & CO.,
201 Tacoma Building.

GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS,
83 AND 85 DEARBORN-ST.
LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE. LOWEST RATES.

CHICAGO SAVINGS BANK — CHICAGO SAVings Bank Bldg. — State and Madison-sts., Chicago. Loans on Chicago real estate at current rates. Building loans made.

FIRST MORTGAGE LOANS ON APPROVED Chicago real estate promptly made by the Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company.
O. S. FIFIELD, Mgr., 138 Adams-st.

WANTED—LOAN OF $3,000 ON 8 ROOM MODern brick and stone front residence on boulevard near Garfield Park, for 3 years, 5½% interest; no commission from owner. Address K P 156, Tribune office.

$200 TO $2,500 ON VACANT OR IMPROVED city or suburban property at lowest rates. See me first. ARTHUR C. LUEDER, 108 Dearborn-st.

JOHN E. COLNON & CO., 90 WASHINGTON-ST. Loans on real estate; best terms; no delay. We pass on security. Building loans a specialty.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY AND SUBURBAN real estate at lowest rates.
E. TWEART & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES; LOANS for building our specialty. ADOLPH PIKE & CO., 6th floor, 108 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO AND SUBURban real estate; repayment monthly
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 34 Clark-st.

HAENTZE & WHEELER, TRIBUNE BLDG., MAKE REAL ESTATE AND BLDG. LOANS. FIRST CHOICE MORTGAGES FOR SALE.

REYNOLDS & ROSE
Make loans on Chicago real estate at lowest rates.
822 TRIBUNE BUILDING.

TO LOAN—5% MONEY IN SUMS OF $1,000 TO $5,000, on city residence property. No delay.
A. H. KINKAID & CO., 107 Dearborn-st.

$200 TO $50,000 TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE. Building loans, $1,000 to $10,000.
A. C. TISDELLE, BANKER, 94 La Salle-st.

REAL ESTATE LOANS AT LOWEST PREVAILing rates. Building loans wanted. No delays.
KOMMRELL & VONDORN, Bankers, 73 Dearborn.

MONEY TO LOAN—$3,500, ON CITY IMproved. JAMES A. McLANE & CO., 100 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY REAL ESTATE AT lowest current rates. NEWELL & LEONARDSON, 1008 E. 61st-st. Open evenings.

CALLISTUS S. ENNIS & CO., 122 MONROE-ST. Money to loan on first mortgages at lowest rates. Mortgages for sale from $1,000 up.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at lowest rates; building loans. W. C. KINNEY & CO., 189 La Salle-st.

SECOND MORTGAGE LOANS PROMPTLY made; easy terms; personal rates. Henry & Robinson, Chicago Opera House, 112 Clark-st., R. 504.

MONEY TO LOAN AT CURRENT RATES ON Chicago improved real estate. FRED MILLER, s. e. cor. 5th-av. and Madison-st., Security Bldg.

LOANS MADE ON CHOICE REAL ESTATE AT lowest rates; building loans made.
HENRY W. HOWE & CO., 146 La Salle-st.

ADAMS & FOSTER, 99 WASHINGTON-ST., have special fund to loan at lowest rates on Chicago real estate.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES ON IMproved Chicago real estate security.
JOHN B. KNIGHT & CO., 99 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN—
On city property at lowest rates; prompt service.
MADDEN BROS., 204 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED REAL ESTate at current rates of interest.
WM. D. KERFOOT & CO., 85 Washington-st.

EDGAR M. SNOW & CO., 101 WASHINGTONst., loan on Chicago improved real estate at lowest current rates; no delay; we pass on security.

GEO. W. COBB & CO., 167 DEARBORN-ST.—Money to loan on mortgages at lowest rates.

WANTED—LOAN OF ABOUT $600, SECURED by Oregon timber land. Address C 116, Tribune.

LOANS — NO COMMISSION; BUILDINGS erected; complete plans free. A 512, Tribune.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

PEABODY, HOUGHTELING & Co.,
Established 1865.
Room 1105.
119 Monroe-st.,
First National Bank Bldg.

Real estate loans of every kind and size made without delay at low rates and best terms.

MONEY TO LOAN WITHOUT COMMISSION OR attorney's fees on Chicago real estate, with privileges of paying all or part of principal before maturity and stopping interest. Borrower sees payments credited on note and pays interest only on the balance due.
BUILDING LOANS made on short notice. Personal attention given to large and small borrowers.

THE COLONIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK
Formerly Rose & Co.
N. E. CORNER LA SALLE AND ADAMS-STS.

Cochran & McCluer
107 Dearborn-st.

Make loans on improved and vacant property; also building loans at lowest rates; quick service; prepayment privileges.

Baird & Warner,
90 La Salle-st.

Loans promptly placed on city and suburban property. Building loans. Lowest rates.

TO RENT HOUSES.

North Side.

TO RENT—AT MODERATE RENTAL—
TEN AND TWELVE ROOM PRIVATE RESIDENCES IN THE
McCormick Theological Seminary grounds on Chalmers-pl., Belden and Fullerton-ave. between North Halsted-st. and Seminary-av. Excellent location. Churches and schools in immediate neighborhood. Fullerton-av. station on of the Northwestern Elevated railroad on west end of grounds.
Lincoln-av., Fullerton-av. and Halsted-st. surface lines pass the property.
Apply to
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., RENTING AGENTS.
34 Clark-st. Telephone Main 1015.
Or at office of seminary. Telephone North 1098.

TO RENT—ELM-ST., ATTRACTIVELY FURnished 9 room house; immediate possession; $75 per mo. by year.
MRS. E. W. CASE, 29, 107 Dearborn-st.

Suburban.

TO RENT — 733 FOREST-AV., EVANSTON— Large 10 room house, all conveniences, large veranda, fine shade, barn, 5c fare.
F. P. VOSS, 1347 Marquette Bldg.

Summer Resorts.

TO RENT—SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE, INland lake, near village, 116 miles; quiet, restful. Address C 281, Tribune office.

TO RENT—7 R. COTTAGE, BATH, $80 FOR MO. of Aug. C. B. CONGER, Ottawa Beach, Mich.

WANTED—HOUSES.

WANTED—TO RENT—IN KENWOOD, BETtween 47th and 51st-sts., Kimbark and Drexelblvd., first class private residence; all modern conveniences; immediate possession. Address C 219, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—FOR 2 OR 3 YEARS AND privilege of buying, 9 room modern house; large grounds; any suburb w. of Chicago; $40 per month. Address C 219, Tribune office.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—N. W. COR. DREXEL-BLVD. AND 45th-st., 3 separate apartments of 7, 8, and 10 rooms; 3 baths; solid mahogany finish; every modern convenience. Apply to attendant at building, or to
J. WORTHINGTON, 301 E. 45th-st.

TO RENT—677 E. 64TH, NEAR DREXEL, 3D flat, 6 light rooms, modern, fine; reduced $28.50; terms, 272 E. 42d, cor. Evans, 1st flat, 6 light rooms, modern, choice; only $27.50.
McMINN, 101 Washington-st.

TO RENT—LENOX FLATS, 3 ROOMS, $16; 4 rooms, $18; steam, hot water, bathrooms, ranges; neat, convenient; near I. C. Ry. Office, 3537 Cottage Grove.

TO RENT—FINEST 8 ROOM FLAT, ALL LIGHT outside rooms; very choice location; 6515 Kimbark-av. If you want a very nice flat, see this. Address J L 565, Tribune office.

TO RENT—5, 6, 7, AND 9 ROOM APARTMENTS in new bldg.; everything first class; fine finish. Mich.-av. and 48th-st.

TO RENT—FLATS, $10 AND UP; HOUSES, $25 to $200. Also bargains for sale. Call on
E. D. BALDWIN & CO., 167 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—2D AND 3D 6 ROOM FLATS; BEST on street; all hardwood; outside light; large yard. Call 3d flat, 4149 Calumet-av.

TO RENT — NICELY FURNISHED, 8 TO 8 room flats, beautiful location on the lake shore; $18 to $30. Call today, 4521 Lake-av.

TO RENT—4 R. FURNISHED FRONT FLAT, $35; also 3 r. and bath furnished flat, outside rooms, $25; steam; all conveniences. 2663 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—THE MONTEREY, 63 E. 29TH-ST., 5, 6, and 7 rooms; steam; $16 to $23. W. F. PAINE, 217 La Salle-st. Tel. Harrison 1564.

TO RENT—4 AND 5 R. FLATS IN THE McKINley Bldg., located 4 and 39th, including steam heat, hot water, all modern. Apply office of bldg.

TO RENT—1 AND 3 ROOM FLATS; ARTESIAN water, elevator, phone S-19; all outside rooms; 15 min. out. 215 E. 63d-st.

TO RENT—5946 EGGLESTON-BLVD., BLOCK EAST of L station, 7 room modern flat, only $35. KOCH & CO., 95 Washington-st.

TO RENT—OREGON APTS., 1520 MICHIGAN-blvd., 3 to 5 rooms; finest in city.

TO RENT—4454 COTTAGE GROVE, 6 ROOM flats, $22.50; modern building.

TO RENT—4-5 ROOMS; $17-$21-$22-$25; STEAM, hot water, elevator, etc. 3105 Calumet-av.

TO RENT—3731 LANGLEY, FINE 4 ROOM flat, $21; 8 rooms, $30; bargains; steam, etc.

TO RENT—3623 ELLIS PARK, $25, 5 R., STM., n. w.; beautiful parks; open. 3601 Ashland Block.

TO RENT—6 ROOMS; BATH AND GAS RANGE. 6514 Drexel-av.

TO RENT—$32.50; STEAM, 7 ROOMS, 2D FLAT. 1009 E. 56th-st. Inquire 1067.

West Side.

TO RENT—¼ BLOCK FROM LAKE-ST. "L," n. w. corner Park-av. and Paulina-st., 6 and 7 room apartments, $30 and $30 month. All light and modern. See janitor. Phone 4857 Central.
FRED'K H. HARTLETT & CO., 100 Washington.

TO RENT—4 ROOM, 1ST FLAT, 1446 N. Leavitt-av., fine condition and location. Phone 4857 Central. FRED'K H. BARTLETT & CO., 100 Washington-st.

TO RENT—RENT FREE—WHIPPLE-ST., NEAR Jackson-blvd., store with 8 room, steam heated flats; reduced rents; ONE MONTH FREE.
WM. H. BUSSEY, R. 209, 59 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—1179 JACKSON-BLVD., 2D; 7 ROOMS and barn; $28; newly decorated; gas, bath. Owner, 45, 92 La Salle-st. Main 3164.

TO RENT—$8 AND $9—NICE 4 ROOM LIGHT front flats. See janitor, 953 W. Van Buren-st.

North Side.

TO RENT—THREE ROOMS AND BATH, BREWster Bldg., 1888 Diversey-blvd., overlooking lake and Lincoln Park; beautiful cafe on top floor. Why keep house when maids are so exasperating? Rent includes elevator service. A 400, Tribune office.

TO RENT—
Modern 3 room flat, 854 N. Clark, corner Oak; bath, gas, range, janitor, etc.; $23.50. F. M. BOYD, 122 La Salle-st., Room 905.

TO RENT—VERY DESIRABLE EIGHT ROOM apartment in The Walton, Clark and Locust-sts.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO.

TO RENT—4 ROOM MODERN APARTMENTS, new bldg., 1347 Ainslie-st.; close to Sheridan-drive; 3 blocks north of Wilson-av.; every room light; very reasonable rent. Apply office of bldg.

TO RENT—2 CHOICE ROOMS AND BATH; semi-basement; 1 blk. from lake; 3 blks. Wilson L sta.; cheap to right person. FOX, Evanston and Wilson-avs.

TO RENT—1235 LAWRENCE-AV., NEW MODern 4 r. flat; special price. Apply 4 to 6.

TO RENT—489 EVANSTON-AV., NEW 4 ROOM flat; all modern conveniences; special concession.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—MODERN 7 ROOM FLAT, FURnished, for board of couple; references. Address B 73, Tribune office.

TO RENT—STORES.

South Side.

TO RENT—STORES IN THE DONOHUE & Hennesberry Building, 407-429 Dearborn-st.; steam heat.
THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY,
152 Monroe-st.

TO RENT—1254 MICHIGAN-BLVD., UNDER new Southern Hotel, store, 19x40, with light and heat; fine location for automobile supplies. Apply at hotel office.

TO RENT—FOR FIRST CLASS SALOON, FROMant, in best downtown location. CAMPBELL INVESTMENT CO., 614-620 Royal Insurance Bldg.

TO RENT—CORNER BASEMENT, N. E. COR. Clark and Van Buren-sts. 412 Traders Bldg.

TO RENT—REAR HALF OF CIGAR STORE; fine show window. 70 Washington-st.

TO RENT—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

Offices.

TO RENT—OFFICES AND STOCKROOMS SUITable for manufacturers' agents and specialties; all modern conveniences; location central. Garden City Block. Phone Main 1514. Room 309, 56 5th-av.

TO RENT—ROLL DESK, FREE STEN. SER., free unlim. tel., Bradstreet's; $10. 401 Ashland Block.

TO RENT—ASSOCIATION BLDG.; 2 DESIRable, light offices. Address 742 1st Nat. Bk. Bldg.

TO RENT—OFFICES IN THE PULLMAN BLDG. Apply to Agent, Room 725 Pullman Bldg.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE OFFICES IN DEXTER and Baltimore Buildings. 88 Adams-st.

TO RENT—SUITE, PRIVATE OFFICE, OR DESK room; every convenience. V 490, Tribune office.

TO RENT—GOOD DESK ROOM; CHEAP. 257 Monadnock Block.

Floors and Lofts.

TO RENT—FLOORS—340-342 DEARBORN-ST. We have 15,000 square feet in the newly remodeled Medill building, central location, very light; will rent as a whole or part; steam heat, new passenger and freight elevator; ready for occupancy July 15; will rent at fifty cents a square foot.
WINSTON & CO., 1414 First Nat. Bank Bldg. Central 1453.

TO RENT—TWO DRY BASEMENTS, 600 AND 1,200 ft., on 5th-av., together or separate; suitable for storage; with use of steam elevator. Call telephone 1514 Main. 56 Fifth-av., Manager of building.

TO RENT—FLOORS—4,000 SQUARE FEET each; power, heat, passenger and freight elevators. 42 W. Quincy-st., near Clinton.

TO RENT—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

Manufacturing Property.

TO RENT—AND FOR SALE—FACTORY, DOCK, Warehouse, and switch property.
J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & CO., 164 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—AND FOR SALE—FACTORY DOCK, warehouse, and switch property. E. W. ZANDER & CO., 114 Dearborn-st. Phone Cent. 1480.

TO RENT—BUILDINGS.

TO RENT—
25-27 North Clinton-st., new, modern six story and basement building, 60x150; mill construction; corner of alley; fine light; large shipping platform in rear. Passenger and freight elevators. Suitable for manufacturing purposes. Rent reasonable.
H. O. STONE & CO.,
Tel. Main 339. 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—BUILDINGS—
N. E. COR. LAKE AND FRANKLIN.
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., 148 La Salle.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO RENT — BUILDINGS, STORES, AND floors in all parts of the city. Send for list.
WILLIS & FRANKENSTEIN, 115 Dearborn-st.

STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES.

NATIONAL CASH REGISTERS BOUGHT, SOLD and exchanged. Second hand registers, as good as new, at one-half regular prices. Cash or time. Cash Register Exchange, 108 S. Madison-st.
A. J. THOMAS, Prop.

FULL LINE OF DESKS, FILING CABINETS, etc.; old fixtures taken in trade. Call or telephone Harrison 4946. Chicago Safe and Misc. Co., 253-257-259 S. Clark-st., near Jackson.

CASH REGISTERS AT GREAT BARGAINS; WE also buy and exchange. Repairing and replating promptly attended to. The Western Second Hand Cash Register Co., Inc., 195 E. Madison-st.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF NEW AND 2D hand office and store fixtures; lowest prices in the city. See us first if you care to save money.
F. CASEY'S SONS, 41-47 5th-av.

DESKS, NEW FULL LINE CHAIRS, FIXTURES, etc., carried in stock; call or telephone. H. A. OTTS & CO., 108 La Salle-st. Tel. Main 2709.

NEW AND SECOND HAND STORE AND OFfice fixtures bought and sold.
JAC. LEDERER, 372-376 Wells-st.

FOR SALE—SAFE, DESKS, OFFICE PARTItions, etc.; complete outfit, all fine condition. Call 185 Fifth-av., 3d floor.

SEWING MACHINES.

DO NOT BUY OR RENT A MACHINE UNTIL you visit our salesroom. Our Eldredge Rotary is now on the market. To try one is to buy it. Our improved Eldredge shuttle machines from $25 to $30, are still leaders, and our B Eldredge Automatic, from $40 to $50, are the most silent running and finest stitching machines made. All marked machines repaired reasonably. National Sewing Machine Co., 78 Wabash-av. Phone Central 2208.

SAFES.

FOR SALE—THE LARGEST STOCK OF NEW and second hand safes in the city. We are agents for the Hall's Safe Co.'s safes. They are the best in the market. DONNELL SAFE CO., 52 and 54 Wabash-av.

OUR SPECIALTY IS SECOND HAND SAFES; we buy and exchange them; new safes from $15 up. Sabath Safe and Lock Co., 138 E. Lake-st.

STUTTERING AND STAMMERING.

STAMMERING AND ALL IMPEDIMENTS IN speech cured at Chicago Vocal Institute, 163 State-st., 3d floor. Send for booklet. Hours, 9 to 6.

CHICAGO SCHOOL OF SPEECH CURES STAMmering, etc.; patronized by teachers, lawyers, and doctors. Pamphlet free. 245 Wabash-av.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

SECURE OUR PRICES BUYING OR SELLING Electric Ry., Telephone, Mining, Industrial, and other stocks and bonds. MARK T. LEONARD & CO., Stock Brokers, 1001 Stock Exchange Bldg.

SCALES.

FOR SALE—TEN TON FAIRBANK WAGON scale, with timbers, very cheap. Address O H 546, Tribune office.

TYPEWRITERS.

TYPEWRITERS—RENTED AND SOLD.
Some great bargains; all makes.
Rent one month; rent applied if sold.
Call and examine large variety or send for catalogue. ROCKWELL-BARNES COMPANY,
267-269 Wabash-av., Chicago.

CHICAGO OFFICE OUTFITTING CO.
Phone Main 2425. 84-86 La Salle-st.
Bargains in all makes of typewriters. Oliver, Remington Premier

TALK OF INDICTING SWIFT

HARVESTER COMPANY PLANS TO PUSH PROSECUTION.

Clarence S. Darrow, Counsel for the Big Corporation, Says Charge of Conspiracy to Defraud Will Be Made Against the Former Trusted Employe—Man Released on Bonds by Judge Clifford Pending Hearing on Habeas Corpus Proceedings.

Attorneys for the International Harvester company, it is announced, will attempt to secure the indictment of Rodney B. Swift, the company's former confidential patent agent, by the Cook county grand jury. Conspiracy to defraud the corporation in connection with the purchase of patents from Artemus Hadley of Indianapolis and of others whose identity is not made known will be alleged.

According to the declaration of Clarence S. Darrow, attorney for the harvester company, Swift's alleged defalcation from the company totals $150,000. Civil suits to recover part of this sum will be started today.

The announcement that the harvester company will attempt to secure the indictment of Swift was made yesterday by Mr. Darrow, following the release of Swift on bond by Judge Clifford, pending the arguments in habeas corpus proceedings to be heard on Aug. 28. The man was arrested last Thursday night, charged with being a fugitive from justice from Indiana, where he was indicted last week on the charge of defrauding Hadley out of $25,000.

Preparing Evidence for Jury.

During the last week Mr. Darrow has been engaged in working up evidence to present to the grand jury against Swift. One report was that the case already has been considered, but this was denied by Assistant State's Attorney Olson as well as by officers of the harvester company.

"Even if Rodney B. Swift entered into a conspiracy to defraud his employers," said Mr. Darrow, "there is some doubt whether he can be extradited, as he really committed no crime in Indiana. If guilty of anything, it is of being an accomplice to the conspiracy carried out by his brother, Willis C. Swift.

"We have evidence against Swift in several cases, where he purchased patents at a lower price than that reported to the company. In all these instances he worked through his brother, Willis C. Swift, now said to be in Europe, who went under the name of H. C. Chatfield."

From an authoritative source it was learned last night that suits to recover in the neighborhood of $60,000 from Swift will be started today. These are independent of the action to recover money filed some time ago.

"I will not discuss the contemplated legal proceedings," said C. S. Funk, general manager of the harvester company. "Anything I might say now would be premature. I do not care to deny the report that we are going before the grand jury to try to indict Swift."

Discovery Is Made by Chance.

It developed yesterday that the discovery of Swift's alleged defalcation was by the merest chance. Until last February his employers had faith in his integrity. At that time there was a lawsuit against the harvester company on trial in an Indiana court. Artemus Hadley was called upon as a witness. His testimony gave a clew to the company's officials.

"I do not care to discuss the case," said H. T. Gilbert, Swift's attorney. "We will make startling revelations when the proper time comes. Swift is not a fugitive, and never was one."

ALLEGED POOLROOMS RAIDED.

Police Close Four Places and Arrest Forty-five Persons on Charges of Gambling.

Four alleged poolrooms were raided yesterday and forty-five persons arrested. The places raided and the names given by the persons arrested follow:

Patrick O'Malley's saloon, 421 Clark street, John Stevens, operator—W. R. Allen, J. Binghemar, W. A. Jackson, L. Andrews, W. E. Smith, G. Sanders, T. Washington, John Turner, Charles Miller, Ernest Fredricks, John Morris, J. Gordan, A. Wilkins.

Van Buren hotel, Van Buren and Sherman streets, T. S. Martin, operator—Frank Johnson, Nick Friend, J. Woods, W. Cleveland, Frank De Forest, J. Campbell, John Memories, William Kent, John Duck, L. R. Meyers, George Jones, Charles Jamieson, Thomas J. Ward, John Jones, Thomas Lawson, J. W. O'Neill, Thomas Walters, James Doyle, John Thomas, Eugene Ambrey, Dick Walls.

At 2846 State street, F. C. Lewis, operator—Harry Johnson, John Morris, F. C. Williams, Frank Cook, and Al Chaley.

At 6335 Halsted street, George McGrond, operator—W. J. Bryant, Joe Rogers, and D. J. Davis.

Two telephones were taken out by the police, one from the saloon at 6335 Halsted street and the other from the Van Buren hotel.

"This is only a beginning," said Assistant Chief Schnettler. "Give me plenty of men and I can give the gamblers an awful run. For three months I have had almost no detail at all. Almost every man has been doing strike work, and with the police force of Chicago riding around on wagons the hand bookies have been doing a rushing business. They have had their fun, now I am going to have mine."

THREE MORE FOURTH VICTIMS.

Death at Green Bay, Wis., Brings the Total of Fatalities for the Country to 111.

The deaths reported yesterday bring the total of fourth of July celebration fatalities to 111 for the country.

The Dead.

BEIGEL, LEONARD, Poughkeepsie, N.Y., died of lockjaw; injured by dynamite cracker on July 4.

JELLY, LOUIS, 14 years old, Green Bay, Wis., died of lockjaw; injured by explosion of cartridge on July 4.

PARLOVIX, VICTOR, Steelton, Pa., died of blood poisoning; injured by cartridge on July 4.

The total of deaths in Chicago as the result of the celebration is thirteen.

"Bero-Formalin" (Elmer & Amend) used as a tooth and mouth wash in the morning leaves the mouth sweet and pure all day.

WORTHLESS MONEY IN USE

"WILDCAT" NOTES MAKE TROUBLE FOR MERCHANTS.

Bills Issued by a New Jersey Bank Before the Civil War and Obtained from Silas C. Stevens, a Curio Dealer in Dearborn Street, Are Circulated by a Gang—Government Powerless to Interfere, as the Crime Is Against the State.

At least $20,000 of "wildcat" money, issued by the New Brunswick State bank of New Jersey before the war of the rebellion, is being circulated throughout the United States, and especially in the territory adjacent to Chicago.

According to the United States secret service men hundreds of bills of various denominations have been passed by swindlers, who give them to small storekeepers in payment for merchandise. The passage of three $20 notes of the spurious money has been called to the attention of the department during the last week.

Although the laws against counterfeiting are stringent, and the punishment for their violation severe, the United States government has no jurisdiction over cases where worthless money is passed. According to Capt. Thomas L. Porter, head of the secret service bureau in Chicago, the crime is that of obtaining money under false pretention, an offense against the state and not against the federal government.

Complaints Are Received Daily.

Daily cases of small merchants being swindled by the sharpers who circulate the money are reported to Capt. Porter. In almost every case the money passed is of the New Brunswick issue. It is sold by Silas C. Stevens, a curio and coin dealer at 69 Dearborn street. Stevens does not deny that he handles the money. He says he sells it for what it is, and that he does not care to what use it is put after it passes out of his hands.

Bills of the $2 denomination bear a close resemblance to United States money, and hundreds of this denomination are daily being circulated as real money. Although the $20 notes are utterly unlike the federal issue, little trouble has been found in getting small merchants to accept them. P. Schroeder, 1257 Wellington avenue, reported to the secret service men that he was given one of these bills, and that when he presented it at the bank he found it worthless. Two cases also were reported from Racine, Wis., and one from Milwaukee.

Five years ago, according to Capt. Porter, he seized $13,000 of the spurious money found in the possession of Stevens. The dealer sued to recover the notes, and was successful, the court holding that the United States government had no case. The judge also said that as long as he sold them without misrepresentation he committed no crime.

Fixes Price and Asks No Questions.

Stevens has a regular schedule of prices. For the $2 bills he charges 60 cents apiece. Seven cents is asked for the $1 notes and 60 for the $20 and $100 bills. When bought in quantities these prices are greatly reduced.

"Some of my customers," said Stevens, "buy two bills of each denomination and paste them together. This is particularly true of the $20 and $100 bills. I do not know why they do this, as I never ask questions."

OBJECT TO NOISY AUTOMOBILE.

Protest Is Filed with the South Park Board by Residents in Michigan Avenue.

Residents in Michigan avenue have appealed to the south park commissioners in an effort to have the travels of a slow running but exceedingly noisy machine in the thoroughfare discontinued.

The automobile, it is declared, makes regular trips at night between the White City and the Sherman house. Those who have made complaints to the commissioners declare the machine "makes so much noise and is filled with such noisy passengers that it is impossible to get a decent night's sleep.

The park commissioners are investigating the matter and declare they will stop the alleged nuisance if it is within their power.

Only two automobile "scorchers" were arrested in Evanston yesterday. C. A. Youngren, 57 Maple street, and W. Bostrom, 250 Seminary avenue, were fined $15 and costs each by Justice Boyer.

"I can't dispute the statement of your official timer that I was going twenty miles an hour," said Youngren, "because I had a cinder in my eye and couldn't see the speedometer."

ENLARGING HOSPITAL AT FORT.

Work Begun on Addition Which Will Make Institution Largest of Its Kind.

Work was begun yesterday on an addition to the Fort Sheridan hospital, which, when completed, will make the institution the biggest and best equipped soldiers' hospital in the United States. The addition, which is to cost $19,000, is to be built of pressed brick and stone. It will contain two contagious wards with a capacity of thirty-six beds. The air in the building, by the use of the apparatus now being installed, can be changed every half hour. Several physicians, attendants, and nurses have been added to the hospital staff, and an X ray apparatus has been installed.

Wife Disappears with $2,000.

Matthew Reinsdach of Hammond, a packing house employé, has asked the police to seek his wife, who disappeared last Monday, after drawing $2,000, their savings, from a bank. She had been married twenty years and left behind five children.

LOW RATES TO COLORADO

Via Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.

Only $30 Chicago to Colorado and return every day this summer. Return limit Oct. 31. Two through trains every day from Union Station, Chicago, to Union Station, Denver, via Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul and Union Pacific Line. Leave Chicago 6:05 p. m., arrive Denver 9:30 p. m. next day. Or, leave Chicago 10:25 p. m., arrive Denver 7:50 a. m. the second day. 95 Adams street.

Santa Fe

Colorado Flyer

It's a new train and in truth a "flyer."

You leave Chicago 9:00 a. m. today. You reach Colorado next noon.

Only One Night Out.

Electric lighted Observation and Drawing-room Pullmans, Buffet-Smoker, and Chair-car, Chicago to Denver via Pueblo and Colorado Springs, for one hundred miles near the mountains.

Block signals and a dustless track.

Harvey Dining-car and Dining-room meals.

Very Low Round-Trip Excursion Rates This Summer

Our other Colorado trains leave Dearborn Station 6 p.m. & 10 p.m.

Ask Santa Fe agent, 109 Adams St., Chicago.

Have the Home Beer Pure

Whatever you drink outside, let your home beer be Schlitz. That is pure beer. No bacilli in it — nothing to make you bilious.

Beer is a saccharine product, and germs multiply rapidly in it. The slightest taint of impurity quickly ruins its healthfulness.

We go to the utmost extremes to prevent that. Cleanliness is a science where Schlitz beer is brewed.

We even cool the beer in plate glass rooms, in nothing but filtered air.

Then we filter the beer. Then we sterilize every bottle.

And Schlitz beer is aged. The beer that makes you bilious is green beer.

When you order beer for your home, get the healthfulness without the harm. Get a pure beer - get an old beer - get Schlitz.

Phone Monroe 878
Jos. Schlitz Brewing Co.
Ohio and Union Sts., Chicago

Ask for the Brewery Bottling.

See that the cork or crown is branded

Schlitz

THE BEER THAT MADE MILWAUKEE FAMOUS

1

SUMMER RESORTS. WESTERN.

On Lake Michigan and Sheridan Drive

Ideal for rest and all out-of-door recreations.

Thirty-five minutes' ride on Chicago & Northwestern Ry.

North Shore Health Resort

WINNETKA, ILL.

Modern European equipment, diet and care for the successful treatment of

CHRONIC RHEUMATISM
NERVOUSNESS
DIGESTIVE DISORDERS
DIABETES
HEART DISEASE

INSPECTION INVITED. WRITE FOR BOOKLET.

RESORT INFORMATION

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE will keep constantly on hand a large supply of literature concerning resorts advertised in its columns; also time cards, special rates, and other printed matter of interest to resorters.

Special information regarding particular resorts, distance from Chicago, rates and transportation, will be furnished on request.

Inquiries may be made by mail, stating as fully as possible location and nature of resort about which information is desired. Address:

BUREAU OF TRAVEL AND RESORTS.

Or circular matter may be obtained by calling at

ROOM 542, TRIBUNE BUILDING.

Fountain Spring House

WAUKESHA, WISCONSIN.

A delightful summer resort hotel, 2½ hours' ride from Chicago. Solidly constructed of stone and brick—all modern conveniences—fine golf, tennis and all outdoor sports free to guests. Splendid orchestra—table and service of the highest class. The famous Fountain Spring is part of the hotel property.

J. C. WALKER, Manager.

WAUKESHA

offers unequaled advantages to Chicago Business Men and their families. Elegant hotels, beautiful parks with music, delightful drives and life giving waters at your service. 40 trains daily from Chicago. Two and one-half hours' ride. You want to know about it. Write for booklet.

W. R. FRAME, Secretary,
Care National Bank, Waukesha, Wis.

Virginia Hotel

Rush and Ohio Sts., CHICAGO
European plan. 400 rooms.
Transient and permanent.
Special Rates for Summer
Long known as the home of Chicago's best people. Ten minutes walk to theatres and shopping center. Winter reservations now being made.
GEORGE W. REYNOLDS, Prop.

MUDLAVIA

This great resort open the year round. Combine rest, health and pleasure for your vacation. Only a few hours' ride from Chicago, near Attica, Ind., junction Chicago & Eastern Illinois and Wabash railroads. Nature's greatest cure for Rheumatism, Gout, Kidney, Skin, Bladder, Stomach and Nervous Diseases. For beautifully illustrated Magazine and all information, address H. L. KRAMER, Gen. Manager, Kramer, Ind. 471.

HOTEL MARSLAND

SOUTH HAVEN, MICH.

Near the beach; boating, bathing, orchestra. Electric lights and running water in all rooms; private baths. Service and cuisine a specialty. Booklet. STEWART & STEWART, Props.

LUDINGTON, MICH.

The Resort City.

Ten large hotels; surroundings, accommodations and prices suited to all classes of persons. Encampment M. N. G. August 8-18. Address

E. D. WEIMER, 510 Ludington-av.

The Pennoyer Established 1857

Kenosha, Wis., between Chicago and Milwaukee on the North Western R. R. Finest health resort and sanitarium on Lake Michigan. Beautiful surroundings—a mile of lake shore. For illustrated prospectus address Pennoyer & Adams, Managers.

Waukazoo Inn on Macatawa Bay, Holland, Michigan

Rates $8 to $10 per week. Grounds consist of 600 acres of natural forest. Finely wooded lots for sale. Prices from $100 to $1,000. Transportation: Graham & Morton boats or Pere Marquette R. R. Address

J. C. EVERETT, 126 Clark St., Chicago.

THE ANGLERS' HOTEL AND THE NEW CLEETHORPE'S VILLA European and American plan. Okauchee Lake, Okauchee, Wis. Cleethorpe's Villa to rent in part or whole; furnished or unfurnished. Hotel, $1.50 per day, or $7 to $10 per week; best and cheapest in locality; livery and barber shop in connection; boats, bait and fishing tackle. W. A. LACY, Prop.

SUMMER RESORTS. WESTERN.

HIGHLAND PARK

On the St. Joseph River, 2 miles from St. Joseph—pleasant place for summer outing. Now open; board and rooms first-class. Address G.E.O. F. FULLER, Highland Park-av., St. Joseph, Mich. Telephone 291.

EASTERN.

THE LARGEST AND FINEST LOCATED
ROYAL PALACE HOTEL,
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

Directly on the beach front, with 300 large, cool rooms, commanding an ocean view. Fresh and sea water in all private and public baths. The most extensive sun parlors of any resort hotel. Orchestra. Casino, with tempered sea water swimming pool; bowling, and all other amusements connected with hotel. Special July and season rates.

LYMAN J. WATROUS, Mgr.
CHAS. B. PRETTYMAN, Owner and Prop.

THE FAMOUS **STOCKTON HOTEL**
Cape May, N. J. Center of social life and gaiety. New Cafe, Palm Room and Amusement Hall. Victor Johnson's Full Orchestra.

CONGRESS HALL
Facing the sea. Quiet, refined, elegant, homelike. Orchestra. Guests have privileges of all Stockton hops and amusements free. Rates, both houses, $15 to $30 per week; $2.50 to $5.00 per day. Special rates on application. H. M. CAKE.

HOTEL EARLINGTON
RICHFIELD SPRINGS N. Y.
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